

THE NAPANEE

Vol. LVII No. 22—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY

W. T. BAIRD

ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR

of Trinity Methodist Church.

Teacher of Piano, Organ, and Voice Culture.

A few Pupils more will be accepted.

Studio :—Dundas Street. 38tf

MONUMENTS!

Markers, Posts,
Latest Designs.

WORKMANSHIP
GUARANTEED

Place your order now and have
a Monument erected this
spring.

The Napanee Marble Works
MARKET SQUARE.

DOXSEE & CO.

On Sale Tuesday,

April 9th.

Six dozen Brassieres ranging
in price from 75c to \$1.00
sizes 36, 38 and 40.

Sale price, 50 cents

MILLINERY

Hats to suit every face and
every purse. Headquarters
for stylish head wear. Many
New Models and Exclusive
Styles not shown elsewhere.

Neckwear and Corsets our
Specialty.

The Leading Millinery House

NOTICE!

5000 Muckrate Wanted

War Summary of The Latest Events

In Palestine and in Mesopotamia British armies continue to advance steadily, capturing many prisoners and much war material. The night bulletin from the War Office tells of fighting in Palestine east of the Jordan, where the fortified enemy positions on the hills south of Es-Salt were stormed along a front of a mile and captured. By nightfall the British cavalry were within two miles of Es-Salt. When the despatch was sent 260 prisoners had been brought in.

In Mesopotamia the advance toward Mosul has become a pursuit of the fleeing Turks. They are making twenty miles a day in their retreat, but that does not save them from the onslaughts of the British cavalry. On Monday, it is announced, twelve additional field guns were captured, and the number of prisoners reported now totals over 1,800. The confident way in which General Marshall's army is following up the fleeing enemy would seem to indicate that the Turkish leaders have drained Mesopotamia of troops for the campaign in Armenia and Transcaucasia, and that little resistance is anticipated when Mosul is reached. There may be a closer connection than appears on the surface between the dash for Mosul and the campaign of extermination the Turks are waging against the Armenians. Some time ago there was heavy fighting at Van, in Southern Armenia, in which the Armenians and some Russians, who were helping them, captured the town. The shutting off of munitions from Transcaucasia, as a result of the Turkish successes there, would probably leave the Armenians of the South without means of self-defence. Were an Anglo-Indian army in occupation of Mosul, with good lines of communications to the Persian Gulf, the munitioning of the Armenians would be an easy task, and the men who are fighting grimly with meagre resources to prevent the extermination of their race would be encouraged to fight on. The Arabs, also of the Hedjaz State, who were greatly impressed by the capture of Bagdad and Jerusalem, and are now cordially co-operating with the British armies in clearing the Turk out of the Syrian Desert, would regard the occupation of Mosul as the first step toward the linking up of the British fronts in Mesopotamia and Palestine, and the throwing up of a wall of defence between them and their former oppressors. This co-operation between the Moslems of the desert and the British troops is the best evidence that could be obtained of the failure of the Sultan of Turkey to

implement his proclamation of a "Holy War" against Britain and her Allies.

On the Lys battlefield there have been no infantry actions of any importance during the past twenty-four hours. The German artillery has been active against the back areas in the Bethune sector, and the French positions around Loos have been heavily shelled. Correspondents tell of the continuous shelling of Kemmel Hill by the British and French guns. Reuter's correspondent states that unless the enemy can push on, the hill-top may become a deathtrap instead of a point of vantage.

The volcano on the Somme smokes, but there is as yet no eruption. Reports from Paris tell of lively bombardments in the region of Montdidier, south of the Avre. On the British front between the Somme and Avre all is quiet.

In Macedonia the engagements in the bend of the Cerna continue. Enemy reconnaissances there have been repulsed, and the detachments taking part in them dispersed. The Allied artillery and bombing aviators are busy, and the signs multiply of a forward movement of the Serbs and French on that part of the front between Monastir and the Vardar.

The German press calls upon the Austrians to begin their offensive in the Alps. General von Ardenne, in The Berliner Tageblatt, says that "while the German people await a revival of the fighting activity there with confidence, they also await it with impatience." A few victories in the north of Italy would be very welcome just now to the men whose business it is to keep up the morale of the German people. The reluctance of Austria to get into the blood-bath with her ally angers the Germans, who had evidently hoped for a diversion of part of the Allies' strength in France to meet an Austrian attack upon Italy. That attack may come soon, but for the moment no forward movement is possible. The passes have been blocked by an abnormally late and heavy fall of snow, and the floods that will follow must subside before Austria hurls her army down into Venetia and Lombardy.

DENBIGH.

The frame dwelling house of Oscar Rutan on the Denbigh-Griffith Road was destroyed by fire with nearly all contents last Saturday afternoon. Mrs. Rutan and the children were alone at home, her husband being away river-driving on Hydes Creek near their farm. When she noticed the fire the garret and roof was all ablaze and all she succeeded in saving was her sewing machine and a few trifling household articles. When a few neighbors arrived they also could do nothing. Mrs. Rutan supposes that the fire started from a spark which escaped from a defective stovepipe in the garret, and lodged in some inflammable article. There is no insurance on either building or contents. The fam-

CENTREVILLE.

The continued cold weather is keeping the farmers very backward in their sowing.

The funeral of the late J. Breault was held on Wednesday in the Roman Catholic cemetery here, and the remains were placed in a coffin in the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, Monday morning, after an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. Whalen, Chippewa, has moved to Thomas Timmons' place.

There is much agitation in the village over all the young boys being called out for military service.

The kitchen shower held in the hall here on Wednesday night for Thomas Dewey and his bride was a great success.

The cheese factory has opened for the season.

Patrick Kearns is in Toronto visiting his daughter.

NORTHBROOKE.

Gardening and seeding is the order of the day since spring weather is over.

Mr. Wm. Both had his big cut wood sawed this week.

Mrs. Hillier is spending a week with her grandson, Mr. C. Thompson.

We are very sorry to lose Mrs. I. Moon who left on Friday for her home in Mactier.

Mr. Marshal Preslar and son H. old brought a big drove of oxen cattle back to the Preslar Homestead on Wednesday.

Mrs. Art Perkins made a business trip to Tweed this week.

Mr. Charlie Clark, Tweed, visited Northbrooke one day this week.

We are glad to see Mr. Kenn Ellis able to be around again after several weeks illness.

We are all very sorry to lose Stanley Wheeler and family who are moving to Cloyne. Mr. Wheeler is always ready with a helping hand, what we lose others gain.

A number from here attended sugar social at Cloyne on Friday night and all report a good time.

ROBLIN.

A large crowd attended the Ladies Aid on Tuesday afternoon at Parsonage.

A number from here attended funeral of Mr. Tom Kimmett, at bank, on Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Moss and Hazel, Tamworth, spent Sunday at Mrs. Lasher's.

Miss Burd Hughes was the guest of Miss Lily McCutcheon on Sunday.

Misses Aleda Young, Dorothy Ross and Mr. Ross Sills, Napanee, spent the week the guest of Volney Woods.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McCon motored to Kingston on Monday.

Mr. Frank McCutcheon purchased new Chevrolet car.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. O'Rourke, daughter, of Tamworth, called at E. Mr. Garratt's on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clare Hinch, Hiram, spent Sunday with her parents, and Mrs. Wm. Paul.

Mr. A. Kimmett and Mr. and Mrs. V. Oliver, Hiram, spent Sunday

VALUABLE BRIDGE STREET PROPERTY

Styles not shown elsewhere.
Neckwear and Corsets our
Specialty.

The Leading Millinery House

NOTICE !

5000 Muskrats Wanted

Highest Price
Guaranteed

Also bring your Beef Hides
and other Skins. Deal direct
with

W. G. PAUL,

Office Paisley House Block,
Phone 191. Market Square
151-p

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office—Winnipeg.

Capital (authorized)..... \$6,000,000

Capital (paid up)..... 1,431,200

Rest and Undivided Profits \$848,544

DIRECTORS.

President—Capt. Wm. Robinson.

Vice-President—John Stovel.

W. R. Bawlf, A. McTavish Campbell,

Sir Douglas Cameron, K.C.M.G.

E. F. Hutchings, Geo. Fisher.

General Manager—Robert Campbell.

Special Care given to Savings Ac-
counts.

Savings Bank Department at all
Branches.

A General Banking Business Tran-
sacted.

W. J. WIGGINS,

Manager Napanee Branch.

Don't Forget !

I am open to buy all kinds of
**Grain Seeds and Beans,
Hay, Straw and Potatoes,
in small or Car Lots
AT TOP PRICES.**

And have For Sale

**Flour, Bran, Shorts, and Mixed
Feeds, Meal, Oil Cake, and
Cotton Seed.**

OUR NEW GROCERY

One Door West, is nicely stocked
with First-Class Goods.—A call
will repay you.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

Soldiers' Comfort Kits \$1.75. Ask
to see them at WALLACE'S.

In clearing the Turk out of the Sy-
rian Desert, would regard the occupa-
tion of Mosul as the first step to-
ward the linking up of the British
fronts in Mesopotamia and Palestine,
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VALUABLE BRIDGE STREET PROPERTY

FOR SALE BY TENDER

W. J. Campbell offers his Bridge St.
property for sale by tender in two
parcels. The east 55 ft. frontage by
166 ft. depth, upon which is built the
residence and sleeping-out cottage to
be parcel No. 1. The west 36 ft.
frontage upon which is built the barn
to be parcel No. 2. This makes a
good building lot for a modern home.
Tenders for the above property will
be received up to May 15th.

There is no better building location
in Napanee. The house is equipped
with all modern conveniences. There
is a good garden and beautiful shade
trees. With the house is included the
electric fixtures and window shades.
Property may be inspected by ar-
rangement with Mrs. Campbell, phone
165.

Tenders to be mailed to Hamilton.
In disposing of property consideration
will be given to tenders received early.

Address tenders to

W. J. CAMPBELL.

Care The G. W. Robinson Co. Limited
Hamilton, Ont.

SEED POTATOES

Early Irish Cobbler Seed Potatoes,
from registered stock, government in-
spected, true to variety, and free from
all diseases in the field, except scab.
\$2.50 per bag.

Davies Warrior Late Potatoes, sim-
ilar to above, the new variety of late
potatoes, imported from Scotland,
and has given the heaviest yield at
Guelph of any variety of potatoes.
Grown from registered seed, a small
quantity at \$2.50 per bag.

Apply,

G. B. CURRAN,

Ontario Department of Agriculture,
Napanee.

was destroyed by fire with nearly all
contents last Saturday afternoon.
Mrs. Ruttan and the children were
alone at home, her husband being
away river-driving on Hydes Creek
near their farm. When she noticed the
fire the garret and roof was all ablaze
and all she succeeded in saving was
her sewing machine and a few trifling
household articles. When a few neigh-
bors arrived they also could do nothing.
Mrs. Ruttan supposes that the
fire started from a spark which escap-
ed from a defective stovepipe in the
garret, and lodged in some inflammable
article. There is no insurance on
either building or contents. The family
has found a temporary lodging in
a vacant building belonging to Mrs.
Ruttan's father, Thomas Dool, which
has been made fairly habitable.

Mr. Wm. Warlich has started opera-
tion with the steam sawmill he late-
ly bought from Mr. J. S. Lane. His
supply of custom logs is not near as
large as it generally has been other
springs, as owing to the late prop-
rietors illness all winter it was very
uncertain if the mill would be run at
all this spring, and many local
customers who need lumber had
enough did not begin to get out any
logs until the roads were near break-
ing up.

Maple sugar and syrup making is
for this season a thing of the past.
The results of the season were about
a fair average yield.

Our farmers are now very busy with
their springs seeding, or with getting
their land ready for seeding and
planting. Owing to late snowstorms
and the continuous cold weather only
a very small percentage of the intend-
ed amount of spring seeding has so
far been done, though every one aims
at increasing the production of his
lands as much as possible this season.
The scarcity of hired farm help
will also be severely felt here, es-
pecially if some more of our farmers'
sons who have first been exempted
should yet be called to the colours.

Mr. Chas. Both spent a few days
on business in Cloyne and North-
brook and renewed some old acquaint-
ances near his former place of resi-
dence.

Adolph Warlich, of Saskatoon, Sask.,
has arrived at his old home, and in-
tends to remain here this season to
assist his stepfather, P. Stein, who
has not been in very good health
lately, with his farming operations.

Clerk's Office, Napanee, April 11, 1918.
BOOKS ! BOOKS !

Wallace's Drug Store sells 2 oz.
Blaud's Improved Iron Pills 25c.,
Mother Seagram Syrup 15c. per pack-
age, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil 20c.,
3 lbs. Sulphur 25c., 6 lbs. Cattle
Salts 25c., English Epsom Salts 5c.
package, Rexall Epsom Salts 10c. per
can, 3 packages Dyala Diamond or
Turkish Dye 25c., 3 packages of 15c.
envelopes (while they last) 25c., \$1.00
bottles of Howard's Beef Iron and
Wine 75c., 6 bars overseas Chocolates
25c., large bar of Castile 35c. Every-
thing fresh and good at WALLACE'S
Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

Miss Lily McCutcheon on Sunday.

Misses Aleda Young, Dorothy Ro-
son and Mr. Ross Sills, Napa-
spent the week the guest of
Volney Woods.

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and Mrs. Wm. Paul.

Mr. A. Kimmitt and Mr. and M.
V. Oliver, Deseronto, spent Sunday
A. Kimmitt's.

Sunday callers:—Mr. A. Graham
Mr. A. McCutcheon's; Mr. T. R.
mond at Mrs. A. Kimmitt's; Mr.
Kimmitt at Mr. H. Bradshaw's;
M. McCutcheon at Mr. Crai-
Forest Mills.

CENTREVILLE

A heavy thunder storm passed
this district on Monday evening,
no damage has been reported.

Very little seeding has yet
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The recent heavy frosts have
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a number of them in this vicinity
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nearing completion and will be
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Autos are getting very com-
here, new ones appearing every we-

There is quite an amount of s-
ness through here but none very s-
ous.

Rumor says a couple of weddi-
soon. Guess who?

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here on Monday evening accompa-
by wind and rain. No harm is
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so helped the pasture which is
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Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dowling sp-
Sunday at Read, Tyendinaga,
guest of their daughter, Mrs. Mic-
Heffernan.

Mrs. Jas. Shire is very poorly
present. Slight hopes are held
for her recovery. We hope for
speedy recovery.

Mr. Thos. Shire got exempted
a time on account of the illness
his mother.

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to the village on his farm in Cam-

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pen for Leo Flynn.

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Napanee attending the funeral of
brother, the late Matthew Quinn.

Miners and prospectors are ret-
ing with the opening of spring
the fine weather.

Mrs. Jas. Byrnes has returned fr-
Gosport to spend the summer at
own home here.

Mr. T. McMullen called in our vi-
ity one day last week.

Farmers are busy seeding. We h-
they may be amply rewarded for
labors.

Housecleaning is in full swi-
Making garden will be the next
order.

CAR NUMBER LOST.

No. 90429-19818 lost on Kings
Road. Will finder kindly leave
with E. S. Lapum, Napanee, and
ceive reward.

Butter Paper

Printed and packed in

25 Cent Packages.

The Express Printing House.

NAPANEE EXPRESS

\$1 per year in advance, \$1.50 if not so paid.
., CANADA—FRIDAY, MAY 3rd, 1918.

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The continued cold weather is leaving the farmers very backward with their sowing.

The funeral of the late John Breault was held on Wednesday last, Roman Catholic cemetery here. He and the remains were placed in the died in the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, on Monday morning, after an operation for appendicitis.

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ROBLIN.

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A number from here attended the funeral of Mr. Tom Kimmitt, Marlbank, on Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Moss and Hazel, of Amworth, spent Sunday at Mrs. D. Asher's.

Miss Burd Hughes was the guest of Miss Lily McCutcheon on Sunday. Misses Alada Young, Dorothy Robinson and Mr. Ross Sills, Napanee, spent the week the guest of Mr. J. J. Woods.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McConnell returned to Kingston on Monday. Mr. Frank McCutcheon purchased a new Chevrolet car.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. O'Rourke and daughter, of Tamworth, called at Rev. C. Garratt's on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clare Hinch, Hinch, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Paul.

Mr. A. Kimmitt and Mr. and Mrs. Oliver, Deseronto, spent Sunday at

ODESSA.

Miss Wagar, New York, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Babcock.

Luke Fisher, who is a student in the Toronto Dental College, arrived home last week.

Mrs. Cresley, Kingston, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Henzy.

John McCormack, late of Texas, arrived home a few days ago to visit his people before enlisting for overseas. It is twelve years since he left and, having decided to do his bit, preferred going as a Canadian. Consequently he was allowed to spend a short time with his mother and brother before leaving.

Charles Emmons, who has been living in Kingston for some time, is moving in the store terrace on Main street. He has purchased his old home from Noble Bond and eventually will settle there.

Charles Decker has purchased a residence on University avenue, Kingston, and will occupy it in the near future.

The annual I.O.O.F. service was held in the Methodist church last Sunday afternoon. Rev. I. Bedford delivered an eloquent sermon, and the church was crowded, many from other places attending.

The Odessa Dramatic Club gave a concert at Yarker on April 19th for the Yarker Red Cross branch. The proceeds at the door amounted to over one hundred dollars. Oscar Babcock had the misfortune to break his arm while cranking his car last Saturday afternoon.

YARKER

Fox Martin, son of Samuel Martin, had the fingers of his right hand badly torn while operating a sawing machine. He was taken to Kingston General Hospital for treatment.

Biram Walker had to return to the General Hospital and is doing well.

William Smith, of Yarker, injured in the Locomotive Works, Kingston, is not seriously hurt. His wife left for Kingston in answer to a telegram sent here.

There are so many autos on the main road through Yarker that it is becoming real dangerous for children.

The Odessa Dramatic club gave a good entertainment in the hall here. For amateurs they certainly played their parts well.

Something in the manufacturing line will be opened up shortly. A large motor truck has been purchased for use in hauling products of the factory.

Ronald Hyland has moved to Yarker.

Many autos are being sold in Yarker and vicinity this spring.

Aeroplanes are now seen from Mohawk camp flying over Yarker.

The new hall erected for league and prayer services is completed.

The section men have now removed all surplus left from excavations in the C.N.R. yard.

In the last six months Yarker and Colebrook Red Cross have sent to Toronto 668 suits pyjamas, 712 pairs socks, 67 hot water bottle covers, 27 trench cups and 148 candles.

Cheese factories are experiencing trouble in engaging milk drawers. This will result in more cream being

B. L. K. MILKING MACHINES

We have taken the agency for this Milking Machine, which with the use of the

FAIRBANKS-MORSE ENGINE FOR POWER

is a most perfect outfit. We will be pleased to demonstrate this machine at our office to any who may be interested.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Company, 'Phone 234,
 ALL MOTOR BOAT AND AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES
 Garage, Mill Street.

THE DOMINION BANK

ESTABLISHED 1871
Farmers' Business

Special attention given to the business of Farmers and Dealers in Live Stock. Sale notes collected on favorable terms.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received.
 Interest paid or added to accounts twice a year.
 Efficient service assured to depositors.

NAPANEE BRANCH: F. COTTLE, Manager.

Open A Housekeeping Account

with The Merchants Bank, and pay all bills by cheque. By depositing a regular sum in a Savings Account, you know exactly how much is spent on the different branches of housekeeping.

When you settle by cheque, you avoid all disputes as to payment, as the cancelled cheques are receipts and prove the payments.

This business-like method of home finance often prevents paying the same bill twice.

Savings Accounts may be opened in sums from \$1 up, on which interest is allowed.



THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal. **OF CANADA** Established 1864.

NAPANEE BRANCH,
 YARKER BRANCH,

E. R. CHECKLEY, Manager.
 R. M. MacPHERSON, Manager.

DR. CAMERON WILSON

OFFICE—ROBERT STREET

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee.

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The cheese factory started operations for the season on the 22nd.

There is a great scarcity of farm horses in this locality and will in probability be greater in a few days owing to the call of the young men of military age. There are quite a number of them in this vicinity.

James Wees' new residence is fast nearing completion and will be a great addition to the appearance of the village.

Autos are getting very common here, new ones appearing every week. There is quite an amount of sickness through here but none very serious.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dowling spent day at Read, Tyndinaga, the st of their daughter, Mrs. Michael Ernan.

rs. Jas. Shire is very poorly at present. Slight hopes are held out for her recovery. We hope for a speedy recovery.

rs. Thos. Shire got exempted from time on account of the illness of mother.

rs. Jas. Dwyer has moved nearer the village on his farm in Camden.

rs. Reuben Wagar is engaged at Mr. Hill at present, building a hog for Leo Flynn.

rs. John Quinn and wife were in Napanee attending the funeral of his father, the late Matthew Quinn.

rs. and prospectors are returning from the opening of spring and fine weather.

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Reuben Garrison is on crutches, the result of a sprained ankle.

The County road scraper is being used between Yarker and Moscow in preparing the road for a coat of gravel.

Harold Oldham has left England for France and will do his bit as a flyer. His record as a flyer is of the best.

TAMWORTH

Mr. Editor, will you kindly insert in your paper a few items from your old correspondent.

The farmers of this locality are hard at work on their farms. From all the reports coming in the land never was in better shape to receive the seed. As the snow came so early in the early part of last winter, and in such good quantities, that the fall grain and all the roots and grasses were protected all winter and the frost did not go in the ground, in fact, in many places there was no frost when the snow left this spring, and it left the ground in extra condition for all crops. And this is as we would like it as the whole world never was in such need of a good crop. I see in your valuable paper of the good work you are trying to do in order to help the farmer, or any one in need of help on the land. This is a good work as this summer the farmer will need all the aid he can get to take off the harvest. Some are saying that they will only put in what they can take care of themselves. Now, that is not the right spirit to go to work on, for we are assured that if every one will do his best to increase the food supply God will give them a way to reap it. More faith is what we need, and if we do our part, God will do His. The country never looked better at this early in the spring, and everyone should prepare for a bountiful harvest. I think a good plan would be to send in a request from the farmers around each village and town of the time and the work required, as soon as the time arrives for harvesting the crops, so each one able and willing could give all the aid in their power by knowing the time and knowing who needs help. In that way a great work can be accomplished to good results.

Mr. W. W. Reddin is about finished repairing his house, bought from W. A. Fuller. He has made some good improvements in the remodelling of this property.

Mr. Chas. Hannah is building a barn and hog house, to be fitted out in improved manner.

A. B. Carscallen has commenced the foundation of a new house on the old site of W. Mace, which will improve that part of our village.

J. W. Shier, jr., is adding to his large stock of general merchandise in many new lines. Call and see these new lines.

We have had some very sudden deaths around Tamworth this last few weeks, and just now a few serious cases of sickness.

Campbell's Varnish Stain, the best of all. Covers up scratches and makes old furniture like new. All size cans at WALLACE'S, Napanee Agents.

This business-like method of some finance often prevents paying the same bill twice. Savings Accounts may be opened in sums from \$1 up, on which interest is allowed.

THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal. OF CANADA Established 1864.

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YARKER BRANCH, R. M. MACPHERSON, Manager.

DR. CAMERON WILSON

OFFICE—ROBERT STREET

(House lately occupied by Mrs. A. F. Holmes)

Telephone 106. 15-tf

T. M. GALBRAITH, B.A., M.D., C.M.

Cor. Dundas and West Sts. Napanee. Specialty—diseases of children. Office Hours: Until 9 a.m., 1 p. m. till 3 p.m., 7 p.m. till 9 p.m. Visits Yarker Tuesdays and Friday, 10 a.m. till 5 p.m. Phone 279. 22-1-y

HOARDING OF FLOUR IS NOW TABOOED

People Will be Heavily Fined For Having Supplies Stored Up.

Ottawa, April 27.—By an order issued by the Canada Food Board to-day all flour made wholly or in part from wheat is placed under restrictions similar to those imposed yesterday on sugar holdings. No person two miles or less from licensed dealer may hold a supply longer than is necessary for fifteen days' consumption; two to five miles, thirty days; five to ten miles, sixty days; over ten miles, 120 days.

On and after May 1st it will be illegal to feed milling wheat or any product to live stock, poultry, etc. Dealers are also restricted in their holdings. A fine of \$100 to \$1,000 and three months' imprisonment are provided for infractions.

A Valuable Gift.

The London Daily Express states that a magnificent collar, composed of 15 rows of the famous Vanderbilt pearls, connected by large diamonds and set in plaques, worth in all about \$25,000, is the Duchess of Marlborough's gift to the children's jewel fund.

Three diamond tiaras already have been sent to the duchess for the fund, of which she is the treasurer. Every woman is asked to contribute one piece of jewelry to help establish child welfare and maternity centres, of which 5,000 more are needed in the United Kingdom.

Send the boys at the front a "Kodak" picture of familiar sights around the old home. It will cheer them up more than anything. Kodaks and supplies are sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S.

SHORTHORNED BULL FOR SERVICE

Sittytton Sultan, one of the best bulls of the breed in Canada is for service to a limited number of cows at \$5.00 per cow for pure-breds, and \$2.50 per cow for grades. Fees payable at time of service, with privilege of returning, at J. ED. HARRISON'S, 3 miles north of Roblin. 19-cp

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee
Money to loan.
Telephones—Office 98, Residence 132.

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College
B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
Phone 61. 34

U. M. WILSON,

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public,
Crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.
PHONES—Office 46, residence 125.
OFFICE—Dundas Street, Napanee.
19-t-f.

Dr. R. V. McLaughlin, DENTIST

Over Wallace's Drug Store.
Entrance on John St.
Phone 10. 15-3-m

TO LET—Three large rooms, over the Strand Theatre. All modern conveniences, such as waterworks, closets, and electric lights. Apply to M. MAKER. 17-tf

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-t-f

LOST—On Wednesday, between Napanee and Camden East, hood for Ford Auto top. Will find kindly leave at this office. 21-tf

FOR SALE—On easy terms. One Seed Store on Dundas Street; one Store House and Evaporator on Water Street. Apply to Thos. Synnington. 61-t

ORGAN FOR SALE—In first class condition. Would make good organ for country church. Uxbridge make—solid walnut case. Apply to MRS. JOHN FOLGARD, Dundas Street, Napanee. 52

FOR SALE—Two Brick Houses, south side Dundas street, just east of and next to Madden's Grocery Store and Butcher Shop. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 13-tf

WANTED for Kingston by 15th April, a good plain cook in family of two. Two other servants kept. Old country person preferred. Wages thirty to thirty-five dollars per month. Must have good references. Apply box B. Napanee Express. 18-c

REGISTERED SCOTCH SHORT HORN BULL JOHN BROWN for Service Fee \$2.00 for Pure Breds, \$1.50 for Grades, payable at time of service. Also Pure Bred Tamworth sire, Fee \$1.25. 1000 Feet Rock Elm Plank, and some Seed Oats and Gold Vase Peas for sale. Write or phone G. H. BROOKS, Roblin. 20bp

MEN WANTED—Everywhere to show samples for Large Grocery Corporation. All goods sold at factory prices. Best Granulated Sugar \$6.50 cwt., Comfort, Sunlight, Surprise or Gold Soap 7 for 25 cents. Pure Lard 5 pound pail for \$1.00 etc. Agents' profit 15c on every \$2.00 sale. Sample case free. THE CONSUMERS ASSOCIATION, Windsor, Ont. 20cp

BERRY NOTICE

Strawberry plants for sale. Write for prices.

A. C. PARKS,
R. R. 3, Napanee

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

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R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.

Physician Surgeon, etc.

Cable House Surgeon of the Kingston General
Hospital

Office—North side of Dundas Street, between
West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 517

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened an office second door south of
Express Printing Office, where he may be
consulted on all diseases of Domestic
Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near
Madden's grocery.

Kingston Business College

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Kingston, Canada.

Canada's Highest Grade Business
School offers superior courses in
Book-keeping, Shorthand, Civil Service
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Our graduates secure best positions.
Particulars free.

H. E. METCALF, Principal.

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED!

at once for
NAPANEE
and District for

CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES.

Spring 1917 planting list is now

ready.

Splendid list of hardy CANADIAN
GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Stock,
including McINTOSH RED APPLE,
ST. REGIS EVERBEARING RASP-

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have
Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

A parade of the Soldiers of the Soil took place to-day in Toronto. H. A. Jarvis resigns the presidency of the Parkdale branch, G.W.V.A., Toronto.

A quantity of butter with finely cut wire mixed in it has been found at Calgary.

Three days in the week have been set aside in Jamaica when meat is not to be eaten.

The mobilization centre had 106 British-born recruits from the United States yesterday.

The first of the new draft of men of the ages of 20 to 22 will be called to the colors early next week.

Thirty-seven more men were put into uniform in Toronto through the activities of the Dominion police.

American newspapers, it is announced, will have to reduce their size by 50 per cent. in the coming year.

Four military exemption tribunals will open in Toronto on May 1 and will be presided over by the county judges.

Lack of coal has forced the Austrian Minister of Railways to suspend passenger traffic on the northern roads.

Only married men of the original firsts now on furlough in a category lower than B2 will be permitted to remain in Canada.

Canada's trade during the year ending with March increased by \$315,292,044, totalling in exports and imports \$2,564,462,215.

Further returns of the voting on the question of Methodist itinerancy show a majority of over two to one in favor of the present system.

The Budget speech is postponed to next Tuesday, April 30, owing to Hon. Mr. Maclean's having to be absent from the capital a few days this week.

At Coroner Demary's inquiry into the death of Vasil George, a Macedonian, a Toronto jury brought in a verdict charging Goncho Christoff with murder.

THURSDAY.

Election of Rhodes scholars has been postponed until after the war.

Two large Austrian power factories have been destroyed by explosions.

About half the bees around Brautford perished through the severity of the winter.

Neal Pearson, a private of the Royal Air Force, was moved from the Toronto jail to the General Hospital.

Thousands of Toronto school children created a memorable spectacle in the soldiers of the soil parade in Toronto.

New instructions have been issued correcting the orders which by error cut short the furlough of First Contingent men by two weeks.

Four months of the Military Service Act yielded 13,365 men physically fit for combatant service, out of some 24,000 who reported.

The Governor-General sent a telegram to the First Lord of the Admiralty of congratulation upon the navy's recent exploit in Flanders.

Mr. J. L. Payne, Comptroller of Statistics of the Department of Railways, told the C.N.R. Board of Arbi-



Hon. W. J. Hanna, was killed in an airplane accident in England.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, addressed the Senate and Commons.

Dr. Robert J. McFall, M.A., Ph.D., has been selected as Cost of Living Commissioner, succeeding W. F. O'Connor, K.C.

Vice-Admiral Schroeder of the German fleet is to be removed from his position as commander at Zeebrugge, owing to the raid.

A delegation of 2,500 farmers will protest to the Dominion Government against the removal of exemption for young men working on farms.

Mr. Champ Clark, Speaker of the House of Representatives, has refused the appointment in the Senate offered by the Governor of Missouri.

The explosion of a coal oil stove in a house on Mutual street, Toronto, resulted in the death of Mrs. Emmaline Sullivan from burns and shock.

The Halifax Relief Commission by a bill passed by the Nova Scotia Legislature, just prorogued, is given extensive powers, independent of civic control.

The Canada Food Board has issued an order limiting the holding of sugar by anyone except manufacturers or dealers to fifteen days' supply, except persons living more than two miles from a licensed dealer.

MONDAY.

The plant of the Hortop Milling Co., Toronto, was destroyed by fire.

Alfred Lawrence, Toronto, saved a woman who had fallen into the Don river.

A supplementary training depot of Canadian Engineers is to open at Brockville.

Anthony Morton, Toronto, is under arrest, charged with stealing forty cases of whiskey.

Additional restrictions on holdings and use of flour are announced by the Canada Food Board.

London Street Railway conductors and motormen have accepted the company's offer of arbitration.

Rev. J. C. Carille, whose parish includes the Shorncliffe Camp, praises the conduct of Canadian troops.

Fifty Chinamen and 35 Greeks were arrested in Toronto charged with gambling on the Lord's Day.

The president of the Armenian delegation now in Paris charges that the Turks are making a deliberate attempt to wipe out the Armenian race.

The largest freighter in the French mercantile marine service was launched at Dunkirk Saturday and is now in a French port. Her displacement is 19,000 tons.

Dr. von Seydler, the Austrian Premier, has for a second time presented his resignation. According to a despatch from Zurich Seydler desires to quit office because the situation is untenable.

The Department of Agriculture will plant one hundred acres of un-

ENEMY DRIVE SMASHED

Massed Attacks of Germans Held Everywhere.

Every Assault on British, French and Belgians Failed—Teutons Fought All Day in Open With Terrible Losses, While Allied Armies Maintained in Defences and Checked Advanced at All Points.

LONDON, April 30. — German armies are hurling themselves against a granite wall on three sides of the ruined city of Ypres. After fighting of the most terrific nature the British and French lines are intact and the enemy has lost terribly in his repeated assaults against the lines where the allies stand bay.

The immediate objective of fighting which is now going on is the capture of Ypres, where since 1914 the British have held their positions. Two years ago the all lines were carried forward and a salient in front of the city was wiped out, but from these positions British retired a week ago to trenches where they stood during terrific fighting in the spring of 1915 when they stopped the Germans their first drive for the channel port.

The present battle opened with bombardment of the British and French lines from Meteren to Voormezele, a distance of 12 miles. The same reports of a spread of the fighting around the curve in the line front of Ypres until the Belgian lines, north of the city, were involved. Field Marshal Haig's official report, anxiously awaited, brought news that the utmost efforts of the Germans had been fruitless all along the line. The Field Marshal's statement said that the Teutons had paid a great price and had gained virtually nothing.

The only point at which the Germans made any gains was on a hill section of the front back Kemmel Hill, where the French standing. At some places the enemy was able to occupy portions of the line, but from the greater part these they were driven out by the French, who re-established their defences.

Frontal attacks on Ypres would seem to indicate that there is little confidence in the German general staff that the Ypres positions can be outflanked from the south. The lines as they stand to-day are very strong, and withstood the onset of the Germans in 1914, when the Kaiser's army was a much different machine than it is to-day.

The bloody repulse of the Germans in their great plunge forward will mean much in further operations in that sector of the battle-line.

While the struggle was going before Ypres the British pushed from La Bassée to Houtholst Wood and from Lens to Vimy were deluged with shells, but so far there has been no infantry fighting reported from that part of the front. An attack on this salient in the German lines is expected soon, however, it stands as a constant menace to further advance by the enemy.

Along the front in the Somme sector there has been little fighting noted. Further south there have been only patrol encounters.

The enemy infantry attack developed over a wide front, extending from north of Voormezele nearly to Meteren. The strategic object was apparently a crab-claw movement converging upon the chain of hills towards Mont Chats. This front

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Spring 1917 planting list is now ready.

Splendid list of hardy CANADIAN GROWN Fruit and Ornamental Stock, including MOUTOSH RED APPLE, ST. REGIS EVERBEARING RASPBERRY, and many other leaders.

New Illustrated Catalogue sent on application.

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(Established 1837)
TORONTO, ONT.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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If you have decided to take a vacation, look over the illustrated list of cottages for rent.

You will get a more satisfactory selection now, when you will order now.

Or if you wish to take a vacation, look over the illustrated list of places for rent, now in the list.

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WE ARE SELLING.

Silos, Karn pianos, Oliver plows, Lily Cream separators, and other Agricultural Implements. We have the Kingston Milling Co.'s White Rose flour, which is undoubtedly one of the best flours made. Call and see us.

SPENCER & ROSE,

39-b West Side Market.

TILE.

Full stock of drain tile from 2 1-2 to 8 inch., also chimney brick—Napawnee Brick Yard.

correcting the orders which by error cut short the furlough of First Contingent men by two weeks.

Four months of the Military Service Act yielded 13,365 men physically fit for combatant service, out of some 24,000 who reported.

The Governor-General sent a telegram to the First Lord of the Admiralty of congratulation upon the navy's recent exploit in Flanders.

Mr. J. L. Payne, Comptroller of Statistics of the Department of Railways, told the C.N.R. Board of Arbitrators that the company was insolvent.

Four hundred and ninety-seven daily newspaper publishers in the United States passed a convention resolution to support President Wilson in his war policy.

Viscount Bryce has submitted the report of the committee appointed to suggest plans for reform of the House of Lords. He proposes a twelve-year term of office and appointments by Commons committees.

The tallest soldier in the British army, if not in the world, Edward J. Labal, six feet nine, has been sent to Montreal by the British Recruiting Mission in Boston; of his twelve sons, six are in the American army now and the others are to be drafted soon. He is a carpenter in the Royal Engineers.

FRIDAY.

Over thirty of the graduating class of fifty of the Ontario Veterinary College will join the army.

The street car strike in Detroit has been called off, and the dispute will be settled by federal mediation.

A steamer with 733 returned officers, non-coms, and men of the C.E.F. reached an Atlantic port.

The jury inquiry into the death of Carl Woodrow, Toronto, brought in a verdict censuring the C.P.R. for negligence.

Nine sons of the late J. A. MacKay of Montreal, who was buried Wednesday, a few weeks after his wife, are in khaki.

Twenty-six returned soldiers left Toronto last night for Northern Ontario, where they will take up land in the clay belt.

Cadet John T. Duval, from Jersey, was killed at Camp Borden when his airplane crashed down as he was making a solo flight.

Chairman Gooderham of the Hamilton Highway Commission told Humber Bay ratepayers that the highway may have a surplus.

Premier Borden read in the Commons a touching appeal from a Toronto boy of sixteen who is eager to serve his country by helping to hold the line.

Wool growers of the United States have agreed to turn over to the Government the entire output at prices based on the price prevailing for washed wool on July 30 last.

Alfred Ingram, foreman; Harry Sylvester and George Cameron, were killed in an explosion of an ammonia tank at the Hamilton Tar & Ammonia Co.'s plant, and the plant was wrecked.

Norwegian capitalists are making arrangements to revive the whaling industry in Newfoundland waters. They plan to sell the meat in the United States and make the fat into margarine.

SATURDAY.

The Canadian National Committee for Mental Hygiene was organized at Ottawa.

Results of the Military Service Act in Quebec are now pronounced extremely gratifying.

St. Catharines has formed the War Chest Club to be the sole organization for war relief work.

The C.N.R. Board of Arbitrators will be unable to conclude their inquiry for another two weeks.

Lieut. H. J. Hanna, a nephew of

tempt to wipe out the Armenian race.

The largest freighter in the French mercantile marine service was launched at Dunkirk Saturday and is now in a French port. Her displacement is 19,000 tons.

Dr. von Seydler, the Austrian Premier, has for a second time presented his resignation. According to a despatch from Zurich Seydler desires to quit office because the situation is untenable.

The Department of Agriculture will plant one hundred acres of unoccupied land near Armour Heights with flax, and is making a survey of all land around Toronto to have a maximum acreage under crop.

Several squadrons of horse are to be raised in the West as reinforcements for the Canadian cavalry on the Western front, and the Royal Northwest Mounted Police have been given permission to join; more than four hundred have already done so, and probably two hundred more will enlist; their places are to be filled by Category B men.

TUESDAY.

Rev. John C. Carille preached the McMaster baccalaureate sermon.

Troops from Canada to the number of 2,905 have safely reached England.

Canadian Jews are permitted to enlist in the Jewish Legion for service in Palestine.

New Russian Government at Petrograd repudiates peace with Germany and demands Estonia.

Thirteen military decorations are to be presented by the Governor-General in Toronto on May 3.

Serbian on Mount Dobrovolje, in Macedonia, penetrate a Bulgarian work and drive out garrison.

Lieut. J. Beverley Robinson's (Toronto) escape from Germany is announced in a despatch from England.

Dr. C. J. O. Hastings and C. J. Bodley, two Food Board officials, discuss the latest regulations in Toronto.

Cardinal Begir was seized with a hemorrhage yesterday morning, and his condition, owing to his advanced age, is somewhat serious.

The Workers' Educational Association is inaugurated in Toronto. The board of governors of the University donate \$1,000 to the cause.

The British Government has contracted for the purchase of virtually the whole product of Australian zinc concentrates for the period of the war and a decade thereafter.

Drastic restrictions on the use of sugar and shortening and curtailment of use of wheat flour in candy and sweet dough products are announced by the Food Board.

All the Superintendents of Registration have been named for the census of man-power and woman-power in June, and many of the Registrars have been selected and approved.

Baron Shimpel Goto has been installed as Foreign Minister of Japan in succession to Baron Motono, who resigned recently. Motono's policy, it is declared, will be continued.

Hon. Mr. Rowell, speaking at Bowmanville, said he hoped, and thought the hope well founded, that men of Class 1 between 20 and 22 years of age would not be called from the farms till seeding is done, but said the need of man-power on the Western front was now more urgent than food production.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

lines is expected soon, however, it stands as a constant menace to further advance by the enemy.

Along the front in the Somme sector there has been little fighting note. Further south there have been only patrol encounters.

The enemy infantry attack developed over a wide front, extending from north of Voormezele nearly to Meteren. The strategic object was apparently a crab-claw movement converging upon the chain of hills towards Mont Chats. This front held by the French in the centre a by our divisions on the flanks.

The enemy's failure to advance Loere undoubtedly influenced him resort to crushing tactics, but news so far is eminently satisfactory.

The infantry attacked at 6 o'clock with an attempt to advance towards Scherpenberg. This was completely held at first. During the morning the battle extended above Voormezele. Although Ypres is not yet taken, the battle has extended thereto. An enemy reconnaissance force against the Belgians was repulsed.

Everywhere on the battle front the terrible punishment is being inflicted upon the enemy, who has thrown divisions with lavish disregard of his sacrifices. Once again he is paying the full price for no result.

The Germans, realizing that they were making no progress, modified the crab-claw idea and the fight developed into a more direct attempt against Scherpenberg a Mont Rouge. The Germans are making an intense use of their great artillery strength, but the French garrisons on the hills have splendid cover. Their 75's and our field guns furiously reply. The air is full of airplanes, mostly observing.

It is abundantly clear that a day's story when told will be all the credit of Franco-British arms. The battle is not yet over, but for attack which has been in progress for seven or eight hours without making headway, it is not premature to say that it has failed. The German army will be weaker by many thousands for they have been fighting all day the open, while the Franco-British scarcely anywhere left their prepared defences.

Chasing the Hun.

LONDON, April 30. — Reports of military operations in the East African battle zone, an official statement issued yesterday by the War Office says the advance of British and Portuguese forces that are pursuing German forces which crossed the German East African border into Mozambique, is proceeding under most favorable weather conditions.

Turks Take Kars Fortress.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 30. The Turkish official communication issued yesterday says:

"We have occupied the fortress Kars and captured 860 guns."

John Catna, ex-M.P.P. of Port Sound, is dead.

French Senator Dead.

PARIS, April 30. — Senator Edouard Marcere is dead. He was the last of seventy-five senators nominated for life by the Senate under the constitution of 1875. The senator was born at Dainfron in 1828.

The Original Firsts, now home Toronto on furlough, decided to form a club.

It is estimated that five thousand men between the ages of 20-22 will be with the colors by May 15 from Toronto district.

ENEMY DRIVE SMASHED

ssed Attacks of Germans Held Everywhere.

ry Assault on British, French and Belgians Failed.—Tentons Fought All Day In Open With Terrible Losses, While Allied Armies Remained In Defences and Checked Advanced at All Points.

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LARGE ARMY PROMISED.

United States Talks of Raising Army of 3,000,000 Men.

WASHINGTON, April 30. — Mem- bers of the House Committee on Military Affairs said yesterday that preparations must be made at once for obtaining 3,000,000 fighting men and sending them to France in the shortest possible time. They learned recently from the War Department that every effort would be made to hurry troops abroad and that plans for thorough training here would be abandoned. Soldiers who had been in camps and cantonments for six months, they said, would be sent to Europe and would get finishing training in France behind the lines, or in England.

Plans for carrying out this pro- gram, it was said, would be presented shortly, and the one big question, the size of the army would be decided. It may be necessary to increase the age limit for the drafted army and to adopt means that had been thought unnecessary by Secretary Baker before his visit abroad. The question of the size of the army to be provided by extending the age limit has awaited the return of Sec- retary Baker, who promised, in ap- pearing before the comm'ttee last week, to make his recommendations on this and other vital subjects next week.

The supreme question before the allied army commanders is increased man-power, mostly infantry, experts say, and the United States is ex- pected to supply more fighting men with- in the least possible time. The ques- tion of man-power is acute. Lloyd George frankly told the House of Commons that America must place more men in the field, and that the age limit of the draft in England must be increased. Conscription in Ireland is to be resorted to, and all allied nations are doing their utmost in the direction of increasing their armies. What Britain has decided to do, it was contended by Congressmen, must be done in the United States—the drafted army increased by rais- ing the age limit.

JUGOSLAVS ARE ANGRY.

Accuse Teutons and Magyars of Prolonging the War.

LONDON, April 30.—Further par- ticulars of the great meeting recently held at Prague to protest against Count Czernin's denunciation of Prof. Masaryk and other Czech leaders, have been received by Reuter's Lim- ited. The meeting was attended by all the Czech deputies of both Parli- aments and the Diet, the Bohemian representatives of the Czech Univer- sity and Academy and by workmen and peasants.

The Jugoslavs were represented by 24 deputies, including their pres- ident Dr. Korosec, and Deputy Kresic as the official representative of the Serbo-Croatian coalition. The Polish Club sent a message of sympathy.

The meeting was opened by the president of the Bohemian Union, Deputy Stanek, who declared that the gathering was a new manifestation of the desire of the whole Czecho-Slovak nation for independence. He charged "the German feudal Czernin" with at- tempting to deceive the world about the unanimity of the Czechs and de- nounced the Germans and Magyars as being guilty of provoking and pro- longing the war by their imperialistic desires and their refusal to give the Slavs independence.

The Croatian deputy, Dr. Pavicic, speaking in the name of the Jugos- lavs, promised fidelity to the Czechs as their brothers.

CHINA NOW IMPOTENT

Government Ceases to Control Its Own Affairs.

Japan Will Look After Police, Dock- yards, Arsenals and Finance for Big Neighbor, But Claim That Their Action Is Only War-time Measure—Difficult Situation Has Been Created.

SHANGHAI, April 30.—The state- ment is made in the first issue of the Shanghai Gazette which has made its appearance under the editorship of Eugene Chen, that the Chinese Government has agreed to new de- mands made by Japan, which are of such a nature that the country has virtually been turned over to the Japanese. The Gazette asserts it has been informed by a high official at Peking that the Japanese demands are far more serious than those in group V of the famous 21 demands made by Japan in 1915.

"Notwithstanding the fact that the utmost secrecy is being observ- ed," says the Gazette, "it may be stated safely that the following is not far from the true terms of the agreement:

"Chinese expeditionary forces sent to Siberia shall be commanded by a Japanese.

"Chinese police shall be organized by Japanese officers.

"Japan shall have the privilege of working mines in all parts of China.

"Special provisions shall be grant- ed to Japan in outer and inner Mon- golia and the whole of Manchuria.

"Other articles include provisions for financial control and educational assistance."

A despatch filed in Peking on April 4 said it was reported there that Japan had submitted a new series of demands to China, including com- plete control of China's finances, the purchase of 50 per cent. of China's ammunition in Japan, operation of Chinese iron mines and dockyards under Japanese control, and recogni- tion of special Japanese interests in Mongolia, as in Manchuria.

Eugene Chen, an Anglicized Chinaman, formerly was editor of the Peking Gazette, in which he carried on a campaign against Japanese in- fluence in China, denouncing the Chinese Government on the ground that it was yielding to Japanese influence and "selling out China."

A year ago he was arrested in Peking after his paper had published an article to the effect that the Pre- mier had been carrying on secret ne- gotiations with the Japanese for a loan.

For the purpose of ending sensa- tional speculation on the diplomatic situation between Japan and China in the Chinese press the Japanese Gov- ernment has authorized the following statement:

"The existing negotiations between Chia and Japan are intended to refer solely to co-operation against the enemy. The agreement will become invalid as soon as the European war is terminated without infringing up- on the political or territorial integrity of China.

"The negotiations are progressing and the agreement will be turned over to the Foreign Office for final examination in the course of a few days."

TEUTON WARSHIPS FLED.

British Were Outnumbered, But Chased the Enemy.

LONDON, April 30. — In the en-

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, April 30.—The Board of Trade quotations for yesterday are as follows:

Manitoba Wheat (in Store, Fort William, including 2½c Tax).
No. 1 northern, \$2.35½.
No. 2 northern, \$2.20½.
No. 3 northern, \$2.17½.
No. 4 wheat, \$2.10½.
Manitoba Oats (in Store, Fort William).
No. 2 C.W., 86½c.
No. 3 C.W., 83½c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 83½c.
No. 1 feed, 80½c.
American Corn (Track, Toronto).
No. 3 yellow, kiln-dried, \$1.90, nominal.
No. 4 yellow, kiln-dried, \$1.85, nominal.
Ontario Oats (According to Freights Out- side).
No. 2 white, 90c to 91c, nominal.
No. 3 white, 89c to 90c, nominal.
Ontario Wheat (Basis in Store, Montreal).
No. 2 winter, per car lot, \$2.22.
Peas (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, nominal.
Barley (According to Freights Outside).
Malting, \$1.52 to \$1.53.
Buckwheat (According to Freights Out- side).
Buckwheat, \$1.84 to \$1.86.
Rye (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, \$2.65.
Manitoba Flour (Toronto).
War quality, \$11.10.
Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipment).
War quality, \$10.80, in bags, Montreal; \$10.80, in bags, Toronto.
Millfeed (Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal Freights, Bags Included).
Bran, per ton, \$35.40.
Shorts, per ton, \$40.40.
Hay (Track, Toronto).
No. 1, per ton, \$17 to \$18.
Mixed, per ton, \$14 to \$16.
Straw (Track, Toronto).
Car lots, per ton, \$8.50 to \$9.
Farmers' Market.
Fall wheat—Milling, \$2.14 per bushel.
Goose wheat—\$2.10 to \$2.12 per bushel.
Barley—Malting, \$1.50 per bushel.
Oats—96c to 98c per bushel.
Buckwheat—\$1.85 per bushel.
Rye—According to sample, nominal.
Hay—Timothy, \$20 to \$23 per ton; mix- ed and clover, \$18 to \$20 per ton.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

Winnipeg, April 23.—There was little interest in the cash oats market today, with no demand and no offerings. There was a fair demand for cash barley, with offerings light. Cash flax was unchanged from yesterday.
Oats closed 2c lower for May and 1½c lower for July. Barley closed 1½c lower for May. Flax closed 3½c lower for May and 9½c lower for July.
Winnipeg market: Oats—May, 89½c to 89c; July, 87½c to 87c.
Barley—Not quoted.
Flax—May, \$3.88; July, \$3.88.
Cash prices: Oats—No. 2 C.W., 86½c; No. 3 C.W., 83½c; extra No. 1 feed, 83½c; No. 1 feed, 80½c.
Barley—No. 3, \$4.00; No. 4, \$1.45; re- jected, \$1.20.
Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., \$3.78; No. 2 C.W., \$3.74; No. 3 C.W., \$3.53.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

Liverpool, April 26.—Beef, extra India mess, 370s.
Pork, prime mess, western, 330s.
Hams, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., \$137s.
Bacon, Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., 152s.
Clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., 180s.
Long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., 189s.
Long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., 159s.
Short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., 157s.
Shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., 128s.
Lard, prime western, in tierces, 149s 6d; American refined, pails, 152s; do., boxes, 150s.
Tallow, Australian in London, 72s.
Turpentine spirits, 125s.
Rosin, common, 64s 6d.
Petroleum, refined, 1s 6½d.
Lined oil, 62s.
Cottonseed oil, 68s 6d.
War kerosene, No. 2, 1s 2½d.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, April 30. — Monday's trading on the Union Stock Yards was marked by a strong demand and an active market for all classes of butcher cattle, which sold up to 25c to 40c higher than last Monday's best prices, and to steady to strong with the close of the week, with prices

on this salient in the German is expected soon, however, for lands as a constant menace to a further advance by the enemy. Along the front in the Somme section there has been little fighting of. Further south there have been patrol encounters. The enemy infantry attack developed over a wide front, extending north of Voormezele nearly to Ereh. The strategic object was apparently a crab-claw movement verging upon the chain of hills ards-Mont Chats. This front is l by the French in the centre and our divisions on the flanks. The enemy's failure to advance at re undoubtedly influenced him to rt to crushing tactics, but the s so far is eminently satisfactory. The infantry attacked at 6 o'clock, an attempt to advance towards erpenberg. This was completely l at first. During the morning battle extended above Voorme-e. Although Ypres is not yet at- ted, the battle has extended eto. An enemy reconnaissance in e against the Belgians was lised.

Everywhere on the battle front ible punishment is being inflicted a the enemy, who has thrown in sions with lavish disregard for sacrifices. Once again he is pay- the full price for no result. The Germans, realizing that they e making no progress, modified crab-claw idea and the fighting eloped into a more direct at- pt against Scherpenberg and it Rouge. The Germans are mak- an intense use of their great lery strength, but the French nsions on the hills have splendi- er. Their 75's and our field guns ously reply. The air is full of lances, mostly observing. It is abundantly clear that the s story when told will be all to credit of Franco-British arms. battle is not yet over, but for an ck which has been in progress for n or eight hours without making way, it is not premature to say it has failed. The German army e weaker by many thousands they have been fighting all day in open, while the Franco-British vely anywhere left their prepared nces.

Chasing the Hun.

ONDON, April 30. — Reporting tary operations in the East Afri- battle zone, an official statement ed yesterday by the War Office the advance of British and Por- ese forces that are pursuing the man forces which crossed the Ger- East African border into Mozam- e, is proceeding under more arable weather conditions.

Turks Take Kars Fortress.

ONSTANTINOPLE, April 30. — Turkish official communication ed yesterday says: We have occupied the fortress of s and captured 860 guns.

ohn Gatna, ex-M.P.P. of Parry nd, is dead.

French Senator Dead.

ARIS, April 30. — Senator Emil farore is dead. He was the last seventy-five senators nominated ly by the Senate under the con- tion of 1875. The senator was t Domfront in 1838.

Original Firsts, new home in ato on Furlough, decided to form ib.

is estimated that five thousand between the ages of 20-25 will ith the colors by May 15 from ato district.

gathering was a new manifestation of the desire of the whole Czecho-Slovak nation for independence. He charged "the German feudal Czernin" with attempting to deceive the world about the unanimity of the Czechs and denounced the Germans and Magyars as being guilty of provoking and prolonging the war by their imperialistic desires and their refusal to give the Slavs independence.

The Croatian deputy, Dr. Pavicic, speaking in the name of the Jugoslavs, promised fidelity to the Czechs as their brothers.

Preferred Death to Repatriation.

DOUGLAS, Isle of Man, April 30. — Frederick Brandauer, a wealthy pen manufacturer, has committed suicide in a German detention camp rather than return to Germany. Brandauer had lived in England for thirty years, but his naturalization had lapsed.

In a letter to the camp commander he said that the agonies of death would be nothing to what he would suffer if he submitted to repatriation, which the Government proposed.

New Irish Secretary.

LONDON, April 30. — Edward Shortt, member of the House of Commons for Newcastle-on-Tyne, has been appointed Chief Secretary for Ireland to succeed Henry Edward Duke, who has held that post since August, 1916.

Edward Shortt is a Liberal, born in 1862. He married in 1890 the daughter of the late A. G. Scott of Valparaiso.

Total of German Missing.

AMSTERDAM, April 30. — Speaking before the Main Committee of the German Reichstag on Friday, according to Vorwaerts, Gen. von Risberg stated that on March 31st the number of German missing had reached a total of 664,104. Of this number, he said, 236,676 were prisoners in France, 119,000 in England, 157,000 in Russia and Roumania, and the remainder could be regarded as dead.

Gold on Shuttle Island.

PRINCE RUPERT, B.C., April 30. — There is quite a flurry of excitement at Shuttle Island, Dawson Sound, Queen Charlotte Islands, over some new gold discoveries. Many men employed in the lumbering trades are quitting their positions to stake claims.

Toronto Flyer Has Brave Record.

LONDON, April 30. — Flight Lieut. A. T. Whealy, Naval Air Service, has been awarded the Distinguished Service Cross for plucky attacks on troops in transport and for bringing down many machines. He is a son of Mr. J. S. A. Whealy, of 100 Dunvegan road, Toronto.

men in the Toronto military district last week.

Seventeen tons of food are destroyed at Toronto incinerators.

Motorists will be prevented from using glaring headlights, in accordance with a clause in the Ontario Highway Act.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

is terminated without infringing upon the political or territorial integrity of China.

"The negotiations are progressing and the agreement will be turned over to the Foreign Office for final examination in the course of a few days."

TEUTON WARSHIPS FLED.

British Were Outnumbered, But Chased the Enemy.

LONDON, April 30. — In the engagement of allied and Austrian light sea forces in the Adriatic on April 22 the British lost seven men killed and 19 wounded, the Admiralty reports. Two British destroyers, which for a time fought five Austrian destroyers, were damaged only slightly. (The official Austrian account of the engagement, issued Friday, said one British destroyer was damaged seriously.) The announcement follows: "On April 22 five Austrian destroyers were encountered and engaged by two of our destroyers in the Adriatic. The enemy fled for shelter to the fortified point of Durazzo, pursued by our destroyers, which had been reinforced by five British and one French destroyers. The chase continued until after midnight, when touch with the enemy was lost.

"Our two destroyers which engaged this very superior enemy force received only minor damages. Our total casualties were seven killed and nineteen wounded. It is not known what damage was sustained by the enemy.

"On the following day Durazzo was attacked by British air forces.

"The only man-of-war in the harbor was one gunboat. Our machines attacked the seaplane base, dropping nearly a ton of bombs with apparently successful results. All our machines returned safely to their bases."

Civic Employees Enforce Demands.

VANCOUVER, April 30. — Members of the Civic Employees' Union, following the ultimatum presented the City Council last Tuesday, automatically ceased work at noon Saturday to enforce their demands for an increase in wages of 25c a day. They number about 300 men.

Bolshevik Retires.

WASHINGTON, April 30. — Swedish press reports received here yesterday say the Bolshevik forces in the Crimea again are retiring before the Germans, but are offering stubborn resistance. They are being reinforced by sailors from the Black Sea fleet.

British Occupy Railway.

LONDON, April 30. — Arab forces, co-operating with the British, have occupied 53 miles of the Hedjaz Railway south of Mann, according to an official report received from Gen. Allenby. Mann is 75 miles south of Jerusalem.

The advertising of the Victory Loan cost \$207,093, of which \$164,519 went to newspapers and magazines.

Schools for Farmers.

In the course of an address before the Arts and Letters Club of Ottawa, the Hon. Sidney Fisher, who was a Cabinet Minister during the last Laurier regime, said, speaking as a farmer, that "we must see to it that a goodly number of equipped schools be established in the different farming sections of the country, in order that men equipped for the farm shall be available, and not have the farmers depend on unskilled labor. Most people suppose that anyone can work on the farm, but the plain fact is that it takes a man skilled in several lines to be a good farmer."

Linsed oil, 82s.
Cottonseed oil, 68s. 8d.
War kerosene, No. 2, 1s 2 1/2d.

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, April 30. — Monday's trading on the Union Stock Yards was marked by a strong demand and an active market for all classes of butcher cattle, which sold up to 25c to 40c higher than last Monday's best prices, and to steady to strong with the close of the week, with prices possibly fractionally higher than even Thursday's quotations, and higher than at any time this season; in fact, it was the best market on record at the Union Stock Yards.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 29. — Cattle—Receipts, 15,000. Strong; heaves, \$10.15 to \$17.60; stockers and feeders, \$8.35 to \$12.40; cows and heifers, \$6.85 to \$13.90; calves, \$7.50 to \$13.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 13,000. Unsettled; light, \$17.25 to \$17.75; mixed, \$16.90 to \$17.75; heavy, \$16.10 to \$17.50; rough, \$16.10 to \$16.80; pigs, \$13.25 to \$17.35; bulk of sales, \$17.20 to \$17.65.

Sheep—Receipts, 14,000. Weak; native, \$12.75 to \$16.55; lambs, native, \$15.75 to \$21.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, April 29. — Cattle—Receipts, 5400. Slow and easier; prime steers, \$16.50 to \$16.75; a few \$17; shipping steers, \$16 to \$16.25; butchers, \$11.75 to \$15.75; yearlings, \$13 to \$15.50; heifers, \$10 to \$14; cows, \$6.50 to \$12; bulls, \$7.50 to \$12; stockers and feeders, \$7.50 to \$11; fresh cows and springers, \$65 to \$140.

Calves—Receipts, 2800. Steady; \$7 to \$14.50.

Appeals to Pope.

ROME, April 30. — News has reached the Vatican that the menacing political complications in Austria are due to a widespread agitation of the Yugoslavs and Czechs, who are bent on resorting to systematic obstructionism with the object of weakening the national resistance.

It is reliably reported that Emperor Charles has solicited the Pope's intervention to dissuade the clergy from participating in the agitation.

Battalion Colors Deposited Sunday.

BELLEVILLE, April 30. — The colors of the 80th Battalion, which was enlisted in Hastings County, were deposited in St. Thomas' Church. The colors were taken over to England and recently returned. Col. W. G. Ketcheson was the commanding officer and the beautiful colors were the gift of the Ketcheson family of this district.

Machine Opens Letters.

With the whole tendency of modern business toward centralization, to say nothing of the enormous growth of the mail order houses, the daily mail problem is a gigantic one to the efficiency experts. A new machine has been put on the market to open letters which is said to break all previous records. It does the work by shaving off an exceedingly thin slice of the edge of each envelope, hardly thicker than the paper itself. It is impossible to cut an inclosure by this method. The chief feature of the machine is its speed. In a recent test run it opened nine thousand letters an hour for an eight-hour stretch. —Emporia Gazette.

A Free Buffet.

No fewer than 1,400,000 soldiers and sailors passing through London on their way to or from the front have received a meal at Lady Limerick's free buffet at London bridge station. Since May, 1915, fighting men, including many wounded and convalescent, have never asked in vain for refreshment. Funds are now running low, and the people are asked to help in supplying the little comforts that are offered at London bridge.

Nearer to the Boys

An Interview with Ralph Connor

By PETER McARTHUR

When I was told that if I went to a certain office at a certain hour, I would have the pleasure of meeting the Rev. Charles W. Gordon (Ralph Connor), I accepted with joy. I wanted to meet him for two reasons. I wanted to meet him because he is our most distinguished Canadian novelist, and also because in my boyhood I wriggled on hard, uncompromising benches, listening to the same stern ministers that he "sat under." I had listened to them in both Gaelic and English, and wondered if he would have a fellow-feeling for one who had gone through the same boyish experiences. As my eagerness had brought me early to the place of appointment, I had a few minutes to wait, and fell to wondering what he would be like. Unconsciously I associated him with those old-time Free Kirk ministers and wondered if he would be like the Rev. John Ross, of Brucefield, or the Rev. Lachlan MacPherson, of East Williams. So my surprise was complete when a brisk man in khaki uniform stepped into the room. He did not look enough like those old ministers to make my heart come into my mouth with terror as I faced him. Neither did he look enough like a military martinet to make me cluck my heels together and come to "attention." And there was absolutely nothing to suggest the producer of "best sellers." It took less than a minute to discover that "Ralph Connor" is, first of all, a fellow-human being, who is ready to take a glance at anything from any man's point of view.

A reference to the old ministers gave us an instant point of contact, and with much laughter—kindly and reverent—but still laughter—we compared notes and exchanged reminiscences of the good men who made the Scotch settlements where we had both been brought up, the places of stern discipline we remembered so well. The hour that had been promised to me was gone and part of another hour with it, before I remembered that the man who arranged the meeting had not done it out of pure kindness. He wanted me to interview Ralph Connor about the war work of the Y.M.C.A. By the time I remembered my duty we had reached a point where I felt that I could ask him about it from a rather daring point of view. I began with a straight question:

"What do you think of the work of the Y.M.C.A. in the war?"

He hunched his shoulders slightly and slipped down a trifle in his chair. From the expression on his face I was afraid that he was going to offer an unfavorable criticism. But his answer made it clear that that was not what disturbed him:

"It is doing a lot of work that the church should be doing."

Now you can understand why my question caused him a shade of discomfort. The minister in him—a touch of the old Free Kirk spiritual guide that made him feel the responsibilities of his calling—made him regret to confess that a purely lay institution is carrying practical Christianity to a point that is as yet impossible for the churches—"beating them to it," as the soldier boys would say.

"Don't misunderstand me," he protested. "The churches and their chaplains are doing a wonderful work, but the Y.M.C.A., being without a propaganda or dogmas, is able to adapt itself instantly to any needs that may arise, either at the battle-front or wherever the boys may be located. It meets them at all hours and in all places with a spirit of good cheer, comfort and helpfulness."

High Command had something of the attitude you suggest. But whenever there was anything to be done to help the boys the Y.M.C.A. was there to do it and do it well. By its spirit of unassuming helpfulness the Y.M.C.A. has won the hearts of both the officers and men, no matter what their church connections may be or may not be. It gives and it does not ask anything in return. Its sole reward is that it helps freely all who need help. The thing to emphasize about its work is that it gives—it is an organized spirit of giving, and it gives without a string to the giving."



RALPH CONNOR

"But I often hear comments, not always friendly—about the prices that the Y.M.C.A. charges for some of its supplies."

"Such comments have no justification. The prices are as near right as they can be made. If there is any profit on the sales to the boys in the camps or back of the lines, every cent of it goes to provide things free—absolutely free—to those who are in the front line trenches. As a matter of fact, the canteens and other organizations under the control of the churches and chaplains have pretty much the same schedule of prices as the Y.M.C.A."

I could not suppress a smile at finding my ancient enemy the trust or "Gentleman's Agreement" appearing in so admirable a form. But I made no comment. Instead, I asked a concluding question:

"Then I may tell the people that in its war work, especially in the matter of creature comforts, the Y.M.C.A. is nearer to the boys than anyone else?"

"Yes. It stands nearer to them than anything else except the military organization under whose discipline they live—and die. You see they are specially

THIS WOMAN SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, One of Thousands of Such Cases.

Black River Falls, Wis.—"As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation, I cannot say enough in praise of it. I suffered from organic troubles and my side hurt me so I could hardly be up from my bed, and I was unable to do my housework. I had the best doctors in Eau Claire and they wanted me to have an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's



Vegetable Compound cured me so I did not need the operation, and I am telling all my friends about it."—Mrs. A. W. BINZER, Black River Falls, Wis.

It is just such experiences as that of Mrs. Binzer that has made this famous root and herb remedy a household word from ocean to ocean. Any woman who suffers from inflammation, ulceration, displacements, backache, nervousness, irregularities or "the blues" should not rest until she has given it a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

BEES IN THE SPRINGTIME

Fine Weather Necessary When They Are Taken From Cellar.

PAINFUL DISEASE CURED

Interesting Information for Dairy men Regarding Success in New Treatments for Inflammation of Udder—Late Spring Suggestions For the Farmer.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE arrival of spring brings up the question, "When and how shall I set my bees out of the cellar?" to the mind of all farmer beekeepers. The answer calls for judgment on the part of each beekeeper. The factors which must take a part in forming correct judgment are (1) the cellar, (2) the bees, and (3) the season.

The ideal cellar will permit the beekeeper to keep his bees confined much longer than will an unfavorable cellar. This is desirable. A fairly dry, dark, easily regulated and ventilated cellar when the temperature can be maintained at 45 degrees Fahrenheit is ideal. Very few Ontario farm cellars will meet these requirements, however, so that the weather conditions play a more prominent part in the farmer-beekeeper's decision.

As a rule, the farmer-beekeeper will do well to carefully select open weather and to give the colonies some protection after setting out. Watch the weather forecasts closely and when the wind gets around to the south and east, with a prospect for rain on the morrow, set out the

PROFIT IN FLAX CRO

Demand for Aeroplane Wing Stimulates Production.

BOYS WILL AID THE FARMER

Seasonable Hints for the Fruit-grower and Agriculturalist—Information About the Work That Has Been Done to Secure Lads to Aid Production.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

FLAX fibre is absolutely necessary for the construction of aeroplane wings. Yet because of Russia's defection, Great Britain has not now more fibre than is sufficient to keep its mills running one and a half days a week. To further complicate matters the flax seed crop in Ireland was perilously near a failure last year.

These vital facts were disclosed recently at a meeting in Toronto, the Agricultural Section of the (Organization of Resources Committee of Ontario, called to discuss the situation. Evidence was also given regarding what Ontario already has done to relieve the shortage. In 1919 thirty-three flax mills were operated, 6,000 acres were planted and 2,600,000 pounds of fibre and 45,000 bushels of seed were produced. O flax business last year had a total value of \$2,000,000. Moreover, the seed produced will accomplish a vital mission abroad, as a large part of it has been shipped to Ireland to meet the great seed deficiency there.

8,000 Acres at Least This Year.

Already flax growers are planning an 8,000-acre production, at least for this year. Each of the mills in the market for all the straw and seed that can be secured and good prices are assured the grower. T arrangements made in the past have, for the most part, provided for the leasing of flax land by the mill at a rental of from \$10 to \$15 an acre. The grower ploughed the land, prepared the seed bed and hauled the crop to the mill—except where the crop was carried on the railroad. The mill operator supplied the seed, often did the seeding, and harvested the crop. The flax was pulled by hand and the workers were housed in tents in fields in tents. Their transportation was paid by the mill company; they received \$15 an acre for pulling. It took a first-class puller ten days to finish an acre. As the workers prepared their own meals, the growers were in no way inconvenienced by having them on their farms.

Flax a Highly Profitable Crop.

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Christianity to a point that is as yet impossible for the churches—"beating them to it," as the soldier boys would say.

"Don't misunderstand me," he protested. "The churches and their chaplains are doing a wonderful work, but the Y.M.C.A., being without a propaganda or dogmas, is able to adapt itself instantly to any needs that may arise, either at the battle-front or wherever the boys may be located. It meets them at all hours and in all places with a spirit of good cheer, comfort and helpfulness."

"Then you are of the opinion that the man who supports the war work of his church is not doing all he can to help the boys?"

"Assuredly. The Y.M.C.A. is able to go a little farther. Though the work of the church may be nearer to the ideal of what I want to see done, the Y.M.C.A. gets nearer to the boys."

That struck me as a very important point, and I decided to question him from an angle that might not be pleasing to a clergyman.

"You know," I insinuated, in a spirit of half confession, "that there are a lot of boys who would be inclined to look at a Y.M.C.A. at home as a sort of sissified institution, beneath the notice of young men of the world who like to affect a sort of manly wildness. Does the Y.M.C.A. get near to them?"

"Yes. The helpfulness of the Y.M.C.A. has won out, over every obstacle. In the beginning, the officers of the

I could not suppress a smile at finding my ancient enemy the trust or "Gentleman's Agreement" appearing in so admirable a form. But I made no comment. Instead, I asked a concluding question:

"Then I may tell the people that in its war work, especially in the matter of creature comforts, the Y.M.C.A. is nearer to the boys than anyone else?"

"Yes. It stands nearer to them than anything else except the military organization under whose discipline they live—and die. You see they are specially organized, trained and outfitted for this kind of work—and they are a mighty spiritual force, too."

When leaving him, I stopped to talk to several other clergymen who appeared in the office—it was a place of clergymen—and he stepped from the room. Shortly afterwards he returned with a copy of his latest book, on the fly-leaf of which he had written in memory of the men we had known in our boyhood:

"There were giants in those days."

It will be cherished as one of the most prized of a little collection of autographed first editions. And with it I shall cherish the memory of having spent a couple of hours with a well-known man who is doing a noble work himself and is not afraid to give the fullest credit to other men who are doing a noble work—such as the officers and field-workers of the Y.M.C.A., "who play such a great forward-line to the Church's backing in the great, great game," as Connor said.

FOR APIARY BEGINNER

Description of the Equipment Required to Insure Success.

CLUBS FOR THE FARMERS

Outline a Summer Program Now and Have Everything Well Organized—The Club Picnic Is a Very Successful Feature of the Year's Work.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

EXTRACTED honey production is the most satisfactory for beginners. Start with three colonies and sufficient equipment and then make the bees pay their way. One colony does not give the beginner an opportunity to right mistakes or accidents profitably. Three colonies can be managed by devoting one evening weekly to the apiary.

Avoid many troublesome pitfalls by starting with the right hive. The 10 fr. Langstroth hive has given the best satisfaction in Ontario. All beekeepers' supply houses carry this hive and its parts in their regular stock. Buy your first hives from a good manufacturer. It is very necessary to have all hive parts interchangeable so that they may be used in any colony in the apiary. Uniformity and accurate workmanship alone can ensure this need.

One complete 10 fr. Langstroth hive consists of:—

- (1) A bottom board.
- (2) A hive body with self spacing frames and wire.
- (3) A telescoping metal roof cover.

In addition the beginner should provide for each colony one queen excluder; two extra hive-bodies complete with frames; and 7 lbs. of medium brood foundation, which runs 6 sheets to the lb., to fill the

frames with a guide and foundation for the future combs.

It is advisable to commence with a 2-lb. package of bees and queen; a swarm or a nucleus. Less danger from disease attends the buying of pound packages than the buying of swarms and nuclei. Pound packages may be secured for delivery from May 1st to June 30th. Early packages will yield a surplus if carefully handled. Enquire of the Provincial Apiarist re disease in your locality before buying swarms, nuclei or colonies.

The accessory equipment for the beginner should consist of:—

- (1) A veil of black cotton tulle.
- (2) A standard bee smoker.
- (3) A hive tool.
- (4) A stir wheel wire embedder.
- (5) An uncapping knife.
- (6) An uncapping box.
- (7) A complete set of Department literature, Bulletins 213, 233 and 256, and a good reference bee book.
- (8) A small honey extractor.

With the exception of Nos. 6, 7 and 8, it is advisable to acquire the material needed from a supply firm at once. The uncapping box can be made at home, and the beginner could probably co-operate with another beekeeper in securing the use of an extractor. With the increase of colonies to ten, it would then be advisable to provide a storage can to assist in handling the crop.—W. A. Weir, Ontario Agricultural College.

BUILD A FISH POND

At little expense a great many farms are so situated that fish ponds may be constructed, and with the help of the fish commission at Washington these ponds can be stocked with the choicest table fish.

With some little care a bountiful supply of meat products may be secured from this source. Every fish eaten is that much gain in solving the present problem of living. The food products of the land are conserved by eating those of the streams.

ated cellar when the temperature can be maintained at 45 degrees Fahr. is ideal. Very few Ontario farm cellars will meet these requirements, however, so that the weather conditions play a more prominent part in the farmer-beekeeper's decision.

As a rule, the farmer-beekeeper will do well to carefully select of fortune weather and to give the colony some protection after setting out. Watch the weather forecasts closely and when the wind gets around to the south and east, with a prospect for rain on the morrow, start in the evening and move out all in possible. Construct an entrance to suit size of colony, giving strong colonies approximately 1/2 in. by 2 in. and at range a cushion of cloth (6 to 8 inches thick at least) over the brood chamber. It pays to pack the sides as well, especially in the northern sections of Ontario. Special packing cases of 1/2 in. material are made for this purpose, giving 3 to 4 inches packing room. The shock to brood rearing is very much reduced by packing and colonies therefore build up more rapidly.—W. A. Weir, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ontario.

To Treat Inflamed Udder of Cows.

Mammitis or inflammation of the udder is a common disease in cows. It is caused by irregular milking, exposure to cold and dampness, wounds, bruises, rough or careless handling during milking, etc., and in many cases appears without well marked cause.

Symptoms.—One or more quarters of the udder become swollen, hard and tender. The patient becomes dull, appetite lessened and temperature increased. The quality of the milk is more or less altered. In most cases curdled milk and a thin fluid resembling whey appears when the teats are drawn. In some cases a portion of curdled milk becomes lodged in the milk duct and is somewhat hard to remove. In some cases clotted blood also appears.

Constitutional treatment consists in keeping the patient as comfortable as possible, preferably in a roomy, well-ventilated box stall. A brisk purgative of 1 to 2 lbs. epsom salt, 1/2 to 1 dram of gamboge and 1 to 2 oz. ginger (according to size of patient) dissolved in a quart of warm water should be given, and followed up with 4 to 6 drams of nitrate of potassium twice daily for three days. The patient should be fed food not particularly inclined to cause milk production until the inflammation is allayed.

Local treatment consists in applying heat to the udder, either by keeping hot poultices to it or by long continued and frequently repeated bathing with hot water. Poultices can be applied by using a piece of cloth or canvas, with nole cut for the protrusion of the teats and fastening it by strings or straps over the hips and loins. The application of poultices of the proprietary preparation known as "antiphlogistine" gives good results. The fluid should be drawn from each quarter 4 or 5 times daily and after each milking the udder should be well massaged and rubbed with camphorated oil, where this oil cannot be readily obtained its substitution by goose-grease gives good results.—J. H. R., Ontario Agricultural College.

Get a Spray Calendar.

This is the time of year when spraying must command the attention of the fruit grower. Everyone should procure from the Department of Agriculture, a spray calendar in which directions are given for the spraying of all kinds of fruit trees and the preparation of the various insecticides and fungicides.—Ontario Agricultural College Notes.

and two tons of straw. The seed now for from \$7 to \$9 a bushel, with the price of straw will be dependent upon quality. In case labor conditions prevent the pulling of flax crop may be harvested with a bind the seed sold at a remunerative price and the straw at about \$15 a ton.

Old sod land is preferred for flax and any soil which will produce good crop of oats will be suitable. Wireworms and white grubs, so destructive to other crops, will not attack flax. The seed should be planted not later than May 10th and the crop is harvested during the middle of July; thus the soil is left in excellent condition for winter wheat. Thorough discing, without ploughing, is sufficient preparation for wheat crop. The fear that flax is particularly hard on the land is unfounded, as it does not take more from it than any ordinary field crop.

Fifteen Thousand Boys for Ontario Farms.

In 1916 and 1917 the Department of Education made regulations which permitted students to leave school in April, provided that their term work was satisfactory, for the purpose of engaging in farm work. They spent three months or more on a farm, they were given their schooling without passing the customary promotion examinations.

When the students had responded to the Government's appeal and volunteered in thousands for the work which they realized to be of such importance, there remained the problem of putting each individual applicant for work in touch with farmer who desired assistance. This was accomplished through the Ontario Government System of Public Employment Bureau in cases where the students were unable to make their own arrangements. A minimum wage of \$15 per month was set, but the farmers soon realized the value of the students' labor, and offered as high as \$35 per month. The average wage paid was \$18.

It is expected that 15,000 boys between the ages of 14 and 19 will be available this spring for farm work in the province. The minimum wage this year will be \$15 per month, with board. It is hoped that every farmer who can make use of the services of a High School boy will make an application through the District Representative in order that he may not be disappointed. There are over 150,000 farmers in Ontario, and over 15,000 boys to go round, so the farmer will be the one who speaks quickly.—Dr. W. A. Riddell, Ontario Labor Bureau.

Live Stock Reminders.

A regular and ample supply of salt will always be found helpful in promoting the thrift of live stock.

When pasture is provided for much less concentrated food is required. In view of the present late shortage pasture will be particularly valuable this year.

Mares worked previous to foaling will perform a good deal of work and the result will be stronger foals than with idle mares.

If pasture is allowed to get a good start it will carry more stock than if eaten bare from the start.—Ontario Agricultural College Notes.

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PROFIT IN FLAX CROP

Demand for Aeroplane Wings Stimulates Production.

BOYS WILL AID THE FARMERS

Seasonable Hints for the Fruit-grower and Agriculturalist—Information About the Work That Has Been Done to Secure Lads to Aid Production.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

FLAX fibre is absolutely necessary for the construction of aeroplane wings. Yet because of Russia's defection, Great Britain has not now more fibre on hand than is sufficient to keep the mills running one and a half days a week. To further complicate matters the flax seed crop in Ireland was seriously near a failure last year.

These vital facts were disclosed recently at a meeting in Toronto, of the Agricultural Section of the Organization of Resources Committee of Ontario, called to discuss the flax situation. Evidence was also given regarding what Ontario already had done to relieve the shortage. In 1917 thirty-three flax mills were operated, 1,000 acres were planted and 2,600,000 pounds of fibre and 45,000 bushels of seed were produced. Our flax business last year had a total value of \$2,000,000. Moreover, the seed produced will accomplish a vital mission abroad, as a large part of it has been shipped to Ireland to meet the great seed deficiency there.

8,000 Acres at Least This Year.

Already flax growers are planning a 8,000-acre production, at least, for this year. Each of the mills are in the market for all the straw and seed that can be secured and good prices are assured the grower. The arrangements made in the past year, for the most part, provided for the leasing of flax land by the mills at a rental of from \$10 to \$15 an acre. The grower ploughed the land, repaired the seed bed and hauled the crop to the mill—except where the crop was carried on the railroad. The mill operator supplied the seed, then did the seeding, and harvested the crop. The flax was pulled by hand and the workers were housed in the sheds in tents. Their transportation was paid by the mill company and they received \$15 an acre for pulling. It took a first-class puller three days to finish an acre. As the workers prepared their own meals, the growers were in no way inconvenienced by having them on their farms.

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While this system is still followed almost entirely, farmers may very profitably grow flax, doing all the work and selling the crop outright to the mills. An acre of good flax will produce some nine bushels of seed and two tons of straw. The seed sells now for from \$7 to \$9 a bushel, while the price of straw will be dependent upon quality. In case labor conditions prevent the pulling of flax the crop may be harvested with a binder, the seed sold at a remunerative price, and the straw at about \$15 a ton.

Old soil land is preferred for flax and any soil which will produce a good crop of oats will be suitable. Wireworms and white grubs, so destructive to other crops, will not attack flax. The seed should be planted

“Woe unto you that are full, for ye shall hunger.”

Luke 6: 25.

Not spiritually (although even the penalty of remorse may follow your neglect of this national warning) but ye shall hunger in the trying physical sense in which hunger now grips the peoples of Europe.

We know “it is difficult to talk to the belly which hath no ears,” and it is just as difficult to persuade a person who has a full dinner before him to-day that he may want for food next month.

But you may as well let this fact sink into your mind—the last people that Canada and the United States will allow to suffer for want of food are our fighting men, and if a sufficient exportable surplus of food cannot be raised and saved by voluntary efforts, then very drastic rationing measures will be enforced.

It may astonish you to learn that in 1917 Ontario did not grow enough wheat for its own needs. Consequently every Ontario farmer

whose land is suitable, has been urged to sow 5 acres more spring wheat this year so that Ontario's demand for wheat shall not be met at the expense of that portion of the Western crop that should more rightfully be shipped overseas.

For this same reason every householder who has a garden or a piece of vacant land is being urged to grow vegetables, because the more vegetables that are grown and eaten in Ontario, the less wheat and meat there will be consumed, and that being so, the Ontario wheat crop should then be sufficient to feed our own people, and leave more Western wheat and other foods available for export.

If you have not yet decided to plant a vegetable garden make up your mind to do so now. You will not regret it. There is still lots of time. Potatoes and beans may be planted up to June 1st and these are the best substitutes for wheat and meat.

For good, practical advice upon how to lay out and cultivate a Vegetable Garden, write for a free copy of the booklet entitled: “A Vegetable Garden for Every Home.” This has been prepared by the Ontario Department of Agriculture for the guidance of citizens who will respond to this call for increased production.

Mail
This Coupon
NOW

Organization of Resources Committee,
Parliament Buildings, Toronto

Dear Sirs:

Please send me a copy of your booklet “A Vegetable Garden for Every Home.”

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ORGANIZATION OF RESOURCES COMMITTEE
In Co-Operation with Canada Food Board



A Successful Farmers' Club.

The history of some farmers' associations in Ontario has been brief and filled with troubles. Others have built upon the rock and have endured. Why the difference?

Perhaps a very short story will explain the former case. A farmers' club, organized by a district representative, got away apparently to a

CROPS ARE INCREASED

Quicklime for Heavy Soils, Ground Limestone for Light Soils.

SEPTIC TANK FOR THE FARM

atoes are not all treated the same way it is advisable to make up fresh formula for each day's work.

Corrosive sublimate (mercuric chloride) can also be used to treat potatoes to prevent scab. Soak the uncut tubers for three hours in a solution of 2 ounces of corrosive sublimate to 25 gallons of water. Corrosive sublimate is a deadly poison, and potatoes treated with it are poisonous.

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When the students had responded to the Government's appeal and had volunteered in thousands for the work which they realized to be of such importance, there remained the problem of putting each individual applicant for work in touch with a farmer who desired assistance. This was accomplished through the Ontario Government System of Public Employment Bureau in cases where the students were unable to make their own arrangements. A minimum wage of \$15 per month was set, but the farmers soon realized the value of the students' labor, and offered as high as \$35 per month. The average wage paid was \$18.

It is expected that 15,000 boys between the ages of 14 and 19 will be available this spring for farm work in the province. The minimum wage this year will be \$15 per month, with board. It is hoped that every farmer who can make use of the services of a High School boy will make early application through the District representative in order that he may not be disappointed. There are over 50,000 farmers in Ontario, and only 5,000 boys to go round, so the wise farmer will be the one who speaks quickly.—Dr. W. A. Riddell, Ontario Labor Bureau.

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The history of some farmers' associations in Ontario has been brief and filled with troubles. Others have built upon the rock and have endured. Why the difference?

Perhaps a very short story will explain the former case. A farmers' club, organized by a district representative, got away apparently to a good start, then halted uncertainly and finally died a lingering death from general debility. When asked to explain the reason the representative gave one—promptly and with emphasis.

"The club died because the farmers didn't want it. The members were easily persuaded to organize but never took any real interest in it—they were never really convinced that it was a vital necessity.

"So far I haven't any other proposal to revive it either, and I don't intend to attempt to inject any artificial stimulation into it. When the farmers in that district are really 'sold' to the idea of the necessity of organization, then we'll be in a position to do some work."

That explains the first cause of most failures. Artificial stimulation serves to carry an invalid through a dangerous pass, but as a steady diet for a healthy body it is foredoomed to failure. A farmers' association must not be an invalid; when outside stimulation has to be given, it is a safe bet its days are numbered.

But many others have succeeded. Work—doing things—is the secret of their success. They make every member conscious of the value of organization in the community. The executives are enthusiastic, they have developed progressive policies and they work to make them successful. And work honestly undertaken and wisely directed will always make a club or association successful if it has the right kind of material to work with.

In the summer, the club ought not to be allowed to lose its grip. How about a herd testing scheme—has your club taken that up yet? Perhaps those members needing drainage can have surveys made of their fields, purchase tile co-operatively, secure a traction ditcher, and if need be, borrow provincial funds to pay a large part of the cost. Endless ways present themselves to make the farmers' association a real force in every month. Above all, don't forget the farmers' picnic—a little fun makes the work more efficient.—Justus Miller, Ontario Department of Agriculture.

To Eradicate Bad Weeds.

If troubled with mustard in grain crops, spray with the 20 p.c. solution of iron sulphate, (2 lbs. of iron sulphate to each gallon of water). If such spraying is to be effective it must be done early just when the first mustard plants in the field are coming into flower.

Good cultivation followed by rape sown about the middle of June in drills about 26 inches apart at the rate of 1½ pounds per acre, provides a means of eradicating perennial sow thistle and twitch grass.

Dairy Pointers for June.

Cows in clover or good June-grass pasture require very little attention. This is the ideal month for dairy operations. If there are any hot days, be careful to cool both milk and cream, by setting in ice water, or cold well water. Sour milk and cream are too frequently sent to the factory. Don't forget to wash the cream separator and strainer daily, or after each time of using.

CROPS ARE INCREASED

Quicklime for Heavy Soils, Ground Limestone for Light Soils.

SEPTIC TANK FOR THE FARM

Potatoes Should Be Treated This Year to Control Scab, as the Success of This Crop Is of the Utmost Importance in the Greater Production Campaign.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE soils in many parts of the province are so depleted of their lime that they are becoming sour or acid. This is an important fact as few, if any, of our farm crops can make their best growth on a soil carrying an insufficient supply of lime. This is especially true of leguminous plants and it is probable that the frequent "killing out" of clover during the first winter is due to lack of sufficient lime.

Lime acts in several ways. It neutralizes the acids formed in the soil through the decay of organic matter; it overcomes the tenacity of clay soils, binds sands together and thus improves the physical condition of both types of soil. Lime is not only an essential constituent of the food of plants, but it also tends to liberate plant food, especially potash, from the insoluble forms in the soil, bringing them into an available state. The micro-organisms that live on the roots of the nitrogen-gathering plants cannot work in an acid soil, nor can some other forms of organisms whose function it is to gather nitrogen.

It requires about two tons of ground limestone rock to be equal to one ton of quick lime, and the prices charged for them are in about the same proportion. Furthermore two tons of the former to one ton of the latter are about the right quantities to apply.

The ground limestone rock is safe on any land in almost any quantity, and may be applied at any time of the year. On heavy clay soils quick lime, slaked before applying, may give quicker results; but it should not be applied to light sandy soils. Few materials or fertilizers can have so many good things said about them as lime and none of them cost so little money. Try out a little yourself this year.—Prof. R. Harcourt, Ontario Agricultural College.

To Prevent Potato Scab.

For seed select smooth, sound potatoes, as free as possible from scab, and disinfest by soaking them before they are cut for two hours in a solution made by adding half a pint of commercial formalin to 15 gallons of water. A couple of barrels with plugs in the sides near the bottom can be used to advantage in treating the seed. The potatoes can be placed directly in the solution or first put in crates or coarse sacks and then immersed.

After treatment spread the potatoes out on a clean floor or on the grass to dry. Wash all crates, bags, etc., which are used in handling the potatoes with the formalin solution. The same formalin solution can be used to treat successive lots of potatoes. Fifteen gallons is sufficient to treat from 20 to 25 bushels if ordinary precautions are taken not to waste too much of the fluid as each lot of tubers is dipped. If the pota-

atoes are not all treated the same way it is advisable to make up fresh formalin for each day's work.

Corrosive sublimate (mercuric chloride) can also be used to treat potatoes to prevent scab. Soak the uncut tubers for three hours in a solution of 2 ounces of corrosive sublimate to 25 gallons of water. Corrosive sublimate is a deadly poison, and potatoes treated with it are rendered unfit for food for man or beast.

Formalin is a clear liquid disinfectant. It is a 40 p.c. solution of formaldehyde gas and water. It can be purchased from almost any druggist. It is sold under the names of formalin and formaldehyde. It is important that the purchaser, whatever name he buys it under, secured a guaranteed solution of 40 p.c. formaldehyde.

If possible plant the treated seed potatoes on clean soil, that is soil that has not produced a crop of scabby potatoes. Practice a rotation of crops. If scab is very bad it is not advisable to plant potatoes on the same land oftener than once in five years. Heavy applications of barnyard manure should not be made to the potato crop, but if necessary given at some other point in the rotation. Plant potatoes after clover seed if possible. Avoid alkali fertilizers such as lime and wood ashes.—Prof. J. E. Howitt, Ontario Agricultural College.

Septic Tank for Sewage Disposal.

This system consists ordinarily of a two-chamber concrete, water-proof tank equipped with an inlet, overflow and vent pipe, and an automatic siphon for emptying the tank of the liquid sewage from time to time, and a system of tile, called the "absorption bed," consisting of several parallel rows of 3 or 4 in. land tile laid with open joints, almost level, and shallow, and branching off from a main line of sewer pipe which connects it to the tank. For the ordinary-sized home each tank should be about 3 ft. square and 3 ft. deep, and 150 to 200 feet of land tile would be required for the absorption bed. The vitrified sewer tile is best for the main and the number of them will depend upon the distance of the absorption bed from the tank.

If this system be properly installed it will dispose of sewage in a very satisfactory manner and without endangering the water supply. Complete plans in blue-print form for installing it may be secured for the writing from the Department of Physics, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.—R. R. Graham, B.S.A., Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ontario.

Threshing Gangs for Ontario.

Farmers are shorter of labor this year than they have ever been before. In many cases there may be but one man on a farm, assisted, perhaps, by a boy. It will be necessary, therefore, to economize labor in every way possible in order that this year's harvest may be taken off and the fall work completed in preparation for the 1919 crop.

While there are objections to the threshing gang in Ontario it is hoped to initiate the work on a reasonably large scale this year. The Ontario Department of Agriculture is making a study of the proposition as it affects the farmer, while the Ontario Labor Bureau has agreed to provide 5,000 men for threshing gangs if there is a demand for these. With suitable co-operation between the farm public of the province and the Provincial Department of Agriculture there should be no difficulty in organizing a large number of gangs this fall.



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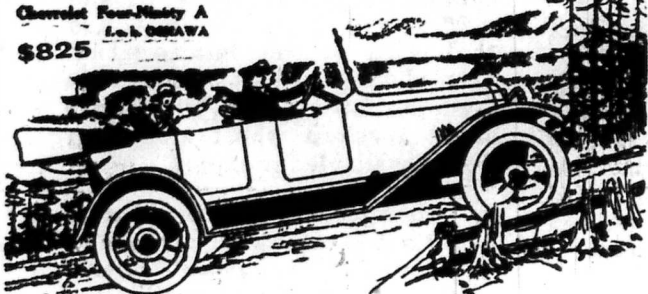
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Standard equipment includes speedometer, electric starting and lighting, ammeter, oil indicator light equipment, one man top, demountable rims, non-skid tires on rear wheels and many features usually looked for in cars much higher in price.

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C. A. WISEMAN, - Dealer, Napanee

IMPORTANT POINTS IN HATCHING CHICKENS.

During the hatching season the poultry house and particularly the nest should be kept clean. Clean water and a supply of whole grain should be accessible to the sitters and a dust bath should be provided also. If more than one hatch is being taken on, clean out and disinfect the nest after each hatch and put in new sod and fresh litter. Dust the hen with insect powder before putting her in the nest and again a day or two before leaving the nests with the chickens. It is a good plan to put into the dust bath a little dry sulphur or ground tobacco.

Be sure also that the house is free from mites. These little pests get into the cracks and corners of the building and at night, as the hens are resting, they come out of the hiding place, get on the hen's body and it does not take very many of them to make a hen so uneasy that she cannot sit. In some cases the mites become so troublesome that they actually worry the hens to death.

HOW TO GET RID OF MITES.

Clean out the house and thoroughly sweep, not forgetting the windows, walls and ceiling. When this all swept out clean, use a garden hose or a stiff brush and hot water. See that everything in the cracks and crevices is washed out. After this is done allow the house to dry for a while and if everything then appears to be clean, use a good disinfectant and be sure that the solution is forced by the spray or brush right into the cracks and crevices. If the mites are bad, use boiling hot water followed by coal oil and a liquid lice killer or lice paint. Be sure that this goes into the cracks and crevices and when you have gone over your house thoroughly according to the above treatment, in all probability the mites will be exterminated, but it is advisable in the course of three or four days again to inspect for the mites and perhaps to repeat the dose once more.

WALL PAPER.

We have the finest line of Wall Paper samples ever shown in Napanee. All prices. Quick delivery.

M. PIZZARIELLO, Market Square.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN

Cincinnati authority tells how to lift up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women suffer no longer. Wear the shoe that nearly killed you before, says the Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted out, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or sore corn or callus. This should be tried as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone, tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house. It's fine stuff and acts like a charm every time.

Just received a complete line of the latest Novels at prices ranging from 15c. to 25c. M. PIZZARIELLO on the Market Square.

An International League.

From Morocco to Walfisch Bay to the west coast of Africa has been the scene of a scramble between great powers. Asiatic Turkey with the Bagdad railway is the shining prize at which Germany aims through the "Mittel Europa" scheme. European power has sought colonies as spheres of influence for the exclusive benefit of its own business interests. What better way can be devised to prevent the recurrence of these "wars of steel and gold," Mr. Brailsford has termed the than by substituting for the rival economic ambitions of each people an agreement for the economic advantage of all? Let the great colonizing states follow the example of the American States who ceded the western lands to the Confederate States, France, Great Britain, Germany, Belgium, Italy, and Portugal would then vest in an international European Congress and its executive organs the title to practically the whole of Central Africa. The same Congress should assume the responsibility for the bankrupt concerns of Turk and Persian, Russia, England, France, and Germany would then have the merit of yielding each selfish advantage, in order to cement a European union and to promote the common welfare.

At once the European League of Nations would become the administrator of a great public domain of the world. It would derive therefrom strength and importance at the moment almost incalculable. It would begin to strike roots, as under similar circumstances in North America into a sentiment of unity and allegiance in a new brotherhood of States. It would establish complete freedom of trade for all nations throughout the whole extent of the common territory. It would naturally add to the administration of the new domain the responsibility of the neutralized straits, canals, and other waterways in the old world and for neutralized territories also.

The first administrators of the new territories should be chosen from peoples accustomed to self-government and not directly involved in the present war, Swiss, Dutch, and Scandinavians.—American Review

A tube of Rexall's Catarrh Jelly quickly relieves colds in the head, catarrh and hay fever—25c. at WALL. only at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

Wallace's Rat Strychnine will destroy your rats and mice. For sale only at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.





They Must Not Look in Vain!

A N officer was missing. His brother crept out and found him in a shell hole. He bore him back to the lines—dead. "Are you not sorry you ventured all this?" asked the commanding officer. "No", because when I found him he looked up into my face, smiled and said "I knew you would come!" What could more fittingly illustrate the work of the "big brother to the soldiers"—the Y.M.C.A.! No danger is too great to be risked for the sake of the physical, mental and spiritual welfare of those dauntless heroes of Ypres, St. Julien, Vimy Ridge, Passchendaele! Everywhere he goes the Y.M.C.A. follows—faithful to the limit of its resources.

Y.M.C.A.

Red Triangle Fund

\$2,250,000 May 7, 8, 9

Canada-Wide Appeal

Think of the inspiration to the Canadian soldiers in this tremendous Campaign of 1918 as they learn that the folks at home are heart and soul behind them, showing it by a magnificent response to the Red Triangle Fund appeal—the worth while way.

Help the Y.M.C.A. to increase its helpfulness. Help it as far as possible to measure up to the boundless need! Help with your money, that more and ever more soldiers can say, "I knew you would come!"

Many people are located at points where one cannot get into touch with any canvasser working in aid of the Red Triangle Fund. If you are so situated send your money direct. Remit by cheque, money order or registered letter to Thomas Bradshaw, National Treasurer, Red Triangle Fund, 120 Bay St., Toronto. Make your contribution as large as possible, but whether large or small it will be welcome.

National Council, Young Men's Christian Association

Headquarters: 120 Bay Street, Toronto

John W. Ross, (Montreal)

National Chairman of
Red Triangle Fund Campaign

G. A. Warburton, (Toronto)

National Director of
Red Triangle Fund Campaign

A Village Without Y. M. C. A.

Francis B. Sayre writing in Harpers' says: "With only evil ways in which to spend money burning in their pockets, with nothing to relieve the dull monotony of idle evenings, many of the soldiers began to get lonely and homesick, or to drift along dangerous paths.

"It was not many days before officers began to send hurry calls for the Y.M.C.A.: 'For God's sake come down before it's too late and do something for my men.'"

"Earn and Give" Campaign

Serve your Country by your labor and make a gift to the Red Triangle Fund from your earnings! What a fine chance to do a double service! Six thousand boys are asked to give \$10 each. Of the total, \$50,000 goes to help the soldiers, the balance for boys' work. Gifts must be at least \$10, the standard unit. A boy may subscribe more than \$10 in \$10 units, but not less. A beautifully engraved certificate will be given to each subscriber. Ask your local Y.M.C.A. representative for pledge card and full information, or send your contribution direct to headquarters.

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The first administrators of the new territories should be chosen from peoples accustomed to self-government and not directly involved in the present war, Swiss, Dutch, and Scandinavians.—American Review of Reviews.

Sparing Him.

"Butter is high, dearie," ventured the economical husband.

"I know it is. So shut your eyes."

"Eh?"

"And then you won't see how much I have to put on your toast."

Full line of Stationery, Writing Pads, Envelopes, Books, etc.

M. PIZZARELLO, Market Square.

DETAILS OF NE IN CANAD

Ottawa, April 30.—The new taxation outlined in to-day's Budget speech is as follows:

Income tax extended to include incomes from \$1,000 to \$1,500 in the case of unmarried persons, and from \$2,000 to \$3,000 in the case of married persons.

Tax on smaller incomes to be two per cent, per annum.

A super-tax of five per cent. to be charged on the taxes paid on incomes between \$6,000 and \$10,000 under the income tax measure of last year, and a super-tax of ten per cent. on incomes from \$10,000 to \$100,000, with corresponding increase for higher incomes.

A revision upwards of the taxation on incomes above \$50,000.

Special exemption of \$200 income for each child under 16 years of age.

The corporation income tax, formerly four per cent., is raised to six per cent.

The business profits tax of the last three years is renewed and made applicable to companies having an invested capital of \$25,000 or upwards. The previous limit was \$50,000. It is made applicable to all companies whether incorporated or not. The amount of taxation on the new companies brought within the provision of the act is 25 per cent. of the profits over 10 per cent. of invested capital.

TAXES ON HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES

Customs duty of 10 cents per pound on tea and excise duty of 10 cents per pound on all stocks now in dealers' hands. This averages 40 cents per year per capita.

Customs duty on green coffee and chicory made five cents per pound. British preferential and seven cent per pound intermediate, instead of 2 cents and 3 cents, as formerly.

Temperance drinks which require malt, rice or corn in their manufacture will now have to pay custom duty of forty per cent. ad valorem instead of 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Excise on tobacco, cigars and cigarettes manufactured from foreign leaf doubled. Excise of 5 cents per pound imposed on home-grown raw leaf.

LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN!

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Up a corn or callus so it lifts
off with fingers.

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American States who ceded their
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vest in an international Euro-
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MRS. ROWE GAINS ALMOST 50 POUNDS

Lost Nearly 100 Pounds After Opera-
tion—Tanlac Builds Her Up Again.

"When my wife came home from
the hospital she weighed little more
than a hundred pounds, but Tanlac
has built her up, until she now
weighs one hundred and fifty," was
the remarkable statement recently
made by Harry Rowe, of 65 McCaul
Street, Toronto.

"Two years ago," he continued,
"when my wife left here for England,
she seemed to be a strong and heal-
thy woman, and weighed two hundred
pounds. Two months later she was
operated on for appendicitis, and the
shock seemed to break her all up. A
month later when she returned to
Canada she had fallen off until she
was but a shadow of her former self.
She had no appetite and the little
she forced down soured and formed
gas that made her miserable most all
the time. She was very bilious too,
and complained of an awful pain in
her side. The operation weakened her
so that she spent most of her time
in bed, and she was unable even when
she was up to do anything about the
house. She tried to find relief from
her sufferings by taking all kinds of
preparations, but got worse instead
of better.

"One of my friends who had taken
Tanlac praised it so much that I got
my wife to try it. She has taken
three bottles so far, and her appetite
has improved so much that she can
eat anything she wants, and says she
is never troubled with Sour Stomach
or gas anymore. She never complains
of that pain in her side anymore, and
is fast regaining her former strength
and weight, and she feels stronger
and better than she has in a long
time.

Tanlac is sold in Napanee at WAL-
LACE'S Drug Store, in Camden East
by R. J. OSTER, in Wagarville by
S. JACKSON.

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the "U. E. Loyalist" Chap-
ter, I.O.D.E.



Last week Mrs. Carleton Woods, of
Roblin, favored us with a visit, and
brought us a splendid quilt to be
sent to the French. We were very
pleased to welcome Mrs. Woods as
one of our number to our work-room,
and to know of her practical sym-
pathy with the very needy people of
Northern France, also desiring to ex-
press our sincere thanks for her do-
nation.

Do not forget that our boxes for
the Queen Mary's Needlework Guild,
must be ready for shipment by the
middle of this month, all hospital
supplies must be laundered, and each
article marked with the Badge of
the Order; also that any donations
for the soldiers comfort case will be
gratefully received.

The Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

[Limited.]

DINING ROOM SETTS

complete in Quartered Oak, Golden or
Fumed Finish.

PARLOR SUITS IN GREAT VARIETY.

Kitchen Cabinets.

Children's Carriages and Go-Carts.

Devenports.

Iron and Brass Beds.

Spring and Upholstered Mattress

Come and inspect our Stock and get our Prices.

Freight Prepaid.

The Gibbard Furniture Co'y.

Notice to The Trade!

Order Your

Soft Drinks

From

The Lennox Beverage Works,

'Phone 275, Napanee.

Sole Agents for

THE NATIONAL BREWERIES Limited, - Montreal, Que.
GRANTS SPRINGS BREWERY CO., - Hamilton, Ont.
HAMILTON BREWING ASSOCIATION - Hamilton, Ont.

2 1-2 p. c. Ale, Lager, and Porter.

Write for Prices.

We specialize in all kinds of

CARBONATED DRINKS

and ship to all local outside points.

THE LENNOX BEVERAGE WORKS,

East Street, - Napanee, Ont.

Rear of Daly's Tea Warehouse.

Try Our Unfermented Fruit Wines.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor. TOBACCO STORE.
We think we can please you.

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ll line of Stationery, Writing , Envelopes, Books, etc. PIZZARELLO, Market Square.

DETAILS OF NEW TAXES IN CANADA'S BIG BUDGET

tawa, April 30.—The new tax- outlined in to-day's Budget h is as follows: Some tax extended to include in- from \$1,000 to \$1,500 in the of unmarried persons, and from \$0 to \$3,000 in the case of mar- persons. \$ on smaller incomes to be two cent, per annum. Super-tax of five per cent. to be ed on the taxes paid on in- between \$6,000 and \$10,000 r the income tax measure of last , and a super-tax of ten per cent on incomes from \$10,000 to \$00,000, with corresponding increases higher incomes. revision upwards of the taxation incomes above \$50,000. eal exemption of \$200 income each child under 16 years of age. e corporation income tax, form- four per cent., is raised to six cent. e business profits tax of the last years is renewed and made ap- ple to companies having an in- ed capital of \$25,000 or upwards. previous limit was \$50,000. It is applicable to all companies, her incorporated or not. The unit of taxation on the new com- es brought within the provisions ie act is 25 per cent. of the pro- over 10 per cent. of invested al.

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one of our number to our work- room, and to know of her practical sym- pathy with the very needy people of Northern France, also desiring to express our sincere thanks for her donation.

Do not forget that our boxes for the Queen Mary's Needlework Guild, must be ready for shipment by the middle of this month, all hospital supplies must be laundered, and each article marked with the Badge of the Order; also that any donations for the soldiers comfort case will be gratefully received.

Early in June the Daughters of the Empire and their Committee propose to put on a dramatic entertainment of exceptional merit, no effort will be spared to make it a finished production. Proceeds for the many ob- jects of patriotic endeavor for which we are constantly called upon to contribute. Therefore, we would ask the kind co-operation of all and especial- ly of all our members for a united effort to make this undertaking a very great success. The dates decided upon are the 11th and 12th June.

Chase's Family Remedies for sale at WALLACE'S.

Excise taxation of one cent per hundred on matches and eight cents on a package of playing cards im- posed.

Customs duty on moving picture films made five cents per foot.

Taxes on sleeping car berths made ten per cent. of the price paid for each berth, with a minimum charge of 25 cents. On parlor car seats the tax is increased from five to ten cents.

Special war excise tax of ten per cent. on the selling value of automo- biles, jewellery, gramophones, piano and organ players and records when imported into or manufactured in Canada.

HEAVY WAR-TIME BURDENS.

Financial features of the Budget are in brief as follows:

Revenue for the past fiscal year, \$258,000,000; an increase of \$26,000,000 over 1916-17. Expenditure on revenue account, \$173,000,000, and on capital account, \$30,000,000. Surplus to be applied to war expenditure, \$55,000,000.

War expenditure last year, \$245,000,000, and total war expenditure to the end of March this year, \$878,000,000, exclusive of pay still due to troops overseas.

Net national debt now \$1,200,000,000.

Estimated commitments of the Gov- ernment for the current fiscal year \$980,000,000, including \$230,000,000 for the civil budget, \$425,000,000 for war expenditure and \$325,000,000 for financing in part British war orders in Canada.

RAISING THE MONEY.

To provide for this expenditure the Government counts on revenue of \$270,000,000; unexpected balance of the Victory Loan, \$130,000,000; financing by Great Britain of cost of maintenance of Canadian troops over- seas, \$300,000,000, and the balance of \$280,000,000 to be provided from loans in Canada or elsewhere if possible. Commitments on railway equipment and Canadian Northern Railway ma- turities account to be met by renew- al of maturities and sale of equip- ment securities.

THE LENNOX BEVERAGE WORKS,

East Street, - Napanee, Ont.

Rear of Daly's Tea Warehouse.

Try Our Unfermented Fruit Wines.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary. Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

HARRY E. SMITH

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Strictly Private and Confidential.

Smith's Jewellery Store,

Napanee

0-3-m

FRED CHINNECK

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

Chinneck's Jewellery Store

Next Wallace's Drug Store

Napanee

Strictly Private and Confidential.

39

JOHN T. GRANGE

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

Grange Block, John Street,

Strictly Private and Confidential.

Have You Seen BEAVER BOARD Paneled Walls and Ceilings?

THEY far surpass lath, plaster and wall-paper in beauty, durability, ease of application, and economy.

They deaden sound, resist heat and cold, retard fire, resist shocks or strains, do not crack, chip or deteriorate with age.

BEAVER BOARD

can be used in new or re- modeled buildings of every type.

We carry full stock and can furnish sizes as ordered, with full information about use, application, etc.



APPLY TO

MADOLE HARDWARE CO.

PHONE 13,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO

Notice

Owing to change in business I find it necessary to have all outstanding accounts paid in at once. And all future accounts must be settled at least every month.

We carry a full line of choice GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED, SALT, HAY, STRAW—CORD WOOD and CUT WOOD—which will be sold at Bottom Prices.

S. CASEY DENISON.

Centre Street, North.

Phone 101

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you. TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc
PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

WE - WANT - NOW

A Reliable Agent in Lennox and Addington County to sell Pelham Peerless Fruit and Ornamental Fruit Trees during Fall and Winter months. Good pay, exclusive territory, free selling equipment.

OVER 600 ACRES

of the choicest Nursery Stock including NOW varieties controlled by us. Handsome up-to-date selling equip- ment and a splendid Canadian grown stock to offer customers. We are not jobbers. Write now for agency terms to PELHAM NURSERY CO., Toron- to, Ont.

N.B.—Catalogue sent on request to applicants for agencies or purchasers of Nursery Stock.

31-4

SYMINGTON'S

Is the place to get the Following Goods:

FEEDS

Cotton Seed Meal, Ruby Chop Barley Feed, Cracked Corn, Feed Wheat, Etc.

SEEDS

Timothy, Alsike, Clover, Alfalfa, Flower Seeds, Lawn Grass, Etc.

Also Hen Supplies, Garden Seeds, and Plants.

THOS. SYMINGTON,

NAPANEE, ONT.

50-1f

FRUIT TREES and PLANTS

FOR SPRING PLANTING

We need no further introduction than the fact that we have been in the Nursery Business SIXTY-ONE YEARS, and are now prepared to meet existing conditions by offering our high grade trees and plants direct to customers at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Send for our illustrated circulars of hardy varieties which you can order direct and save the agent's commission, of which you get the benefit. Our prices will be sure to interest you and all stock is absolutely first-class and true to name.

The Chase Brothers Co.,

of Ontario, Limited

Nurserymen

Established 1857

COLBORNE,

ONT.

6-20

LOUD LONDON NEWSBOYS.

Objections to Their Variety of "Wux-try—Just Out" Cry.

The crying of exaggerated news by irresponsible news vendors has lately again assumed the dimensions of a public nuisance.

There was a flagrant instance of this scandal recently. In various parts of London and the suburbs were to be heard newsboys calling out "Great British naval victory!" and in consequence they found a ready sale.

It was hoped that when posters were suppressed, in the interests of economy in paper, another valuable result would also be attained in pre-

venting the nerves of the public being continually excited by "bills" bearing "scare" lines.

At the present time, when most persons are working at great tension, and so many have near relatives whose lives may be at stake in a particular action, it is considered most important in official quarters that every means should be employed to prevent the public being exploited and their nerves unnecessarily worked upon by the scaremongers of the street.

It may be recalled that early in the war the police authorities found means to suppress the nuisance created by the men and boys who made a sudden eruption at certain centres at night and continued yelling their news to the distraction of all the residents in the neighborhood.

Similar action was taken by the police when the thousands of workers in certain Government offices were seriously disturbed in the evening by the irrepressible newsboys, who played on the anxiety of the persons always to be found in the vicinity. It is hoped, therefore, that the recent recrudescence of the "catchpenny" nuisance may receive the attention of the police authorities with similarly successful results.

A high official at Scotland Yard pointed out that to cry false news is, of course, an indictable offence, and that it is open to any member of the public to prosecute the offender. The difficulties in the way of doing so, however, are obvious, for by the time the purchaser of a paper has discovered the imposition of the newsboy he has vanished. A constable has no power to detain a boy while he verifies the truth of his statement, so that he is in no better position to deal with an offender.

The official suggested that something might be done in the matter by the newspaper proprietors themselves by having a conference and taking steps to discourage the bawling of news in the streets.

It is, however, obviously impossible for the management of newspapers to exercise control over the thousands of irresponsible men and boys, whose sole object is to sell out their stock of papers, and the public looks to the police themselves with far more confidence for a redress of the evil.—London Globe.

Proud of It.

A leading politician, apropos of the Luxburg, Bernstorff, von Igel and other German exposures, said the other day:

"Germany seems to approve the unexampled wickedness of her sons. She reminds me of the old man at the club.

"An old man sat reading a newspaper in a club while a group of young fellows talked excitedly about the marvelous power for lying possessed by a certain Jack Courtenay. When their talk ceased the old man cleared his throat and said:

"Gentlemen, I have just heard you decide that Jack Courtenay is the biggest liar in Canada. I am his father."

"A young man, very red in the face, started to apologize, but the old boy said:

"No, no; don't apologize. It isn't necessary. I merely wanted to say, gentlemen, that if you consider my son Jack the biggest liar in Canada, it's very evident that you have never met my other son, Jim."

A Good Job.

A dashing Lieutenant-colonel, ex-member of the General Staff, was approached by a recently drafted man.

GET READY FOR GARDEN

How to Plan Your Work and Work to a Plan.

EVERYBODY GROW EATABLES

The Essentials In Planning Garden—Best Varieties to Plant.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

AT NO TIME in many years has the necessity and importance of the home vegetable garden been so clearly shown as for this coming summer. France, our wonderful ally, has since the French Revolution been a nation of small farmers, her people of small means cultivating some available land to produce a portion of their own household foodstuffs and to increase the wealth of the nation. Great Britain, threatened with a shortage of foodstuffs, determined to cultivate all available land possible to offset this shortage and we, in Canada, bending every energy toward facilitating these great nations should do all in our individual power to do something in the hope of helping ourselves and assisting the commercial vegetable growers who are seriously handicapped by the shortage of labor in the production of vegetable foodstuffs. Every city, town and village dweller has an opportunity to help in this great work, in that there are hundreds of available plots now practically unproductive, which could be made grow vegetables and thus add to the wealth of the country.

Vegetables an Important Food.

Vegetables should form an important portion of the daily food of the average human being, for they possess qualities which we are told are essential in the proper digestion of the heavy foods, such as meats.

All backyards cannot be prepared in one year to grow vegetables of an excellent quality. Some portion of the yard, however, may be devoted to this purpose, or, if it is convenient, there are usually many vacant lots which are not too far from one's place of abode which possibly could be devoted to the growing of vegetables.

Some Essentials.

First of all it is essential that the vegetable garden, no matter how small, be planted according to some plan or rule. No one attempts to build a house or to set out a perennial flower border without using some drawing or chart to go by. Why should the vegetable garden be treated differently? Haphazard planting will prove a failure, and in order to overcome this it should be remembered in laying out the garden that—

(1) Tall plants will be most effective if placed behind low ones, not intermingled with them.

(2) All plants closely allied should be grown together, not in the same row, but in rows adjoining one another.

(3) The fences may be decorated with vine crops which may be supported on the fences by means of strings or lattice work.

LEMONS WHITEN AND BEAUTIFY THE SKIN

Make this beauty lotion cheaply your face, neck, arms and hands

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cream one can prepare a full quart pint of the most wonderful skin softener and complexion beautifier by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then the lotion will keep fresh for months. A woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounce lemon white at any drug store, two lemons from the grocer and make a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily on the face, neck, arms and hands. marvelous to smoothen rough, red skin.

will be well advised to wait until middle of May before doing much in the garden.

Suitable Varieties.

A list of varieties suitable for dens made by city, town and village dwellers follows:

Asparagus—Palmetto, Congo, Colossal.

Beans—Davis' White Wax, G. Wad, Refugee.

Beets—Crosby's Egyptian, Dark Red.

Brussels sprouts—Dalkeith, Carrots—Chantenay.

Cauliflower—Erfurt, Snowball Cabbage—Copenhagen, Ma.

Danish Ball Head.

Celery—Paris Golden, W. Queen.

Corn—Golden Bantam, Stovergreen.

Cucumber—White Spine, Ch. Pickling.

Citron—Colorado Preserving.

Lettuce—Grand Rapids, Nonpareil.

Melon, Musk—Paul Rose.

Melon, Water—Cole's Early.

Onions—Southport Yellow Globe, Parsnip—Hollow Crown.

Parsley—Champion Moss Cut.

Peas—Gradus, Little Marvel.

Potatoes—Irish Cobbler, Mountain.

Pumpkin—Quaker Pie.

Radish—Scarlet White Tip, T. Ne Plus Ultra, (winter) China.

Spinach—Victoria, Viroflay.

Salsify—Sandwich Island.

Squash—Bush Marrow.

Tomatoes—Chalks Jewel.

Turnip—Earl Six Weeks.

Rhubarb—Victoria, Linnet.

S. C. Johnston, Ontario Veg. Specialist, Toronto.

Bagdad Has Moving Picture

Bagdad has one public picture theatre. The building about 100 feet long by 60 feet a somewhat primitive structure with the advantage that the ventilation is very good. The seats are divided into two classes. The first-class tickets are 26 cents, that of the second-class admissions are 13 cents. The hall is furnished with electric lights and electric power for which is supplied small motor.

The films shown are similar to those ordinarily exhibited in America. There is usually one film featuring some prominent French or English actor, followed by a short comedy. Numerous Canadian films also are shown here.

Until recently films were imported chiefly from Smyrna, Turkey.



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face, started to apologize, but the old boy said:
"No, no; don't apologize. It isn't necessary. I merely wanted to say, gentlemen, that if you consider my son Jack the biggest liar in Canada, it's very evident that you have never met my other son, Jim."

A Good Job.

A dashing lieutenant-colonel, ex-member of the General Staff, was approached by a recently drafted man.
"What might your name be? Do you belong to this bunch?"
"I'm the colonel in charge."
"Wal, I see the balance of 'em busy around here, and I don't see you doin' anything. How does a fellow go about gittin' your job?"

will prove a failure, and in order to overcome this it should be remembered in laying out the garden that—
(1) Tall plants will be most effective if placed behind low ones, not intermingled with them.
(2) All plants closely allied should be grown together, not in the same row, but in rows adjoining one another.
(3) The fences may be decorated with vine crops which may be supported on the fences by means of strings or lattice work.
(4) All quickly maturing vegetables should be planted in a portion of the garden by themselves so that they may be harvested and the ground used for other crops later on.

Secure Seed Now—But Plant Only When Soil Is Ready.

The backyard gardener should decide very early which crops are to be grown and should purchase his seed as soon as possible. It must be remembered, however, that much of this seed may be wasted if it is planted too early in the season. The soil must be warm to receive the seeds, and amateur gardeners must have patience until it is certain that good growing weather has come. It is possible in ordinary seasons to plant some vegetables in April, and yet many backyard vegetable enthusiasts

Kodaks and supplies on sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store, agents in Napanee. P.S.—Developing and Printing done promptly.

that of the second-class admission cents. The hall is furnished with electric lights and electric fan power for which is supplied by a small motor.

The films shown are similar to those ordinarily exhibited in America. There is usually one local film featuring some prominent French or English actor, followed by a short comedy. Numerous American films also are shown here.

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There is also a motion picture plant conducted by the military authorities exclusively for the British officers and soldiers. Before the war a local British firm conducted a first class film theatre in Bagdad. It was very popular, and was attended by the best class of the population. Undoubtedly such enterprises will prosper there in the future, when normal conditions are restored, because the city has a population of about 200,000, and this form of amusement appeals to them.—Commerce Reports.

WRIGLEY'S

Keep WRIGLEY'S in mind as the longest-lasting confection you can buy. Send it to the boys at the front.

War Time Economy in Sweetmeats—

a 5-cent package of WRIGLEY'S will give you several days' enjoyment: it's an investment in benefit as well as pleasure, for it helps teeth, breath, appetite, digestion.

CHEW IT AFTER EVERY MEAL

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Make this beauty lotion cheaply for your face, neck, arms and hands.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whiteners and beautifier.

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A list of varieties suitable for gardens made by city, town and village dwellers follows:

Asparagus—Palmetto, Conover's colossal.
Beans—Davis' White Wax, Golden Rod, Refugee.
Beets—Crosby's Egyptian, Detroit Dark Red.
Brussels sprouts—Dalkeith.
Carrots—Chanteney.
Cauliflower—Erfurt, Snowball.
Cabbage—Copenhagen Market, Danish Ball Head.
Celery—Paris Golden, Winter Queen.
Corn—Golden Bantam, Stowell's Evergreen.
Cucumber—White Spine, Chicago Pickling.
Citron—Colorado Preserving.
Lettuce—Grand Rapids, Nonpareil.
Melon, Musk—Paul Rose.
Melon, Water—Cole's Early.
Onions—Southport Yellow Globe.
Parsnip—Hollow Crown.
Parsley—Champion Moss Curled.
Peas—Gradus, Little Marvel.
Potatoes—Irish Cobbler, Green Mountain.
Pumpkin—Quaker Pie.
Radish—Scarlet White Tip Turnip, e Plus Ultra, (winter) China Rose.
Spinach—Victoria, Viroflay.
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Squash—Bush Marrow.
Tomatoes—Chalks Jewel.
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C. Johnston, Ontario Vegetable specialist, Toronto.

Bagdad Has Moving Picture Show.
Bagdad has one public motion picture theatre. The building is about 100 feet long by 60 feet wide, somewhat primitive structure, but with the advantage that the ventilation is very good. The seats are divided into two classes. The price of first-class tickets is 26 cents, and that of the second-class admission 17 cents. The hall is furnished with electric lights and electric fans, power for which is supplied by a wall motor.

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Until recently films were imported chiefly from Smyrna, Turkey, where

VOCATIONAL TRAINING.

Some of the Work Being Done For the Soldiers.

The system of vocational training for returned soldiers which is enabling men to learn new occupations and in many instances to go back into civil life prepared to earn more than they did before they enlisted was the subject of an address by W. E. Segsworth, administrator of vocational training for the returned soldiers under the Military Hospitals Commission, before the Canadian Credit Men's Association in Toronto.

Mr. Segsworth stated definitely that learning a new trade would have no effect on a soldier's pension, and that whether pensioners or not returned soldiers were eligible for the re-educational courses.

The idea kept to the fore in the vocational training was to follow the lines of the man's old occupation so he would go back to his old environment. For example a bricklayer, prevented through injuries from following the same occupation might be trained to be an architect or draughtsman, a carpenter may become a cabinet maker, a lineman become an armature winder, or a moulder a pattern maker.

As many occupations are taught as possible among the returned men, otherwise there would arise competition difficulties.

An investigation by the hospitals commission had shown that there had been thirty-four soldiers blinded by wounds and it was pointed out that this was a much smaller number than was generally supposed, one doctor in "guessing"—before the inquiry—having made an "estimate" of 1,000.

An important point brought out was that, although warned that soldiers would be exploited, the commission now had the men receive part of the training right in the factories of the country, with very successful results. Before this was done, however, an industrial survey was made.

The instructing of the returned soldiers was divided by the commission into two broad classes, vocational training and vocational re-education. Vocational re-education was for the men who were so seriously injured or affected in health that they could not go back to their old occupations. It meant practically the teaching of a new trade. In quite a percentage of cases, the returned men after concluding their courses earned larger wages than before going to the war. Some of the "bed patients" were taught such things as the operating of special hand looms. Textiles they had woven had been sold in Montreal for as high as \$8 a yard. The goods were sold without being marked in any way to indicate their being the output of soldiers.

At the present time investigations are being made to ascertain just what disability a man can suffer and still continue in a given trade. When investigation into this question has been concluded there will be no possibility of mistakes being made. To avoid error, the speaker said, the greatest care must be exercised. Not only must the man be consulted and his inclinations ascertained, but his medical history must be gone into with minute care, so that his physical and mental qualifications may be ascertained.

Mr. Sedgworth prefaced his address by pointing out that the success of the endeavors being made to

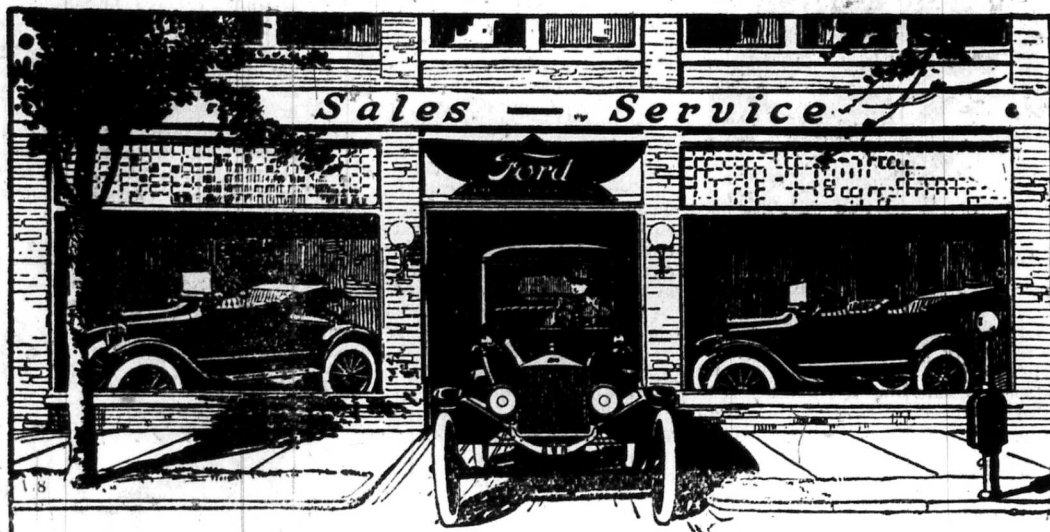
restore the returned soldier to civil life will have a big effect upon the industrial life of Canada. If the incapacitated men were merely thrown back into civil life to live on their pensions the country would lose their industry. This would have far-reaching effects. Their families would be brought up in an atmosphere of charity and idleness.

Turning History Upside Down.

In Rouen history seemed to have rolled backward. The city where the English burned Joan of Arc seemed almost as British to-day as Birmingham or Manchester. Acres of factory chimneys smoked busily beside the Seine; the river was full of British shipping—coal barges, transports, hospital ships, tramp steamers; and in the crowded city streets were thousands of Tommies in khaki, Scotties in kilts or scandalous "shorts" of the same loud-colored plaid as the kilt, Australians and New Zealanders, natty, public school bred officers, Sikhs wearing khaki turbans, and scores of V. A. D.'s and other rose-checked British women in khaki or blue serge or the white muslin of the Red Cross nurse.

The Norman Conquest had been reversed, and the British had retaken Rouen. It was an impressive and noble example of the complete unity and power of the allies.—Red Cross Magazine.

Why do tourists, who make film records of their travels, insist on having "Kodak" film and Velox paper? Simply because they can rely on these to get results under all weather conditions. Look for word "Kodak" on metal end of every Eastman film. Sold in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.



Complete Service to Ford Owners Everywhere

COURTEOUS attention to your needs wherever you may travel is something you appreciate, and being a Ford owner you can get it. You are always "among friends".

There are more than 700 Ford Dealer Service Stations throughout Canada. These are always within easy reach of Ford owners—for gasoline, oil, tires, repairs, accessories, expert advice or motor adjustments.

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There are more than 700 Ford Dealer Service Stations throughout Canada. These are always within easy reach of Ford owners—for gasoline, oil, tires, repairs, accessories, expert advice or motor adjustments.

The cost of Ford Service is as remarkably low as the cost of the car itself. Nineteen of the most called for parts cost only \$5.40. Just compare this with the cost of spare parts for other cars and you will realize the advantage of owning a Ford.

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FIRST SINCE 1894

B. 139



*A Tale of Youth
and Summer
Time and The
Baxter Family
Especially
William*

**By BOOTH
TARKINGTON**

Copyright, 1915, 1916, by Metropolitan Magazine.

It was upon the conclusion of this
fourteenth dance that Mr. Parcher



"Natty ickie boy Batster fluttin'!"

mentioned to his wife a change in his feelings toward William. "I've been watching him," said Mr. Parcher, "and I never saw true misery show plainer. He's having a really horrible time. By George, I hate him, but I've begun to feel kind of sorry for him! Can't you trot up somebody else, so he can get away from that fat girl?"

Mrs. Parcher shook her head in a discouraged way. "I've tried, and I've tried, and I've tried," she said.

"Well, try again."

"I can't now." She waved her hand toward the rear of the house. Round the corner marched a short procession of negroes, bearing trays, and the dancers were dispersing themselves to chairs upon the lawn for refreshments.

"Well, do something," Mr. Parcher urged. "We don't want to find him in the cistern in the morning."

Mrs. Parcher looked thoughtful, then brightened. "L-know!" she said. "I'll make May and Lola and their partners come sit in this little circle of chairs here, and then I'll go and bring William and Miss Boke to sit with them. I'll give Willie the seat at Lola's left. You keep the chairs."

Straightway she sped upon her kindly errand. It proved successful, so successful, indeed, that without the slightest effort, without even a hint on her part, she brought not only William and his constant friend to sit in the

lady. No'm? Nice green lettuce samwich, lady?"

Genesis!

"Nice tongue samwich, suh? Nice lettuce samwich, lady?" he could be heard vociferating, perhaps a little too much as if he had sandwiches for sale. "Lemme jes' lay this nice green lettuce samwich on you' plate fer you, lady."

Because he was a new waiter he strongly wished to show familiarity with his duties—familiarity, in fact, with everything and everybody. This yearning, born of self doubt and intensified by a slight touch of gin, was beyond question the inspiration of his painful behavior when he came near the circle of chairs where sat Mr. and Mrs. Parcher, Miss Parcher, Miss Pratt, Miss Boke, Mr. Watson, Mr. Bullitt, others and William.

"Nice tongue samwich, lady!" he announced semicircle walking beneath his high borne tray. "Nice green lettuce sam"—He came suddenly to a dramatic dead stop as he beheld William sitting before him, wearing that strange new dignity and Mr. Baxter's evening clothes. "Name o' goodness!" Genesis exclaimed, so loudly that every one looked up. "How in the Nvin' worl' you evuh come to git here? You' dady sut'n'y mus' 'a' weakened 'way down 'fo' he let you wear his low cut ves' an' pants an' long tall coat! I bet any man 50 cents you gone an' stole 'em out aftuh he done went to bed!"

And he burst into a wild, free African laugh.

At seventeen such things are not embarrassing; they are catastrophic. But, mercifully, catastrophes often produce numbness in the victims. More as in a trance than actually William heard the outbreak of his young companions.

A flourish of music challenged the dancers. Couples appeared upon the platform.

The dreadful supper was over.

The ineffable One, supremely pink, rose from her seat at William's side and moved toward the platform with the glowing Joe Bullitt. Then William, roused to action by this sight, sprang to his feet and took a step toward them, but it was only one weak step.

A warm and ample hand placed itself firmly inside the crook of his elbow. "Let's get started for this one before the floor gets all crowded up," said Miss Boke.

Miss Boke danced and danced with him. She danced him on and on

in large part assumed for the benefit of the observer. After a momentary silence, due to her failure to think of any proper response to workmen who had pointedly criticised her, she resumed the peremptory direction of her affairs.

Then, apparently in the very midst of her cares, she suddenly and without warning ceased to boss, walked out into the street, halted and stared frankly at Jane.

CHAPTER XX.

"Don't Forget."

JANE came out to the sidewalk and began to kick one of the fence pickets.

"You see that ole fatty?" asked the little girl, pointing to one of the workmen thus sufficiently identified.

"Yes."

"That's the one broke the goldfish," said the little girl. There was a pause, during which she continued to scuff the curbstone with her shoe, Jane likewise scuffing the fence picket. "I'm goin' to have papa get him arrested," added the stranger.

"My papa got two men arrested once," Jane said calmly, "two or three."

The little girl's eyes, wandering upward, took note of Jane's papa's house and of a fierce young gentleman framed in an open window upstairs. He was seated, wore ink upon his forehead and tapped his teeth with a red penholder.

"Who is that?" she asked.

"It's Willie."

"Is it your papa?"

"No-o-o-o!" Jane exclaimed. "It's Willie!"

"Oh!" said the little girl, apparently satisfied.

Each now scuffed less energetically with her shoe; feet slowed down, so did conversation, and for a time Jane and the stranger wrapped themselves in stillness, though there may have been some silent communing between them. Then the new neighbor placed her feet far apart and leaned backward upon nothing, curving her front up-



"Look!" she said. "Look at me!"

ward and her remarkably flexible spine inward until a profile view of her was grandly semicircular.

Jane watched her attentively, but without comment. However, no one could have doubted that the processes of acquaintance were progressing favorably.

"Let's go in our yard," said Jane.

The little girl straightened herself with a slight gasp and accepted the invitation. Side by side the two passed through the open gate, walked gravely forth upon the lawn and halted as by common consent. Jane thereupon placed her feet wide apart and

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It is composed of the medicinal principles found in apples, orange figs and prunes, together with the nerve tonics and antiseptics proven repute.

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at some heavy affair in the distance. His ears were red. He looked neither to the right nor to the left—that is, looked neither to the right nor to the left until he had passed the Baxter fence. But when he had gone as far as the upper corner of the fence beyond he turned his head and looked back, without any expression, except that of a whistler, at Jane. And still whistling "My Country, 'Tis Thee," and with blank pink face on his shoulder, he proceeded until he was out of sight.

"Who was that boy?" the new neighbor then inquired.

"It's Freddie," Jane said placidly. "He's in our Sunday school. He's love of me."

"Jane!"

Again the outraged and ink-stained countenance glared down from window.

"What you want?" Jane asked.

"What you mean talking about things?" William demanded. "In my life I never heard anything as disgusting! Shame on you!"

The little girl from across the street looked upward thoughtfully. "He mad," she remarked, and, regarding Jane's previous information, "It your papa, isn't it?" she insisted.

"No!" said Jane testily. "I told you five times it's my brother Willie."

"Oh!" said the little girl, granting the fact that William's position was in dignity and authority negligible compared with that which she persisted in imagining, she felt it as to tint her upward gaze with disfavor. "He acts kind of crazy," she murmured.

"He's in love of Miss Pratt," said Jane. "She's goin' away today. I said she'd go before, but today she Mr. Parcher, where she visits, he's most dead, she's stayed so long. She awful, I think."

William, to whom all was audibly shouted hoarsely, "I'll see to you!" and disappeared from the window.

"Will he come down here?" the little girl asked, taking a step toward the gate.

"No. He's just gone to call mamma. All she'll do'll be to tell us to go somewhere else. Then we can

Mrs. Parcher looked thoughtful, then brightened. "I know!" she said. "I'll make May and Lola and their partners come sit in this little circle of chairs here, and then I'll go and bring William and Miss Boke to sit with them. I'll give Willie the seat at Lola's left. You keep the chairs."

Straightway she sped upon her kindly errand. It proved successful, so successful, indeed, that without the slightest effort, without even a hint on her part, she brought not only William and his constant friend to sit in the circle with Miss Pratt, Miss Parcher and their escorts, but Mr. Bullitt, Mr. Watson, Mr. Banks and three other young gentlemen as well. Nevertheless Mrs. Parcher managed to carry out her plan and, after a little display of firmness, saw William satisfactorily established in the chair at Miss Pratt's left.

At last, at last he sat beside the fairy-like creature and filled his lungs with infinitesimal particles of violet scent. She whispered:

"Not'y ickie boy Batster! Lola's last night, an' ickie boy Batster fluttin'! Flut all night wif dray bid dirl!"

William made no reply.

There are occasions, infrequent, of course, when even a bachelor is not flattered by being accused of flirting. William's feelings toward Miss Boke had by this time come to such a pass that he regarded the charge of flirting with her as little less than an implication of grave mental deficiency. And well he remembered how Miss Pratt, beholding his subjugated gymnastics in the dance, had grown pink with laughter. But still the rose leaf lips whispered:

"Lola saw! Lola saw bad boy Bats-ter under dray bid tree fluttin' wif dray bid dirl. Fluttin' all night wif dray, bid, 'normous dirl!"

Her cruelty was all unwitting. She intended to rally him sweetly. But seventeen is deathly serious at such junctures, and William was in a sensitive condition.

"Oo tross?" whispered Lola.

He spake not.

"'Twasn't my fault 'bout dancing," she said. "Bad boy! What made oe tum so late?"

He maintained his silence and the accompanying icy dignity, whereupon she made a charming little pout.

"Oo be so tross," she said. "Lola talk to nice Man uvver side of her!"

With that she turned her back upon him and prattled merrily to the gentleman of sixteen upon her right.

Still and cold sat William. Let her talk to the Man at the other side of her as she would, and ever so gayly. William knew that she was conscious every instant of the reproachful presence upon her left. And somehow these moments of quiet and melancholy dignity became the most satisfactory he had known that evening, for as he sat, so silent, so austere, and not yet eating, though a plate of chicken salad had been placed upon his lap, he began to feel that there was somewhere about him a mysterious superiority which set him apart from other people and above them.

And, although Miss Pratt continued to make merry with the Man upon her right, it seemed to William that this was but outward show. He had a strange, subtle impression that the mysterious superiority which set him apart from others was becoming perceptible to her; that she was feeling it too.

Over the chatter and laughter of the guests rose a too familiar voice. "Lemme he'n you to nice tongue samwich,

rose from her seat at William's side and moved toward the platform with the glowing Joe Bullitt. Then William, roused to action by this sight, sprang to his feet and took a step toward them, but it was only one weak step.

A warm and ample hand placed itself firmly inside the crook of his elbow. "Let's get started for this one before the floor gets all crowded up," said Miss Boke.

Miss Boke danced and danced with him. She danced him on and on and on.

At half past 1 the orchestra played "Home, Sweet Home." As the last bars sounded a group of earnest young men who had surrounded the lovely guest of honor, talking vehemently, broke into loud shouts, embraced one another and capered variously over the lawn. Mr. Parcher beheld from a distance these manifestations and then, with an astonishment even more profound, took note of the tragic William, who was running toward him, radiant, Miss Boke hovering futilely in the far background.

"What's all the hullabaloo?" Mr. Parcher inquired.

"Miss Pratt!" gasped William. "Miss Pratt!"

"Well, what about her?"

And upon receiving William's reply Mr. Parcher might well have discerned behind it the invisible hand of an ironic but recompensing Providence making things even—taking from the one to give to the other.

"She's going to stay!" shouted the happy William. "She's promised to stay another week!"

And then, mingling with the sounds of rejoicing, there ascended to heaven the stricken cry of an elderly man plunging blindly into the house in search of his wife.

Jane one sunshiny morning stood outdoors watching interestedly the unloading of moving vans into a house across the way. Her mouth was equally affected, remaining open at a visible crisis in the performance of its duty—consuming bread and apple sauce. These were the tokens of her agitation upon beholding the removal of a dolls' house from one of the wagons. This dolls' house was at least five feet high, of proportionate breadth and depth, the customary absence of a facade disclosing an interior of four luxurious floors, with stairways, fireplaces and wall paper. Here was a mansion wherein doll duchesses, no less, must dwell.

Straightway a little girl ran out of the open doorway of the brick house and, with a self importance concentrated to the point of shrewishness, began to give orders concerning the disposal of her personal property, which included, as she made clear, not only the dolls' mansion, but also three dolls' trunks and a packing case of fair size.

She was a thin little girl, perhaps half a year younger than Jane, and she was as soiled, particularly in respect to hands, brow, chin and the knees of white stockings, as could be expected of any busybodyish person of nine or ten whose mother is house moving.

The little girl across the street was of course instantly aware of Jane, though she pretended not to be, and from the first her self importance was

Jane watched her attentively, but without comment. However, no one could have doubted that the processes of acquaintance were progressing favorably.

"Let's go in our yard," said Jane.

The little girl straightened herself with a slight gasp and accepted the invitation. Side by side the two passed through the open gate, walked gravely forth upon the lawn and halted as by common consent. Jane thereupon placed her feet wide apart and leaned backward upon nothing, attempting the feat in contortion just performed by the stranger.

"Look!" she said. "Look at me!"

But she lacked the other's genius, lost her balance and fell. Born persistent, she immediately got to her feet and made fresh efforts.

"No! Look at me!" the little girl cried, becoming semicircular again. "This is the way: I call it 'puttin' your stummick out o' joint.' You haven't got yours out far enough."

"Yes, I have," said Jane, gasping.

"Well, to do it right, you must walk that way. As soon as you get your stummick out o' joint you must begin an' walk. Look! Like this!" And the little girl having achieved a state of such convexity that her braided hair almost touched the ground behind her, walked successfully in that singular attitude.

"I'm walkin'," Jane protested, her face not quite upside down. "Look! I'm walkin' that way too. My stummick!"

There came an outraged shout from above, and a fierce countenance stained with ink protruded from the window.

"Jane!"

"What?"

"Stop that! Stop putting your stomach out in front of you like that! It's disgraceful!"

Both young ladies, looking rather oppressed, resumed the perpendicular. "Why doesn't he like it?" the stranger asked in a tone of pure wonder.

"I don't know," said Jane. "He doesn't like much of anything. He's seventeen years old."

After that the two stared moodily at the ground for a little while, chastened by the severe presence above; then Jane brightened.

"I know!" she exclaimed cozily. "Let's play callers. Right here by this bush'll be my house. You come to call on me, an' we'll talk about our children. You be Mrs. Smith, an' I'm Mrs. Jones." And in the character of a hospitable matron she advanced graciously toward the new neighbor. "Why, my dear Mrs. Smith, come right in! I thought you'd call this morning. I want to tell you about my lovely little daughter. She's only ten years old an' says the brightest things! You really must!"

But here Jane interrupted herself abruptly, and, hopping behind the residential bush, peered over it, not at Mrs. Smith, but at a boy of ten or eleven who was passing along the sidewalk. Her expression was gravely interested, somewhat complacent, and Mrs. Smith was not so lacking in perception that she failed to understand how completely—for the time being, at least—calling was suspended.

The boy whistled briskly "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," and, though his knowledge of the air failed him when he finished the second line, he was not disheartened, but began at the beginning again, continuing repeatedly after this fashion to offset monotony by patriotism. He whistled loudly. He walked with ostentatious intent to be

said she'd go before, but today she Mr. Parcher, where she visits, he's most dead, she's stayed so long. She awful, I think."

William, to whom all was audit shouted hoarsely, "I'll see to you!" and disappeared from the window.

"Will he come down here?" the lit girl asked, taking a step toward the gate.

"No. He's just gone to call mam All she'll do'll be to tell us to go pl somewhere else. Then we can talk to Genesis."

"Who?"

"Genesis. He's puttin' a load of co in the cellar window with a sho He's nice."

"What's he put the coal in the window for?"

"He's a colored man," said Jane.

"Shall we go talk to him now?"

"No," Jane said thoughtfully. "Let be playin' callers when mamma can to tell us to go 'way. What was yo name?"

"Rannie."

"No, it wasn't."

"It is too Rannie," the little girl sisted. "My whole name's Mary Randolph Kirsted, but my short name Rannie."

Jane laughed. "What a funny name she said. 'I didn't mean your name; I meant your callers' name. One of us was Mrs. Jones, and one was 'I want to be Mrs. Jones,'" said Rannie.

"Oh, my dear Mrs. Jones," Jane gan at once, "I want to tell you ab my lovely children. I have two, o only seven years old and the other"—

"Jane!" called Mrs. Baxter from William's window.

"Yes'm."

"You must go somewhere else play. Willie's trying to work at studies up here, and he says you disturbed him very much."

"Yes'm."

The obedient Jane and her friend turned to go, and as they went Mary Randolph Kirsted allowed her uplifted eyes to linger with increasing disfavor upon William, who appeared beside Mrs. Baxter at the window.

"I tell you what let's do," Rannie suggested in a lowered voice. "He's so fresh with us an' made your mother come an' all, let's—let's!"

She hesitated.

"Let's what?" Jane urged her in eager whisper.

"Let's think up some'n he won't like and do it!"

They disappeared round the corner of the house, their heads close together.

Upstairs Mrs. Baxter moved to door of her son's room, pretending to be unconscious of the gaze he maintained upon her. Mustering courage to hum a little tune and affecting consequence, she had nearly crossed the threshold when he said sternly:

"And this is all you intend to say that child?"

"Why, yes, Willie."

"And yet I told you what she said he cried. 'I told you I heard her stay there and tell that dirty faced lit girl how that idiot boy that's always walkin' past here, four or five times a day, whistling and looking back, w in 'love of her! Ye gods! What kind of a person will she grow up into you don't punish her for havin' ide

SHILOH
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some heavy affair in the distance. His ears were red. He looked neither the right nor to the left—that is, he looked neither to the right nor to the left until he had passed the Baxters' place. But when he had gone as far as the upper corner of the fence he turned his head and looked back, without any expression, except that of a whistler, at Jane. And thus, while whistling "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," and with blank pink face over his shoulder, he proceeded until he was out of sight.

"Who was that boy?" the new neighbor then inquired. "That's Freddie," Jane said placidly. "He's in our Sunday school. He's in the class of me."

"Jane!" the outraged and ink stained woman glared down from the window.

"What you want?" Jane asked. "What you mean talking about such a boy?" William demanded. "In all my life I never heard anything as disgusting! Shame on you!"

"The little girl from across the street looked upward thoughtfully. 'He's dead,' she remarked, and, regardless of Jane's previous information, "It is in my paper, isn't it?" she insisted. "No!" said Jane testily. "I told you times it's my brother Willie."

"Oh!" said the little girl, and, grasping the fact that William's position in dignity and authority negligently compared with that which she had assisted in imagining, she felt it safe to hint her upward gaze with disfavor. "He acts kind of crazy," she murmured.

"He's in love of Miss Pratt," said Jane. "She's goin' away today. She said she'd go before, but today she isn't! Parcher, where she visits, he's almost dead, she's stayed so long. She's full, I think."

William, to whom all was audible, uttered hoarsely, "I'll see to you!" and appeared from the window.

"Will he come down here?" the little girl asked, taking a step toward the door.

"No. He's just gone to call mamma. She'll do it to tell us to go play somewhere else. Then we can go to Genesis."

like that at her age? I never heard of such a thing! That worm walkin' past here four or five times a day just to look at Jane! And her standing there, calmly tellin' that sooty faced little girl, 'He's in love of me!' Why, it's enough to sicken a man! Honestly, if I had my way, I'd see that both she and that little Freddie Banks got a first class whipping!"

"Don't you think, Willie," said Mrs. Baxter—"don't you think that, considering the rather noncommittal method of Freddie's courtship, you are suggesting extreme measures?"

"Well, she certainly ought to be punished!" he insisted, and then, with a reversal to agony, he shuddered. "That's the least of it!" he cried. "It's the insulting things you always allow her to say of one of the noblest girls in the United States—that's what counts! On the very last day—yes, almost the last hour—that Miss Pratt's in this town you let your only daughter stand there and speak disrespectfully of her, and then all you do is to tell her to 'go play somewhere else!'"

"You're all wrought up!"—

"I am not wrought up!" shouted William. "Why should I be charged with?"—

"Now, now!" Mrs. Baxter said. "You'll feel better tomorrow."

"What do you mean by that?" he demanded, breathing deeply.

For reply she only shook her head in an odd little way.

"You'll be all right, Willie," she said softly and closed the door.

Alone, William lifted clinched hands in a series of tumultuous gestures at the ceiling; then he moaned and sank into a chair at his writing table. Presently a comparative calm was restored to him, and with reverent fingers he took from a drawer a one pound box of candy, covered with white tissue paper, girdled with blue ribbon. He set the box gently beside him upon the table, then from beneath a large green blotter drew forth some scribbled sheets. These he placed before him and, taking infinite pains with his handwriting, slowly copied:

Dear Lola—I resume when you are reading these lines it will be this afternoon, and you will be on the train moving rapidly away from this old place here farther and farther from it all. As I sit here at my old desk and look back upon it all while I am writing this farewell letter I hope when you are reading it you also will look back upon it all and think of one you called (Alias) Little Boy Baxter. As I sit here this morning that you are going away at last I look back and I cannot remember any summer in my whole life which has been like this summer, because a great change has come over me this summer. If you would like to know what this means it was something like I said when John Watson got there yesterday afternoon and interrupted what I said. May you enjoy this candy and think of the giver. I will put something in with this letter. It is something maybe you would like to have and in exchange I would give all I possess for one of you if you would send it to me when you get home. Please do this for now my heart is breaking. Yours sincerely,

WILLIAM S. BAXTER.
(ALIAS) LITTLE BOY BAXTER.

CHAPTER XXI. The Last Sad Rites.

WILLIAM opened the box of candy and placed the letter upon the top layer of chocolates. Upon the letter he placed a small photograph, wrapped in tissue paper, of himself. Then with a pair of scissors he trimmed an oblong of white cardboard to fit into the box. Upon this piece of cardboard he laboriously wrote, copying from a tortured, ink sheet before him:

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Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

farce and the pleasanter kinds of drama, her father would say, with kindly raillery, "Well, when you two young people get through you'll find me in the library, where I have a pretty good business proposition to lay before you, young man."

And when the white waisted, white sided old man had, chuckling, left the room William would slowly lift his arms. But Lola would move back from him a step—only a step—and after laying a finger archly upon her lips to check him, "Wait, sir," she would say. "I have a question to ask you, sir."

"What question, Lola?" "This question, sir," she would reply: "In all that summer, sir, so long ago, why did you never tell me what you were until I had gone away and it was too late to show you what I felt? Ah, Ickle Boy Baxter, I never understood until I looked back upon it all after I had read 'In Dream' on the train that day! Then I knew!"

"And now, Lola?" William would say. "Do you understand me now?"

Shyly she would advance the one short step she had put between them, while he, with lifted, yearning arms, this time destined to no disappointment—

At so vital a moment did Mrs. Baxter knock at his door and consoling reverie cease to minister unto William.

business to be talked about by every Tom, Dick and Harry?"

"Yes, dear," she said. "I understand. Of course. Jane only told me she met Mr. Parcher on the street, and he mentioned that Miss Pratt was going at 1 o'clock today. That's all!"

"You say you understand," he waited, shaking his head drearily at the closed door, "and yet, even on such a day as this, you keep talking! Can't you see sometimes there's times when a person can't stand to!"

"Yes, Willie," Mrs. Baxter interposed hurriedly. "Of course! I'm going now. I have to go hunt up those children, anyway. You try to be back for lunch at half past 1, and don't worry, dear. You really will be all right."

He went to his mirror and, gazing long, long and piercingly at the William there limned, enacted almost unconsciously a little scene of parting. The look of suffering upon the mirrored face slowly altered. In its place came one still sorrowful, but tempered with sweet indulgence. He stretched out his hand as if he set it upon a head at about the height of his shoulder.

"Yes, it may mean—it may mean forever," he said in a low, tremulous voice. "Little girl, we must be brave."

And the while his eyes gazed into the mirror they became expressive of a momentary pleased surprise, as if

...see a go before, but today she is: . Parcher, where she visits, he's al-
most dead, she's stayed so long. She's
ful, I think."

William, to whom all was audible,
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"No. He's just gone to call mamma.
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"Who?"

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"What's he put the coal in the win-
ow for?"

"He's a colored man," said Jane.

"Shall we go talk to him now?"

"No," Jane said thoughtfully. "Let's
playin' callers when mamma comes
tell us to go 'way. What was your
me?"

"Rannie."

"No, it wasn't."

"It is too Rannie," the little girl in-
ted. "My whole name's Mary Ran-
ph Kirsted, but my short name's
nnie."

ane laughed. "What a funny name!"

s said. "I didn't mean your real
me; I meant your callers' name. One
us was Mrs. Jones, and one was"—
I want to be Mrs. Jones," said Ran-

ph. "Oh, my dear Mrs. Jones," Jane be-
a at once, "I want to tell you about
lovely children. I have two, one
ly seven years old and the other"—

"Jane!" called Mrs. Baxter from Wil-
m's window.

"Yes'm!"

"You must go somewhere else to
y. Willie's trying to work at his
dies up here, and he says you've
turbed him very much."

"Yes'm."

The obedient Jane and her friend
med to go, and as they went Miss
ry Randolph Kirsted allowed her
lifted eyes to linger with increased
favor upon William, who appeared
side Mrs. Baxter at the window.

"I tell you what let's do," Rannie
ggested in a lowered voice. "He got
fresh with us an' made your mother
ne an' all, let's—let's"—

he hesitated.

"Let's what?" Jane urged her in an
er whisper.

"Let's think up some'n he won't like
to do it!"

They disappeared round the corner
the house, their heads close to-
ber.

Just as Mrs. Baxter moved to the
or of her son's room, pretending to
unconscious of the gaze he main-
ned upon her. Mustering courage
hum a little tune and affecting in-
sequence, she had nearly crossed
threshold when he said sternly:

"And this is all you intend to say to
it child?"

"Why, yes, Willie."

"And yet I told you what she said!"
cried. "I told you I heard her stand
re and tell that dirty faced little
I how that idiot boy that's always
lkin' past here, four or five times a
r, whistling and looking back, was
'love of her! Ye gods! What kind
a person will she grow up into if
I don't punish her for havin' ideas

CHAPTER XXI.

The Last Sad Rites.

WILLIAM opened the box of
candy and placed the letter
upon the top layer of choc-
olates. Upon the letter he
placed a small photograph, wrapped in
tissue paper, of himself. Then with a
pair of scissors he trimmed an oblong
of white cardboard to fit into the box.
Upon this piece of cardboard he labori-
ously wrote, copying from a tortured,
inky sheet before him:

In Dream

By WILLIAM S. BAXTER.

The sunset light
Fades into night
But never will I forget
The smile that haunts me yet
Through the future four long years
I hope you will remember with tears
Whatever my rank or station
Whilst receiving my education
Though far away you seem
I would see thee in dream.

He placed his poem between the photo-
graph and the letter, closed the box
and tied the tissue paper about it
again with the blue ribbon. Through-
out these rites—they were rites both in
spirit and in manner—he was subject
to little catchings of the breath, half
gulp, half sigh. But the dolorous to-
kens passed, and he sat with elbows
upon the table, his chin upon his hands,
reverie in his eyes.

Perhaps he was helped too by wonder-
ing what Miss Pratt would think
of him when she read "In Dream" on
the train that afternoon. For reasons
purely intuitive and decidedly without



I Would See Thee In Dream.

foundation in fact he was satisfied that
no rival farewell poem would be offered
her, and so it may be that he
thought "In Dream" might show her
at last in one blaze of light what her
eyes had sometimes fleetingly intimat-
ed she did perceive in part—the dif-
ference between William and such ev-
eryday, rather well meaning, fairly
good hearted people as Joe Bullitt,
Wallace Banks, Johnnie Watson and
others. Yes, when she came to read
"In Dream" and to "look back upon it
all" she would surely know—at last!

And then, when the future four long
years—while receiving his education—
had passed he would go to her. He
would go to her, and she would take
him by the hand and lead him to her
father and say, "Father, this is Wil-
liam."

But William would turn to her, and,
with the old dancing light in his eyes,
"No, Lola," he would say, "not Wil-
liam, but Ickle Boy Baxter. Always
and always just that for you, oh, my
dear!"

And then, as in story and film and

...understood until I looked back upon it
all after I had read 'In Dream' on the
train that day! Then I knew!"

"And now, Lola?" William would say.
"Do you understand me now?"

Shyly she would advance the one
short step she had put between them,
while he, with lifted, yearning arms,
this time destined to no disappoint-
ment—

At so vital a moment did Mrs. Bax-
ter knock at his door and consoling
reverie cease to minister unto William.
He started, placed the sacred box out
of sight and spoke gruffly.

"What you want?"

"I'm not coming in, Willie," said his
mother. "I just wanted to know—I
thought maybe you were looking out
of the window and noticed where those
children went—Jane and that little girl
from across the street—Kirsted, her
name must be."

"No; I did not."

"I just wondered," Mrs. Baxter said
timidly. "Genesis thinks he heard the
little Kirsted girl telling Jane she had
plenty of money for car fare. He
thinks they went somewhere on a
street car. I thought maybe you no-
ticed wherh?"

"I told you I did not."

"All right," she said placatively. "I
didn't mean to bother you, dear."

Following this there was a silence,
but no sound of receding footsteps in-
dicated Mrs. Baxter's departure from
the other side of the closed door.

"Well, what you want?" William
shouted.

"Nothing—nothing at all," said the
compassionate voice. "I just thought
I'd have lunch a little later than usual,
not till half past 1—that is, if—well, I
thought probably you meant to go to
the station to see Miss Pratt off on the
1 o'clock train."

"How'd you find out she's going at 1
o'clock?"

"Why—why, Jane mentioned it,"
Mrs. Baxter replied, with obvious
timidity. "Jane said"—

She was interrupted by the loud, des-
perate sound of William's fist smiting
his writing table, so sensitive was his
condition. "This is just unbearable!"
he cried. "Nobody's business is safe
from that child!"

"Why, Willie, I don't see how it mat-
ters if"—

He uttered a cry. "No! Nothing
matters! Nothing matters at all! Do
you s'pose I want that child, with her
insults, discussing when Miss Pratt is
or is not going away? Don't you know
there are some things that have no

The look of suffering upon the mir-
rored face slowly altered. In its place
came one still sorrowful, but tempered
with sweet indulgence. He stretched
out his hand as if he set it upon a
head at about the height of his shoul-
der.

"Yes, it may mean—it may mean for-
ever," he said in a low, tremulous
voice. "Little girl, we must be brave."

And the while his eyes gazed into
the mirror they became expressive of
a momentary pleased surprise, as if
even in the arts of sorrow he found
himself doing better than he knew.
But his sorrow was none the less gen-
uine because of that.

Then he noticed the ink upon his
forehead and went away to wash.
When he returned he did an unusual
thing—he brushed his coat thoroughly,
removing it for this special purpose.
After that he earnestly combed and
brushed his hair and retied his tie.
Next he took from a drawer two clean
handkerchiefs. He placed one in his
breast pocket, part of the colored bor-
der of the handkerchief being left on
exhibition, and with the other he care-
fully wiped his shoes. Finally he
sawed it back and forth across them
and, with a sigh, languidly dropped it
upon the floor, where it remained.

Returning to the mirror, he again
brushed his hair. He went so far this
time as to brush his eyebrows, which
seemed not much altered by the op-
eration. Suddenly he was deeply af-
fected by something seen in the glass.

"By George!" he exclaimed aloud.

Seizing a small hand mirror, he
placed it in juxtaposition to his right
eye and closely studied his left profile
as exhibited in the larger mirror. Then
he examined his right profile, subject-
ing it to a like scrutiny, emotional, yet
attentive and prolonged.

"By George!" he exclaimed again.

"By George!"

He had made a discovery. There
was a downy shadow upon his upper
lip. What he had just found out was
that this down could be seen project-
ing beyond the line of his lip, like a
tiny nimbus. It could be seen in pre-
file.

"By George!" William exclaimed.
He was still occupied with the two
mirrors when his mother again tapped
softly upon his door, rousing him as
from a dream, brief but engaging, to
the heavy realities of that day.

(To be Continued.)

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throat and lungs. 25 cents.

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E. J. POLLARD

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PROFIT FROM MUSKRAT FARM

Animals are Easily Kept, Become Very Tame and Breed Well in Narrow Quarters.

If many of the swamps and marsh lands which are now occupied by muskrats are reclaimed for agricultural purposes it may be necessary to start "muskrat farming" in order to supply the demand for muskrat fur, is the opinion of biologists of the United States department of agriculture. For the present, however, a sufficient number of muskrats to meet demands for their fur are trapped from marshes and swamps that are, for the most part, unprotected, millions of skins being taken each year. So long as the natural breeding places remain undisturbed and reasonable closed seasons are maintained, the biologist say, there is little likelihood of the numbers of the animals being depleted. This is because these animals multiply much more rapidly than most other fur bearers. With adequate protection in the breeding season and with the present habitat available, from ten to twelve million pelts can be taken in North America annually without depletion of the supply.

The practicability of muskrat farming already has been demonstrated. The animals are easily kept, become very tame, and breed well in narrow quarters. Under present economic conditions, however, keeping muskrats on preserves is more practicable than keeping them in restricted quarters. The former plan is in remunerative operation in the Chesapeake Bay region. In Dorchester county, Md., marsh land formerly considered almost use-

SALT CORN TO RETARD HEAT

Acts Not Only as Preservative but Aids in Drawing Out Water Which Then Evaporates.

Owing to the large amount of soft corn that was harvested last fall, special care should be given to prevent it from heating in the crib. Corn that has already been cribbed without sorting should be worked over during weather unfit for husking. This is especially true if stored in large cribs without special ventilation. Corn in large, broad cribs freezes during the winter months and while frozen appears to be dry. Investigations, however, have shown that corn in such cribs dries out little until the weather begins to warm up in the spring. With the excessive moisture in the soft, frosted, and immature corn it is practically certain that there will be further spoilage and heating of the soft corn as the weather warms up.

The salting of ear corn in cribs will retard and in many cases prevent heating. The salt acts not only as a preservative but aids in drawing the water from the corn, which then evaporates if the corn is stored in well-ventilated cribs so that the air can circulate freely through it. The United States has carried on no special experiments with salted corn, but the quantity of salt recommended ranges from one to two barrels per 1,000 bushels of corn. This condition, however, will not apply to shelled corn stored in elevator bins where a free circulation of air through the corn is impossible. Shelled corn of high moisture content should be artificially dried.

HAND-PICK BEAN SEED IS FAVORED

Most Effective Method to Reduce Amount of Disease.

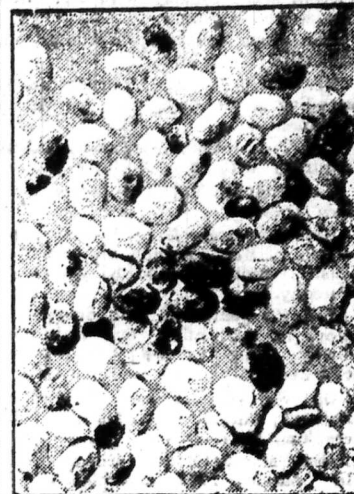
PLAN TO SECURE BEST STAND

Germination Test Should Be Made During Winter Months When Other Work on Farm Is Slack —Good Method Outlined.

Bean anthracnose and blight are carried over from year to year in the seed. The most effective method to reduce the amount of disease, according to the United States department of agriculture, is by hand-picking the seed very carefully before planting. This will eliminate most of the spotted, discolored, shriveled, undermilled, and cracked beans, and does a great deal toward insuring a uniform stand. A germination test of the seed will indicate whether a good stand is likely to result. This work should be done during the winter months when work is slack and before the spring rush begins.

Secure Cleaner Crop.

By removing all discolored and spotted beans the source of infection will be greatly reduced, and the result will be a cleaner crop. The weather conditions determine to a certain extent the severity of bean anthracnose and blight, but if all diseased seeds are removed the grower will be insured



Sample of Beans Unfit for Planting Purposes.

against these losses regardless of the weather conditions. The undersized, shriveled, irregular, and cracked beans do not germinate well and their removal will help to secure a uniform stand. No chances should be taken with the 1918 crop. Only the very best seed available should be used.

Test Germination.

Germination tests should be made to determine what percentage of the seed will grow. Follow the method commonly employed for testing the ger-

NEW COAT OF MA

Entire Tunics of Tarnished Silver Dropped From Neck to Knees

Warrior-Like Corsage is Embroidered With Pearls, Brilliants and Flash of Steel—Jewel Headdress.

Not only Cheruit, but many of French dressmakers, have lent their ear to making a pronounced fashion out of silver tissue. Two years ago observes a prominent writer, we were excessively weary of evening gowns made of superimposed pieces of tulle on a metallic foundation, and when thought of silver and gold tissue suits itself as a fashion, we turn away from it in a petulant manner.

But wait! This revival of a costume for women, the warrior's uniform of ancient days which no modern designer would touch, is another and a more pleasing thing than the evening gown of metallic cloth.

Entire tunics, in the twelfth century fashion, are made of tarnished silver dropped from neck to knees longer, over skirts of blood red or night blue satin or velvet. Except the costliness of the material, the tunic has all the simplicity of primitive dressing. Their introduction the early spring fashions has brought about a quantity of silver used in every way.

Mme. Simone of the Theater Francaise in Paris, is wearing, I hear, a wonderful gown which is being copied for this country. It is of silver faced with red, hanging in panels the ground over a slim, tight skirt clinging to the figure as she walks. warrior-like corsage is embroidered with pearls, brilliants and flashed cut steel. To it she adds a warrior's headdress made of the same jewel in the corsage and mounted on silver cloth.

Wherever silver can be flicked and out of a frock to enliven it, designer loses no chance of trying her ingenuity through this charade. When she abandons the Russian blouse of gold and bronze metallic cloth which drops over a skirt of broad satin, she takes the same material



tion of the supply.

The practicability of muskrat farming already has been demonstrated. The animals are easily kept, become very tame, and breed well in narrow quarters. Under present economic conditions, however; keeping muskrats on preserves is more practicable than keeping them in restricted quarters. The former plan is in remunerative operation in the Chesapeake Bay region. In Dorchester county, Md., marsh land formerly considered almost useless, and now used as muskrat preserves, is worth more, measured by actual income, than cultivated lands in the same vicinity. The owner of one 1,900-acre tract of marsh, took in two seasons—1909 and 1910—more than 12,000 pelts which sold for more than \$9,000.

TRACTORS TO PREPARE SOIL

Endeavor Being Made to Solve Farm Problem and Increase Crop Production.

The Maryland and New York state councils of defense have been endeavoring to assist in solving the farm labor problem, and increasing the production of crops in those states by making a limited number of tractors available to farmers for use in communities where the conditions rendered this practicable. Last spring the New York state council of defense purchased a number of tractors to be used in plowing and preparing land for crops. These outfits were made available to responsible organizations in the principal agricultural counties with the understanding that a considerably increased acreage of land would be planted to crops over the amount normally planted. Last fall the state



Tractor at Work.

council of defense of Maryland bought a small number of tractors for a similar purpose.

The results thus far have proven so satisfactory that plans are under way to continue the use of the tractors in the preparation of land for spring crops.

In addition to meeting an emergency the use of the tractors has resulted in the purchase of a number of them by individual farmers and groups of farmers.

cries so that the air can circulate freely through it. The United States has carried on no special experiments with salted corn, but the quantity of salt recommended ranges from one to two barrels per 1,000 bushels of corn. This condition, however, will not apply to shelled corn stored in elevator bins where a free circulation of air through the corn is impossible. Shelled corn of high moisture content should be artificially dried.

Two Incidents of War

Indicate Sharp Contrast

Between National Schools

SIR WALTER FALEIGH, the well-known Oxford scholar, recently published a book with the attractive title, "The Soul of England," and in it he included a little story which has just been used by Mr. H. A. L. Fisher, British Minister of Education, to show that we are fighting to defend a great civilization:

"A month before war broke out there was a German student in Oxford who attended a picture palace. It was crowded with young Englishmen, members of the university. Suddenly the Kaiser appeared on the film, and a young Englishman who was sitting behind the German made an insulting observation, whereupon the young German turned round and boxed the Englishman's ears. Upon that the whole theatre burst out into applause. The young Englishmen felt that this young German had been unfairly treated, that his Kaiser had been abused in his presence in rather an ungentlemanly manner. A German came to a friend of mine—his old tutor—afterwards and said: 'You are a wonderful people.' He told the story, and said: 'Such chivalry as that would have been quite incomprehensible in my country.' Well, that is really our civilization. That little story gives you the whole of our civilization. That chivalry is quite apparent in the private soldier and in the officer. It is apparent through the whole of English society, and I feel that so long as that spirit remains among us we can hold our heads high among the nations of the earth."

In striking contrast to this is a dramatic incident told by a sergeant of some recent fighting which brings out strongly the difference between the Briton and the German:

"I was lying wounded in a shallow trench, when I saw a German approach an English lad who was lying on the parapet, badly hit on the leg. He was unable to move, but the German deliberately bayoneted him through the body as he lay—a dastardly act. At that moment I noticed our young sergeant-major, who was standing some yards away from the two. I shall never forget his expression; he was convulsed with horror and loathing. He did not attempt to shoot or stab the enemy, but in a burst of ungovernable rage disdainfully dropped his rifle and leapt at the Hun—sprang at him like a bulldog. Before the foe had time to realize what had happened, the young Englishman had him by the throat and literally choked the life out of him and then flung the body away. In my mind's eye even now I can see the dead German lying beside his poor victim, and in all my twenty months at the front never did I witness an incident so terrible, so dramatic, and yet so splendid."

against these losses regardless of the weather conditions. The undersized, shriveled, irregular, and cracked beans do not germinate well and their removal will help to secure a uniform stand. No chances should be taken with the 1918 crop. Only the very best seed available should be used.

Test Germination.

Germination tests should be made to determine what percentage of the seed will grow. Follow the method commonly employed for testing the germination of corn. The seeds may be laid between moist blotters or folds of cloth placed in a shallow dish, covered with a plate and kept in a warm room; or they may be planted in sand or soil.

If the germination is poor, the fact must be taken into account when deciding upon the rate of planting, in order to insure a good stand. It is very important that seed be tested this year, since early frosts in the fall of 1917 prevented the crop from maturing properly in some of the principal bean-growing sections of the country. A failure to do so may result in a poor stand and much reduced yield.

FIELD PEA AS FORAGE CROP

Well Adapted to Northern Portion of United States for Spring and Summer Growth.

One of the first crops to be planted in the spring—and in some cases one of the best—is the field pea known in some localities as the Canadian field pea. It deserves even wider use than has been given it according to a recent publication, Farmers' Bulletin 690, entitled "The Field Pea as a Forage Crop," published by the U. S. department of agriculture.

Since the field pea requires a cool temperature during its growth, it is well adapted for spring and summer growth in the northern portion of the United States and in the comparatively high altitudes of the Rocky Mountain region, and for winter growth in the lower South. It is useful on the farm as a rotation crop for hay, grain, silage or green manure, and the peas may be used in the green state as a vegetable like garden peas.

FARMERS ARE SOIL ROBBERS

Those Who Formerly Raised Cattle, Sheep and Hogs Are Now Selling Off Grain Crops.

Thousands of farmers in our richest agricultural regions who were at one time growers of good cattle, sheep and hogs are becoming soil robbers. The high price of grain is tempting them to sell instead of feed out the crops.

GET STRAW BACK ON FIELDS

It Contributes Largely to Formation of Humus, Necessary for Continuous Crops.

Be sure and get all the straw back on the farm either in the form of manure or spread out over the fields with a straw spreader. It makes humus and that is what the farmer is after if he is to continue harvesting crops.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Our

Has
that
in bl
class

W

NEW COAT OF MAIL

Entire Tunics of Tarnished Silver,
Dropped From Neck to Knees.

Warrior-Like Corsage Is Embroidered
With Pearls, Brilliants and Flashes
of Steel—Jewel Headress.

Not only Cheruit, but many other French dressmakers, have lent their aid to making a pronounced fashion out of silver tissue. Two years ago, serves a prominent writer, we grew excessively weary of evening gowns made of superimposed pieces of tulle on a metallic foundation, and when the thought of silver and gold tissue presents itself as a fashion, we turn away from it in a petulant manner.

But wait! This revival of a coat of mail for women, the warrior's uniform of ancient days which no modern fight would touch, is another and a more pleasing thing than the evening gown of metallic cloth.

Entire tunics, in the twelfth century fashion, are made of tarnished silver dropped from neck to knees, or longer, over skirts of blood red or midnight blue satin or velvet. Except for the costliness of the material, the tunics have all the simplicity of primitive dressing. Their introduction into the early spring fashions has brought out a quantity of silver used in every way.

Mme. Simone of the Theater Antoine in Paris, is wearing, I hear, a wonderful gown which is being copied in this country. It is of silver cloth lined with red, hanging in panels on a ground over a slim, tight skirt that clings to the figure as she walks. The warrior-like corsage is embroidered with pearls, brilliants and flashes of steel. To it she adds a warrior's headress made of the same jewels as the corsage and mounted on silver with.

Wherever silver can be flicked in and out of a frock to enliven it, the designer loses no chance of trying out ingenuity through this channel. When she abandons the Russian blouse of gold and bronze metallic cloth, which drops over a skirt of bronze tulle, she takes the same material and

uses it in bands, cuffs and high, wrinkled collars that enclose the chin like a fence.

It is a strange idea, this bringing out of a new coat of mail for women as the spring approaches. Is it a recognition of their first victory toward suffrage and the fact that they may be counted as warriors today in civic, national and war work?

The Taking of Jerusalem.

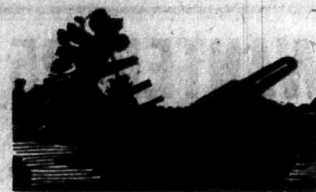
For the world the fall of Jerusalem was an event of great sentimental importance, even though it was practically without military meaning. The rescue of the city from Moslem hands was celebrated alike by Jew and Christian, and for the Jews it was accepted as the guarantee of the erection of a Jewish state under British protection, which would renew the great Hebrew tradition.

On the military side the British success was important only as the campaign is designed to draw away from the Turkish army who were preparing for a thrust at Bagdad, certain divisions and squadrons for the defence of the Holy Land and Syria. Under the command of Falkenhayn, a Turkish army has been preparing for months to retake Bagdad. A threat to Syria and an immediate menace to the Mecca railroad might conceivably lead the Turk to insist upon detaching troops from the Bagdad army for use against Allenby in defending their threatened dominions.

At all events the British are compelled to keep troops in the Near East to defend Egypt, and a defence of Egypt would be as easy in Palestine as at the bank of the Suez Canal, while the moral effect of depriving the Turk of Jerusalem, as he has already been deprived of Bagdad by the British and of Mecca by the Arabs, must be considerable. It would be a mistake to regard the Bagdad or Jerusalem operations as anything but "side shows." One is designed to protect Egypt, the other India. Both have seized Turkish lands which may never return to the Sultan, and the result of both campaigns may be the liberation of all the Arab world from the Osmanli yoke. Syria may become a French protectorate, Palestine and Mesopotamia British protectorates, but these are considerations for the future. For the present they are but details in a world war, new evidences of the fashion in which Britain is reviewing her traditions of other centuries.—American Review of Reviews.



This is just the suit for the girl who is going gunning for beaux, for it is well equipped with holster pockets. Of course she won't need a gun. The whole effect of this tasty costume is one of readiness for sport. It is fashioned of durable jade dress corduroy that will stand up under the severest usages. A collar faced with French blue satin and Norfolk straps on the jacket complete the costume.



Red-blooded men of courage are on the firing line—and there are many anemic, weak, discouraged men and women left at home.

At this time of the year most people suffer from a condition often called Spring Fever. They feel tired, worn out, before the day is half thru. They may have frequent headaches and sometimes "pimply" or pale skin.

Bloodless people, thin, anemic people, those with pale cheeks and lips, who have a poor appetite and feel that tired, worn or feverish condition in the springtime of the year, should try the refreshing tonic powers of a good alternative and blood purifier. Such a one is extracted from Blood root, Golden Seal and Stone root, Queen's root and Oregon Grape root, made up with chemically pure glycerine and without the use of alcohol. This can be obtained in ready-to-use tablet form in fifty-cent vials, as druggists have sold it for fifty years as Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a standard remedy that can be obtained in tablet or liquid form.

WINDSOR, ONT.—"Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and his 'Pleasant Pellets' are wonderful medicines for home use. I used to suffer with weak lungs, smothering spells and sick-headaches, but since I have taken the above mentioned medicines these conditions have left me. "Such medicines as Dr. Pierce's are worthy of praise and I am very glad to add my testimonial to the thousands of others."—MRS. ELLEN HARDING, 11 Erie Street, West.

SPREAD MANURE ON FIELDS

Best and Most Economical Way to Handle Fertilizer—No Loss Where Soil Doesn't Wash.

The best and most economical way to handle manure is to draw the manure out to the fields as fast as made, and spread it. If the ground is not liable to wash badly and is not of a leachy character, there will be no loss of fertility.

Counter Check Books

We have the BEST LINE of
Counter Check Books made
in Canada.

Counter Check Books

**We have the BEST LINE of
Counter Check Books made
in Canada.**

**Any Size
Shape
or Style**

Call and see samples, or 'phone 134

Our Commercial Printing

**Has a QUALITY and STYLE
that will please you. Printed
in black or colors, on high
class stock.**

**Wedding Invitations
Calling Cards
Invites**

THE EXPRESS PRINTING HOUSE

John Street, Napanee.



WANTED--25,000 Musk Rats**Highest Prices
GUARANTEED.**

Send them Express or Mail, any quantity. We will remit CASH by return mail in full; or on receipt of your shipment we will mail you an offer for your consideration.

Our Reliable Reputation at your Service.

Phone 797.

Joseph T. Delaney Belleville, Ont.

16-h

**Every Satisfied
Customer**

Has brought another to our OPTICAL DEPARTMENT. It has always been our aim to satisfy by doing the best work we possibly can.

If you need glasses the best is what you want, and by having your eyes tested by H. E. SMITH, the true condition of your eyesight will be revealed.

**Our Prices are
Reasonable for the
Quality of our
Spectacles.**

Smith's Jewelry Store

Established 1868.

**Buy your
Royal Purple
Calf Meal**

—from—

FRANK H. PERRY.Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.**NOTICE.**

For first-class Watch Repairing, at reasonable prices, go to MEL. TAYLOR'S Jewellery Store. 30 years' experience repairing watches in Napanee, formerly of Smith Bros. Also a stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Cut Glass always on hand. Next door to Henry's Bookstore.

Get a tin of Jonteel Talcum, the newest and daintiest odor of all. Sold in Napanee only at WALLACE'S Drug Store Limited.

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor.

10.00—Quarterly Meeting.

11.45—Sunday School.

7.00—Regular service.

Monday, 8.00—League meeting. "The Excelsiors" in charge.

Tuesday, 8.00—Quarterly Official Board meets.

Wednesday, 8.00—Prayer and Praise.

Thursday, 7.30—C.G.I.T. Groups meet.

Friday, 8.00—Choir practice.

Mrs. Gould has sold her house on West St. to Mr. V. K. Koubler.

Mrs. C. McCormick, dressmaker for a number of years in New York City, has resumed business as usual on Robert street. 22-cp

The "U.E. Loyalist" Chapter, I.O. D.E., and Committee intend putting on an excellent dramatic production on the 11th and 12th June. It will be worth while.

Mrs. Chas Grass, who has been acting somewhat erratically during the past few days, was taken to Rockwood hospital by Chief Barrett on Tuesday. Her baby was taken charge of by the Children's Aid Society.

Elias M. Smith, a well known and highly respected Ernestown farmer, committed suicide on Wednesday afternoon by shooting himself in the breast with a revolver. Mr. Smith had been in ill health for two years.

Jas. Gordon, the colporteur, has moved into his last winter's stand, in Davis & Coates' tin shop, in the Campbell House building. He will have his usual supply of Xmas and other literature. Call and see him. 52-tf

The members of the Napanee Fire Brigade would like to procure from twenty to twenty-five bags of good seed potatoes. Parties having same for sale may notify Mr. Fred J. Vanzalstine at the Express Printing Office, Napanee. Both early and late seed wanted.

Word was received last week of the death in California on April 10th of William Hunt a former well-known resident of Napanee. Deceased was born here, and lived for a number of years, afterwards removing with his family to California. He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Hunt, former residents of Fredericksburgh Station.

Mr. and Mrs. James McTaggart, Fairview, were at home to a number of their friends on Friday evening, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Sam McNeil who leave in a few days for their new home in Toronto. During the evening Mr. and Mrs. McTaggart presented them with a sterling silver toilet set, and Mrs. Schuyler Loucks presented them with one dozen silver teaspoons, after which the crowd dispersed wishing Mr. and Mrs. McNeil every success in their new undertakings.

Notice.

Made for You**PERSONALLY**

is what you get in a

WALTERS**Custom Tailored
SUIT****JAMES WALTERS,**

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST. ANDREWS' CHURCH

(PRESBYTERIAN.)

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. Pastor.

10.30 a.m.—Oddfellows anniversary service. Both local lodges will tend. Special music.

11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.

7.00—Evening service.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M.A., Vice Services at St. Mary Magdalene Church:

10.30—Holy Communion.

12.00—Sunday School.

7.00—Evening Prayer.

"Rogation Sunday"—special prayer for this year's harvest.

THURSDAY, MAY 9th

Ascension Day

8.30 a.m.—Children's service.

10.30 a.m.—Holy Communion.

GROCERIES.

Special for Saturday—Fresh Strawberries, Celery, Lettuce, a few Valencia Oranges, and California Lemons. A good Coffee at 40c.

G. W. BOYES.

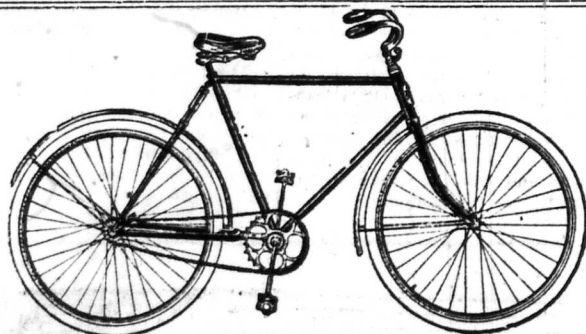
Phone 236.

War Measures Discussed.

At a largely attended meeting some one hundred and fifty farmers South Fredericksburgh and Adolph town townships, called under the auspices of the local Co-operative Farmers' Association it was decided to urge upon the Government the disastrous effects upon production of the latest military service order. It was pointed out that the men who were being taken were in reality in many cases trained farm managers and not replaceable. The application of the Order would mean the practical abandonment of many farms. In loyal and sincere spirit the meeting passed a resolution strongly urging the retention of the men on the land as a war measure, and appointed delegates to present this opinion in Ottawa.

Grand Patriotic Concert.

In aid of overseas Y.M.C.A. etc.

**RIDE A BICYCLE !****AND IMPROVE YOUR HEALTH**

We have a large and varied stock of

**Cleveland and Massey-Harris
Bicycles****AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES**

A full supply of Bicycle Fittings, Parts and Tires.

We make Repairs Promptly and Guarantee our Work

Bicycles

AT LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES

A full supply of Bicycle Fittings, Parts and Tires.

We make Repairs Promptly and Guarantee our Work

A few good Second-hand Bicycles will be sold cheap.

THE PIONEER GARAGE
W. J. NORMILE.

PICTURE FRAMING

Bring that Picture or Group Photo that you have been wanting framed to

THE COOKE STUDIO

Next to Napanee Post Office.

We have a full line of Picture Framing Goods.

CREAM-We Want Yours

We are the Largest Manufacturers of Creamery Butter in Eastern Ontario.

WE PAY EXPRESS. WE FURNISH CANS. PROFITABLE PRICES PROMPTLY PAID.

Write us

Belleville Creamery Limited,

118 Front Street.

Belleville, Ontario.

15th

FARM BUILDINGS

are one of the clearest signs of the prosperity prevailing in any agricultural district.

A close observer driving along a country road and watching Buildings, Fences and the state of cultivation, can read the owner's character better than a fortune-teller. An old building like an old coat can be patched, and the old proverb, "A stitch in time" applies to buildings as well as clothes.

YOUR PROSPERITY

depends on ALL YOUR BUILDINGS being kept in the best possible state of repair so that all their contents will be preserved in first-class condition. A leaky roof, a rotten floor, and a cold pig pen or poultry house is a direct aid to the Kaiser.

No matter what your needs in connection with old or new buildings, or building material, I can help you to solve them.

I can let you have plans, specifications, bills of materials and Estimates of cost for Alterations or New Buildings. Call, phone or write.

I will buy dry oak or maple in any thickness.

W. D. MIDMER,

Lumber and Building Supplies.

Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.

'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.

Successors to Dafoe & Waller.

45th

of their friends on Friday evening, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Sam McNeill who leave in a few days for their new home in Toronto. During the evening Mr. and Mrs. McTaggart presented them with a sterling silver toilet set, and Mrs. Schuyler Loucks presented them with one dozen silver teaspoons, after which the crowd dispersed wishing Mr. and Mrs. McNeill every success in their new undertakings.

Notice.

For nice cured Hams go to Kelly's.

MUSIC.

Patriotic Songs, Sheet Music. Come in and see them.

M. PIZZARIELLO, Market Square.

MUST SHOW NUMBER.

The license number from the Canada Food Board must appear on every letterhead, contract, acceptance of order, invoice, price list quotation issued, and advertisements.

Hogs and Calves Wanted

Will ship on Thursday, May 9th, and will pay the highest market price for select hogs and good veal calves.

JOHN WILLIAMS.

Wanted Hogs and Calves.

Will ship Monday, May 6th, and will pay \$19.50 for Hogs and \$17.00 for sows. Calves from Sc. to 13c. lb. Bring in your hogs and calves. Fat cattle and milch cows wanted.

Telephone 226. FRED WILSON.

Hogs and Cattle Wanted

Will ship on Saturday, May 4th, 1918. Will pay \$19.50 for select hogs weighing 150 lbs. or over, and the raise, if any. 7c. to 11c. for calves.

J. W. HAMBLBY.

G. H. WILLIAMS.

Car of Feed Corn.

Will unload a car of extra good feed corn in a few days. Will members send in their requirements at once to H. R. Paul, Roblin. Public meeting Friday evening, May 3rd.

ROBLINDALE FARMERS.

AUTOMOBILE TIRES.

Buy your new tires now before the prices advance. We have the largest and best assorted stock of tires and tubes ever shown in Napanee. We can sell you non skid comes from \$16.00 up. All sorts of automobile supplies at the PIONEER GARAGE. Call and see the new coil oil Carburetter, 35 miles to the gallon of coil oil.

21-st

W. J. NORMILE.

HOARDING SUGAR.

After May 15th no person excepting a dealer or manufacturer may have more than enough sugar to last them for more than 15 days, or if living from two to five miles from a dealer enough for 30 days, or if five to ten miles from a dealer enough to last 120 days. Fines from \$100 to \$1000 are provided for infringement of the regulations. Persons having more than the above supply are required to return the surplus to the dealer from whom they purchased it.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

In view of the fact that all lines of material have been steadily advancing in price thus necessitating higher charges in all lines of installation work, it has been decided that in order that we may make our charges as low as possible all installation work and sales in the future will be strictly cash. We sincerely trust that this will not seriously inconvenience our patrons, and hope that we may receive your hearty co-operation.

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER

COMMISSION OF ONTARIO.

pointed out that the men who were being taken were in reality in many cases trained farm managers and irreplaceable. The application of Order would mean the practical abandonment of many farms. In loyal and sincere spirit the meeting passed a resolution strongly urging the retention of the men on the land as a war measure, and appointed delegates to present this opinion Ottawa.

Grand Patriotic Concert.

In aid of overseas Y.M.C.A., given by Pipe Major and Mrs. Johnston, assisted by local talent, on May 9th, the Armories, at 8 p.m.

Opening selection.....Napanee B.B. Bag-pipe selection.....Major John Highland Fling.....Hilda D. Recitation (selected).....Mrs. Pow Juvenile sword dance.....Kitty Johnst Selection.....Napanee B.B. Irish Jig (in costume).....Mrs. Johnst Bag-pipe selection.....Major Johnst Sword dance.....Alex MacGreg

INTERMISSION.

Selection.....Napanee B.B. Floral operetta.....By girls of the juvenile dancing class, under direction of Mrs. Powell and Mrs. Johnston.

CASTE OF CHARACTERS.

Papa Jacques Rose—Major of Ro

Arbor

Mamma Jacques Rose—His Wife

Pink Rose }—Their Daughters

White Rose }

Floral—Queen of Flowerdom

Mlle Cricket—A Prima Donna

Miss Moss Rose—A Spinster

Miss Lilac }

Miss Lily }—Buds of Rose Ar

Miss Blue Bell }

Miss Carnation }—Blossoms

Miss Chrysanthemum } Rose Arbo

Mr. Sufflower—A Gay Bachelor

Mr. Pansy—A Master of ceremony

Exhibition of the latest New Yo

dances, The Chinese Toddle, Taps a

Tickle-Toes.

Selection—Napanee Band

God Save the King.

Admission 25c. Adults, 15c. Childr

under 12 years.

NURSING SISTER PASSED AWAY

Once again the home of the Rev. Canon R. S. Forneri has been called upon to mourn the loss of a member of the family since the war began. This morning the venerable clergyman received the sad news that his daughter, Agnes Florian Forneri, nursing sister had died on Wednesday of last week. A few days ago it was announced that she was dangerously ill. This morning's message reads:

Ottawa, April 25th, 1918

Rev. R. S. Forneri,

114 Bridge Street,

Belleville, Ontario.

Deeply regret to inform you Nursing Sister Agnes Florian Forneri, Medical Services, officially reported died at Military Hospital, Bramshott, April 24th, 1918. Hemorrhage stomach.

Director of Records.

The late Nursing Sister Forneri was born in Adolphustown but lived most of her life in Kingston, where her father, Canon Forneri, was rector of St. Luke's Church until his retirement and removal to Belleville. When the war broke out, her brother, Aylw Forneri, of the Merchants' Bank, Montreal, enlisted and after months service during which he won his commission, he was reported missing and later was presumed dead. Miss Agnes Forneri took a course in nursing at Ottawa in order to go overseas and be near her brother in case he should be wounded, but before she was able to go, he was reported missing. She did noble service overseas and her death is perhaps due to overwork.

Valspar, the Varnish that stands the boiling water test (see adv. in Ladie Home Journal) for sale at WALLACE'S, agents for Napanee.

Made for You
PERSONALLY
 is what you get in a
WALTERS
Custom Tailored
SUIT
JAMES WALTERS,
 Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

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G. W. BOYES.
 Phone 236.

Measures Discussed.
 At a largely attended meeting of
 me one hundred and fifty farmers of
 outh Fredericksburgh and Adolphus-
 wn townships, called under the
 spices of the local Co-operative
 urners' Association it was decided
 urge upon the Government the dis-
 trous effects upon production of the
 test military service order. It was
 inted out that the men who were
 ing taken were in reality in most
 ses trained farm managers and non
 placeable. The application of the
 der would mean the practical
 andonment of many farms. In a
 val and sincere spirit the meeting
 ssed a resolution strongly urging
 e retention of the men on the land
 a war measure, and appointed four
 legates to present this opinion in
 tawa.

and Patriotic Concert.
 In aid of overseas V. M. C. A. given

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
 Rev. C. W. DeMille, Minister.
 9.45—Fellowship service in School
 Room.
 10.30—Morning worship and com-
 munion.
 11.45—Sunday School.
 3.00—Mission Band.
 6.00—Evening worship.
 (Please note the hour.)
 Wednesday, 8.00—Prayer service.
 Thursday, 3 p.m.—W. M. S.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Gould is spending a few weeks
 with her niece Mrs. Jas. Gordon.
 Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Davy have moved
 to the house on Bridge street west
 recently vacated by Dr. Fisher.

Mrs. F. H. Carson left on Tuesday
 for Toronto where she has secured a
 position in the Merchants' Bank.

Mn. and Mrs. F. Jas. Röblin are
 moving from Mrs. Gibson's house to
 the Presbyterian Manse.

Miss Bertha Shellington and Miss
 Grace Asselstine, Odessa, are among
 the nurses graduating from the
 Kingston General Hospital and will
 receive their diplomas on May 10th.

Miss Hester Gibbard leaves this
 week for a two months' trip to
 Edmonton, Alta.

Mr. Limbert Graham left Wednes-
 day to spend a couple of months
 at Calgary, Alta.

Mrs. Strong leaves next week for
 Maniton, Man., where she will reside
 with her brother.

Mrs. Jas. Foster has returned to
 Napanee after spending several weeks
 in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Burns and son, Roy,
 Picton, spent Sunday with Mr. and
 Mrs. Orval Ward.

Miss Irma Solmes spent Sunday in
 Belleville.

Mr. Morris Trottier, Lansdowne, is
 spending a few days with friends in
 Napanee.

Pte. P. J. Queen, Leaside, spent
 Saturday with Miss Mollie Frink.

Mrs. Melville Taylor is home from
 New York.

Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Caton, Mrs.
 Cowling, Mrs. Freeman and Mr. Geo.
 Tustin motored to Kingston on
 Tuesday.

Will the gentleman who dropped a
 glove in our office on Wednesday
 kindly bring us the other glove or
 call and get the one we have here.

On Saturday afternoon last Oscar
 Babcock, Odessa, broke his arm while
 cranking his car.

Miss Maysie Madole was successful
 in passing her examinations at
 Queen's University and also won the
 Mac Lennan Scholarship in Greek.

Miss Salona Hartman left on Mon-
 day last for New York City where
 she is entering the Hahnemann Hos-
 pital as Nurse-in-training.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Kilpatrick, of
 Kingston, spent Monday in town, al-
 so Mrs. C. Gould and her niece, Mrs.
 Jas. Grille, of Belleville, removing
 the remains of the late Mrs. J. H.
 Kilpatrick to the Deseronto Cemetery.

W. J. Shannon, of Napanee, D.D.G.
 M. of the 14th Masonic District paid
 an official visit to Lorne Lodge, Tam-
 worth, last Friday night. A number
 of brethren were present from King-
 ston, Napanee, Centreville and Har-
 rowsmith.
 Miss Caroline McConnachie return-

**Good Judgment and
 Forethought Used**
**Travellers show preference for
 Scenic Route; Busy Men
 use Night Trains**
 Nowadays, forethought, and a lively
 sense of public appreciation play an
 important part in the construction
 of a railroad. The Canadian Nor-
 thern made a happy choice in the
 selection of its route between Toron-
 to and Ottawa: skirting the shore-
 line of Lake Ontario and the Bay of
 Quinte; over the height of land be-
 tween Napanee and Sydenham; and
 through Rideau Lakes region, adds
 zest to the daytime journey in
 Spring or Summer. Comfortable
 day and night trains, stopping at
 principal intermediate stations, have
 made the route very popular.
 For information, literature, tickets,
 and reservations, apply to nearest
 C.N.R. Ticket Agent, or write General
 Passenger Department, 68 King Street
 East, Toronto.
CANADIAN NORTHERN

**Special 10 Day Sale
 of Boots and Shoes**

—at—
Weiss Bros'.

To make room for Spring Goods.

**We will give a Discount of
 10 Per Cent. off all
 Goods.**

**Sale starts
 Saturday, April 27th
 WEISS BROS.**

Make a specialty of Rubbers
 Largest Shoe Dealers
 NAPANEE and TRENTON.

East End Barber Shop.
 Everything neat; first class work-
 men; cigars and tobacco. Give me a
 call.
J. N. OSBORNE.

Car for Hire.
 Day or night.
 Reasonable rates.
J. A. VINE,
 Bridge Street.
 Or Strand Theatre.
 21-2-m

Notice to Auto Owners
 We have opened up a service station
 for storage batteries and are prepared
 to repair all makes of batteries. Satis-
 faction guaranteed and prices reason-
 able. Get your batteries repaired in
 town and save express charges.
 Special prices to dealers.
C. A. WISEMAN,
 Napanee.

Music.
 If you are thinking of buying a
 Piano, Organ, Talking Machine (Vic-
 tor or Edison), or Sewing Machine,
 see us before you buy. We trade for
 anything. Terms to suit purchaser.
 Hundreds of references. Long winter
 evenings is the time to enjoy a Talk-

**YOU CAN TELL
 BY ITS LOOKS**
 that our meat is of choice quality.
 The little streaks of fat running
 through it proves that it came from
 expertly fed cattle. The better judge
 you are of meat, the more you'll ap-
 preciate the importance of these fat
 streaks. But no matter how experi-
 enced you may be you'll not fail to
 appreciate its fine quality when it
 appears on your table.

NORMILE GROCERY CO'Y.
 Successors to The Beverly Mc-
 Donald Co.

**Save the
 DEPRECIATION
 on the FARM
 MACHINERY**
**A COAT OF PAINT
 WILL DO IT**
**McARTHUR, IRWIN,
 LIMITED**
 PAINT MAKERS SINCE 1842

**FOR SALE BY
 R. J. WALES
 NAPANEE**

**The Candy
 Store**
**Our Homemade
 Candy continues
 to please our
 patrons.**
 If you have not tried it call and
 get some on your way home.
 Your wife and family will ap-
 preciate it.
CHOCOLATES
of all sorts and prices

that the men who were being taken were in reality in most cases trained farm managers and non placeable. The application of the der would mean the practical abandonment of many farms. In a real and sincere spirit the meeting passed a resolution strongly urging a retention of the men on the land as a war measure, and appointed four delegates to present this opinion in town.

and Patriotic Concert.

In aid of overseas Y.M.C.A., given by Pipe Major and Mrs. Johnston, assisted by local talent, on May 9th, in the Armories, at 8 p.m. Evening selection.....Napanee Band g-pipe selection.....Major Johnston g-hland Fling.....Hilda Daly citation (selected).....Mrs. Powell venile sword dance.....Kitty Johnston ection.....Napanee Band sh Jig (in costume).....Mrs. Johnston g-pipe selection.....Major Johnston ord dance.....Alex MacGregor

INTERMISSION.

ection.....Napanee Band oral operetta.....By girls of the Ju-ile dancing class, under direction Mrs. Powell and Mrs. Johnston.

CASTE OF CHARACTERS.

pa Jacques Rose—Major of Rose Arbor
mma Jacques Rose—His Wife
k Rose }—Their Daughters
ite Rose }
ral—Queen of Flowerdom
le Cricket—A Prima Donna
ss Moss Rose—A Spinister
ss Lilac }—Buds of Rose Arbor
ss Lily }
ss Blue Bell }
ss Carnation }—Blossoms of
ss Chrysanthemum } Rose Arbor
ss Suflower—A Gay Bachelor
ss Pansy—A Master of ceremonies
ss Exhibition of the latest New York
ices, The Chinese Toddle, Taps and
kle-Toes.
ection—Napanee Band
God Save the King.
mission 25c. Adults, 15c. Children
der 12 years.

RSING SISTER PASSED AWAY.

nce again the home of the Rev-
on R. S. Forneri has been called
n to mourn the loss of a member
the family since the war began.
s morning the venerable clergyman
ived the sad news that his daugh-
Agnes Florian Forneri, nursing
er had died on Wednesday of last
k. A few days ago it was an-
nounced that she was dangerously
This morning's message reads:

Ottawa, April 25th, 1918.

R. S. Forneri,
14 Bridge Street,
Belleville, Ontario.

eply, regret to inform you Nursing
er Agnes Florian Forneri, Medical
ices, officially reported died at
ary Hospital, Bramshott, April
, 1918. Hemorrhage stomach.

Director of Records.

e late Nursing Sister Forneri was
in Adolphustown but lived most
her life in Kingston, where her
r, Canon Forneri, was rector of
Luke's Church until his retirement
removal to Belleville. When the
broke out, her brother, Aylwin
eri, of the Merchants' Bank, Mon-
e, enlisted and after months of
ce during which he won his com-
ion, he was reported missing and
was presumed dead. Miss Agnes
eri took a course in nursing at
wa in order to go overseas and
ear her brother in case he should
ounded, but before she was able
o, he was reported missing. She
noble service overseas and her
a is perhaps due to overwork.

sparr, the Varnish that stands the
ag water test (see adv. in Ladies'
e Journal) for sale at WAL-
E'S, agents for Napanee.

and Mrs. F. A. Kilpatrick, of
Kingston, spent Monday in town, al-
so Mrs. C. Gould and her niece, Mrs.
Jas. Grills, of Belleville,, removing
the remains of the late Mrs. J. H.
Kilpatrick to the Deseronto Cemetery.
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M. of the 14th Masonic District paid
an official visit to Lorne Lodge, Tam-
worth, last Friday night. A number
of brethren were present from King-
ston, Napanee, Centreville and Har-
rowsmith.

Miss Caroline McConnachie return-
ed home on Tuesday from Kingston
General Hospital where she under-
went an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Root have moved
to Mr. Purdy's house on Adelphi St.

Master Morris Wolfe left on Mon-
day for Cornwall to drive a truck for
the Daly Tea Co.

Mrs. Stephen Gibson is spending a
week in Napanee.

Mrs. J. L. Madill is visiting her son,
Clarence, in Montreal.

Mrs. Chas. Stevens is spending a
few days in Kingston.

Mrs. D. W. Spencer spent last week
visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. Spencer,
Deseronto.

Mrs. Mitchell, Deseronto, spent last
week the guest of Mrs. Ezra Pringle.

Mr. and Mrs. O. R. Laidley, Belle-
ville, received word on Thursday that
Percy U. Laidley had again been
wounded on April 16th, gunshot
wound in left leg.

Mrs. Alex Smith, Bridge street, at-
tains her ninety-second birthday to-
day. She was born at Barbadoes,
British West Indies, where she met
and married her future husband,
Capt. Alex Smith, who was stationed
there with his regiment the 72nd
Highlanders. Captain Smith resigned
his commission and he and his wife
came to Canada. Mr. Smith was the
first manager of the Merchants' Bank
in Napanee.

BIRTHS.

BALLANCE—At Richmond, on Thurs-
day, April 18th, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs.
Frank Ballance, (nee Florence Sex-
smith), a son.

SMITH—At Bassano, Alberta, on
Thursday, April 25th, 1918, to Mr. and
Mrs. Roy Smith, a son.

MARRIAGES.

KERR—ASSELSTINE—At the resi-
dence of the bride's parents, West
St., Napanee, on May 1st, by Rev. W.
P. Rogers, Ernest V. Kerr, of Selby,
to Ephie F. Asselstine, of Napanee.

RICHARDS—GODKIN—On Tuesday,
April 30th, 1918, at Trinity Parsonage,
Napanee, by Rev. C. W. Demille,
Violet Gertrude Godkin to Lewis
Leroy Richards.

STORRING—WALLACE—On Tuesday,
Apr. 30th, 1918, at Trinity Parsonage,
Napanee, by Rev. C. W. Demille,
Lena Wallace, of Crosby, to Edward
Storring, of Sydenham.

DEATHS

KIMMETT—At Marlbank, on Satur-
day, April 27th, 1918, William M.
Kimmitt, aged 35 years, 6 months.

MCALLISTER—At Toronto, on Sun-
day, April 28th, 1918, John McAllister,
formerly of Richmond.

SMITH—At Ernestown, on Wednes-
day, May 1st, 1918, Elias Martin
Smith, aged 66 years, 11 months.

Garden Seeds at WALLACE'S.

Black Leg Vaccine always fresh and
reliable at WALLACE'S Drug Store.,
P.S.—Get the new injector that never
loses a pill.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

See your batteries repaired in
town and save express charges.
Special prices to dealers.

C. A. WISEMAN,
Napanee.

Music.

If you are thinking of buying a
Piano, Organ, Talking Machine (Vic-
tor or Edison), or Sewing Machine,
see us before you buy. We trade for
anything. Terms to suit purchaser.
Hundreds of references. Long winter
evenings is the time to enjoy a Talk-
ing Machine. Come and see them.
Hundreds of records.

VANLUVEN BROS.
Napanee and Moscow.

Muresco and Alabestine for sale at
WALLACE'S, the leading drug store.

There is only one place in Napanee
where you can get any and all kinds
of pennants, and that is at M. PLI-
ZARELLO'S, on the Market Square.

Candy continues
to please our
patrons.

If you have not tried it call and
get some on your way home.
Your wife and family will ap-
preciate it.

CHOCOLATES
of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS

'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

Send your developing and printing to
WALLACE'S Drug Store—satisfac-
tion guaranteed.

THE STRAND THEATRE

M. MAKER, Proprietor.

Friday and Saturday, May 3rd and 4th

World Pictures present the well known, noted actress

Alice Brady in "THE MAID OF BELGIUM"



MABEL NORMAND
IN
"DODGING A MILLION"
GOLDWYN PICTURES

Monday and Tuesday, May 6th and 7th

Goldwyn presents

MABEL NORMAND

the Snuggly Girl in the drama of
thrills, mystery, laughter and love "DODGING A MILLION"

by Edger Selwyn and A. M. Kennedy. The romance of an heiress
who lived in luxury on nothing a year.

Wednesday and Thursday, May 8th and 9th.

13th Episode of

"VENGEANCE AND THE WOMAN"

also other good reels and comics.

Friday and Saturday, May 10th and 11th—Robert
Warwick in "ALL MAN."

Admission 6c. and 11c. Saturday Afternoon 6c.